Action #	Description	Performance Target(s)	Responsible	Geographic	Expected	Potential Implementation	Resources	<u>Available</u>	Resource	es <u>Needed</u>	
			Party(is) and Partnerships	Location	Timeline	Challenges or Recommendations	Technical	Financial	Technical	Financial	Annual Progress to Date (2021 to 2024)
Priority	Initiative 1: Count	y Programmatic Initiatives									(
1.1A	Implement County Comprehensive Plan policies and actions		boundary municipalities, Act 167 Explore the establishment of a land trust or		Ongoing	Educating municipalities, Updating local plans and ordinances, Growth areas not consistent with Census Urbanized Areas	Education, outreach	N/A		\$130,000 per year \$2,000 per acre of forest easement à \$4.6 M total	2024:The County is a third of the way into a revising the County's Comprehensive Plan. The CAP and other plans' are being considered for the goals of the revised Comprehensive plan for implementation. 2023: Due to multiple changes in MCPD leadership in 2023, this goal is on hold. Miffl County Planning has prioritized revising the County's comprehensive plan in 2024. 2022: No progress at this time. Aiming to begin investigation in 2023.
1.1B	Implement the Source Water Protection Plan	Assist municipalities with wellhead protection regulations, follow safe drinking water regulations Protecting Mifflin County's surface water and groundwater as a viable resource is critical to preserving water quality and healthy communities. Develop new source water protection plans where feasible.	Multi-township, DEP Safe Drinking Water Program		with	Reinforcing the municipal role in coordinating with the water authorities to perform education and outreach and connecting landowners with water quality needs with available resources.	meetings and	N/A	1 – FTE Clean Water Coordinator for Planning Commission Source Water Protection Plan development	\$130,000 per year \$100,000	2024: HRG is looking into Municipal Source Water areas for potential projects to promote higher water quality in these areas for future project implementation. 2023: Due to multiple changes in MCPD leadership in 2023, this goal is on hold. 2022: No progress at this time.

A	B. 1.11		- action has been co				ountered minor ol				tered a serious barrier
Action #	Description	Performance Target(s)	Responsible	Geographic	Expected	Potential Implementation	Resources <u>A</u>	<u>Available</u>	Resource	es <u>Needed</u>	
			Party(is) and Partnerships	Location	Timeline	Challenges or Recommendations	Technical	Financial	Technical	Financial	Annual Progress to Date (2021 to 2024)
1.1C*	Evaluate areas to establish riparian buffers to stabilize stream banks and limit encroachment	Identify landowners willing to participate and work with the following partners to identify (5) buffer opportunities Leverage municipal parks along creeks for education, BMP work, habitat value, etc. Utilize river access points for public education – events, signage	Pheasants	Countywide Bender Park, Reedville, Kish Park, Derry Twp Park, Lewistown Victory Park	·	Adopting ordinances, may require a pilot project in a willing municipality to demonstrate success. Lack of technical assistance to support implementation goals for forest buffers. Buffer funding programs must include 5-10-year minimum maintenance plan, incentive money for landowners, along with volunteers to establish the buffer.		N/A	1 – FTE Clean Water Coordinator for