Water Treatment Services Inc.

MSDS:

0015563

Print Date: 11/10/2010

Revision Date: 11/10/2010

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Name:

WTSWW-513AE

Synonyms:

Product Description:

Chemical Family:

Anionic polyacrylamide in water-in-oil emulsion

Anionic polyacrylamide

Molecular Formula:

Mixture

Intended/Recommended Use:

Water treating chemical

Water Treatment Services Inc. 1011 Augusta Circle, North Huntingdon, PA 15642, USA

EMERGENCY PHONE: For emergency involving spill, leak, fire, exposure or accident call CHEMTREC: 1-800/424-9300. Outside the USA and Canada call 1-703/527-3887.

® indicates trademark registered in the U.S. Outside the U.S., mark may be registered, pending or a trademark. Mark is or may be used under license.

2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

OSHA REGULATED COMPONENTS

Component / CAS No.

(w/w)

OSHA (PEL): ACGIH (TLV) Carcinogen

Petroleum distillate

20 - 35

(hud)

hydrotreated light

64742-47-8

mg/m3(Supplier)

500 ppm 1200

165 ppm

(Supplier)

3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

APPEARANCE AND ODOR:

Color:

colorless to light straw

Appearance:

Clear to slightly hazy liquid.

Odor:

petroleum distillate

STATEMENTS OF HAZARD:

WARNING!

CAUSES SKIN IRRITATION

MAY CAUSE EYE IRRITATION

POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS

EFFECTS OF EXPOSURE:

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Direct contact with this material can cause moderate skin and mild eye irritation. Refer to Section 11 for toxicology information on the regulated components of this product. Overexposure to vapor may cause respiratory tract irritation and central nervous system depression. The estimated acute oral (rat) LD50, acute dermal (rabbit) LD50 and 4-hour inhalation (rat) LC50 values for this material are >5,000 mg/kg, >2,000 mg/kg and >20 mg/L, respectively.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Ingestion:

Only induce vomiting at the instruction of a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If swallowed, call a physician immediately.

Skin Contact:

Do not reuse contaminated clothing without laundering. Wash immediately with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes without delay. Get medical attention if pain or irritation persists after washing or if signs and symptoms of overexposure appear.

Eye Contact:

Rinse immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes.

Inhalation:

Remove to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Obtain medical advice if there are persistent symptoms.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media:

Use water spray or fog, carbon dioxide or dry chemical.

Protective Equipment:

Wear full firefighting protective clothing. See MSDS Section 8 (Exposure Controls/Personal Protection). Firefighters, and others exposed, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Special Hazards:

Keep containers cool by spraying with water if exposed to fire.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions:

Where exposure level is not known, wear approved, positive pressure, self-contained respirator. Where exposure level is known, wear approved respirator suitable for level of exposure. In addition to the protective clothing/equipment in Section 8 (Exposure Controls/Personal Protection), wear impermeable boots.

Methods For Cleaning Up:

Spilled material should be absorbed onto an inert material and scooped up. Flush spill area with water. Product may cause a slip hazard. If slipperiness remains apply more dry-sweeping compound.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

LANDLING

Precautionary Measures: Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Special Handling Statements: None

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STORAGE

To avoid product degradation and equipment corrosion, do not use iron, copper or aluminum containers or equipment. Flashpoint determinations on materials of this type are required by certain regulations and scientific standards to be performed using a Pensky-Martens type closed cup test method. This method indicates a flash point greater than 93.3 C (200 F). Although there was no flashpoint detected below 93.3 C (200 F) by the Pensky-Martens Closed Tester method, some flammable vapors were evolved during the test as evidenced by the enlargement of the test flame; therefore, caution should be exercised during storage and handling.

Storage Temperature: Store at

<32 °C 90 OF

Reason: Integrity.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Engineering Measures:

Where this material is not used in a closed system, good enclosure and local exhaust ventilation should be provided to control exposure.

Respiratory Protection:

Where exposures are below the established exposure limit, no respiratory protection is required. Where exposures exceed the established exposure limit, use respiratory protection recommended for the material and level of exposure.

Eye Protection:

Evewash equipment and safety shower should be provided in areas of potential exposure. Wear eye/face protection such as chemical splash proof goggles or face shield.

Skin Protection:

Wear impermeable gloves and suitable protective clothing. Avoid skin contact.

Before eating, drinking, or smoking, wash face and hands thoroughly with soap and water. Food, beverages, and tobacco products should not be carried, stored, or consumed where this material is in use.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Color:

colorless to light straw

Appearance:

Clear to slightly hazy liquid.

Odor: Boiling Point: petroleum distillate

Similar to water

Melting Point:

Not available

Vapor Pressure:

Not available

Specific Gravity/Density:

1.03- 1.06

Vapor Density:

Similar to water

Percent Volatile (% by wt.):

56 -62

pH:

6- 8

Saturation In Air (% By Vol.):

Not available

Evaporation Rate:

Not available

Solubility In Water:

Limited by viscosity

215 OF

Volatile Organic Content:

^'22.9 % (g/g)

Flash Point:

>102 °C

Not available

Pensky-Martens Closed Cup

Flammable Limits (% By Vol): Autoignition Temperature:

Not available

Decomposition Temperature:

Not available Not available

artition coefficient (noctanol/water):

Odor Threshold:

Not available

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10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability:

Stable

Conditions To Avoid:

None known

Polymerization:

Will not occur

Conditions To Avoid:

None known

Materials To Avoid:

No specific incompatibility

Hazardous Decomposition

Ammonia (NH3)

Products:

Carbon dioxide

Carbon monoxide (CO)

oxides of nitrogen

oxides of sulfur (includes sulfur di and tri oxides)

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicological information for the product is found under Section 3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION. Toxicological information on the regulated components of this product is as follows:

Ethoxylated oleyl amine toxicological properties have not been fully investigated. It is reported to have an oral (rat) LD50 value of 1500 mg/kg. It is also reported to be severely irritating to eyes and moderately irritating to the skin.

Petroleum distillates, hydrotreated light (CAS# 64742-47-8) has acute oral (rat) and dermal (rabbit) LD50 values of >5 g/kg and >3.16 g/kg, respectively. Prolonged or repeated skin contact tends to remove skin oils, possibly leading to irritation and dermatitis. Direct contact may cause eye irritation. Overexposure to high vapor concentrations, >-700 ppm, are irritating to the eyes and respiratory tract and may cause headaches, dizziness, drowsiness, and other central nervous system effects, including death. Aspiration of minute amounts during ingestion or vomiting may cause mild to severe pulmonary injury and possibly death. In a 90-day oral gavage (rats) study at 100, 500, or 1000 mg/kg, no treatment-related mortalities were observed. There were no significant changes in body weights or food consumption in any dose groups. Increased liver weights were observed in male and female rats a 500 and 1000 mg/kg. Increased kidney weights were observed only in male rats at 500 and 1000 mg/kg. Testes weights were significantly elevated in male rats at 1000 mg/kg. Kidney effects, indicative of light hydrocarbon nephropathy, occured in male rat kidneys at all dose levels. Histological findings of hepatocellular hypertrophy were seeen in the livers of male rats at 1000 mg/kg and in female rats at 500 and 1000 mg/kg. All treatment-related effects were reversible within the 4-week recovery period. Observed kidney effects (including light hydrocarbon nephropathy and increased kidney weight) are a unique response by male rats to chronic hydrocarbon exposure, which th U.S. EPA has declared 'not relevant to humans'. High-dose liver effects (including hepatocellular hypertrophy, or enlarged liver cells) are a direct consequence of the sustained high-fat 'hydrocarbon diet'. The No Observed Adverse Effect Level (NOAEL) for this study was 1000 mg/kg.

Alcohols (C10-16), ethoxylated toxicological properties have not been fully investigated. Based on similar materials, the acute oral (rat) LD50 is estimated to range from 1600 2500 mg/kg and the acute dermal (rabbit) LD50 value is estimated to be >2000 mg/kg. Similar materials produced severe eye irritation and moderate skin irritation in studies with rabbits.

C12-14 alcohol ethoxylated toxicological properties have not been fully investigated. The oral LD50 (rat) of this mixture is expected to be consistent with the chemical family of ethoxylated alcohol surfactants, and range from 1.6 to 2.5 g/kg. The acute dermal (rabbit) LD50 value is estimated to be > 2.0 g/kg. One expected component of this mixture was severely irritating to rabbit eyes (undiluted, Draize score = 60). This mixture is expected to be moderately irritating to skin, based on data reported for C9-C1 1 6EO: (primary irritation index) P11 = 5.3/8.

Alcohols (C12-16), ethoxylated toxicological properties have not been fully investigated. Based on similar materials, the acute oral (rat) LD50 is estimated to range from 1600 2500 mg/kg and the acute dermal (rabbit) LD50 value is estimated to be >2000 mg/kg. Similar materials produced severe eye irritation and moderate skin irritation in studies with rabbits.

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11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

California Proposition 65 Warning (applicable in California only) - This product contains (a) chemical(s) known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

All ecological information provided was conducted on a structurally similar product.

This material is not classified as dangerous for the environment.

Acute toxicity tests conducted on the polymer using environmentally representative water gave the following results:

ALGAE TEST RESULTS

Test: Growth Inhibition (OECD 201)

Duration: 72 hr

Species: Green Algae (Selenastrum capricornutum)

>100 mg/I

IC50

FISH TEST RESULTS

Test: Acute toxicity, freshwater (OECD 203)

Duration: 96 hr.

Species: Zebra Fish (Brachydanio rerio)

> 100 mg/I

LC50

INVERTEBRATE TEST RESULTS

Test: Acute Immobilization (OECD 202)

Duration: 48 hr

Species: Water Flea (Daphnia magna)

>100 mg/I

EC50

DEGRADATION

Test: C02 Evolution: Modified Sturm (OECD 301 B)
The large polymer size
is incompatible with
transport across
biological membranes
and diffusion; the
bioconcentration factor is
therefore considered to
be zero. The
polymeric ingredient is
not readily
biodegradable.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

The information on RCRA waste classification and disposal methodology provided below applies only to the product, as supplied. If the material has been altered or contaminated, or it has exceeded its recommended shelf life, the guidance may be inapplicable. Hazardous waste classification under federal regulations (40 CFR Part 261 et seq) is dependent upon whether a material is a RCRA'listed hazardous waste'or has any of the four RCRA'hazardous waste characteristics.' Refer to 40 CFR Part 261.33 to determine if a given material to be disposed of is a RCRA 'listed hazardous waste'; information contained in Section 15 of this MSDS is not intended to indicate if the product is a 'listed hazardous waste. RCRA Hazardous Waste Characteristics: There are four characteristics defined in 40 CFR Section 261.21-61.24: Ignitability, Corrosivity, Reactivity, and Toxicity. To determine Ignitability, see Section 9 of this MSDS (flash point). For Corrosivity, see Sections 9 and 14 (pH and DOT corrosivity). For Reactivity, see Section 10 (incompatible materials). For Toxicity, see Section 2 (composition). Federal regulations are subject to change. State and local requirements, which may differ from or be more stringent than the federal regulations, may also apply to the classification of the material if it is to be disposed. WTS Inc. encourages the recycle, recovery and reuse of materials, where permitted, as an alternate to disposal as a waste. WTS Inc. recommends that organic materials classified as RCRA hazardous wastes be disposed of by thermal treatment or incineration at EPA approved facilities. WTS Inc. has provided the foregoing for information only; the person generating the waste is responsible for determining the waste classification and disposal method.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

This section provides basic shipping classification information. Refer to appropriate transportation regulations for specific requirements.

US DOT

Proper Shipping Name: Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s.

Hazard Class: 9
Packing Group: III
UN/ID Number: UN3082

Transport Label Required: Miscellaneous

Technical Name (N.O.S.): Contains ammonium acetate

Hazardous Substances:

Component / CAS No. Reportable Quantity of Product (Ibs)

Ammonium acetate 50000

Comments: Hazardous Substances/Reportable Quantities DOT requirements specific to

Hazardous Substances only apply if the quantity in one package equals or exceeds

the reportable quantity.

TRANSPORT CANADA

Proper Shipping Name: Not applicable/Not regulated

ICAO I IATA

Proper Shipping Name: Not applicable/Not regulated Packing Instructions/Maximum Net Quantity Per Package:

Passenger Aircraft: -Cargo Aircraft: -

IMO

Proper Shipping Name: Not applicable/Not regulated

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

INVENTORY INFORMATION

United States (USA): All components of this product are included on the TSCA Chemical Inventory or are not required to be listed on the TSCA Chemical Inventory.

Canada: All components of this product are included on the Domestic Substances List (DSL) or are not required to be listed on the DSL.

European Union (EU): All components of this product are included on the European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances (EINECS) or are not required to be listed on EINECS.

Australia: All components of this product are included in the Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS).

China: All components of this product are NOT included on the Chinese inventory. The Chinese State Environmental Protection Administration (SEPA) has granted a Polymer Exemption for the non-listed substance to WTS Inc. and the product can be imported into China ONLY under specific conditions.

Japan: All components of this product are NOT included on the Japanese (ENCS) inventory.

Korea: All components of this product are NOT included on the Korean (ECL) inventory.

Philippines: All components of this product are NOT included on the Philippine (PICCS) inventory.

OTHER ENVIRONMENTAL INFORMATION

The following components of this product may be subject to reporting requirements pursuant to Section 313 of CERCLA (40 CFR 372), Section 12(b) of TSCA, or may be subject to release reporting requirements (40 CFR 307, 40 CFR 311, etc.) See Section 13 for information on waste classification and waste disposal of this product.

Component! CAS No. TPQ (Ibs) RQ(Ibs) S313 TSCA 12B Ammonium acetate 2.0 10.0 None 5000 No 631-61-8

PRODUCT HAZARD CLASSIFICATION UNDER SECTION 311 OF SARA

Acute

16. OTHER INFORMATION

NFPA Hazard Rating (National Fire Protection Association)

Health: 2 - Materials that, under emergency conditions, can cause temporary incapacitation or residual injury.

Fire: 1 - Materials that must be preheated before ignition can occur.

Reactivity: 0 Materials that in themselves are normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions.

Reasons For Issue:

Revised Section 1

Revised Section 3

Revised Section 9

Richard Moye, Product Regulatory, 1-251-662-1581 11 11 012 01 0

No

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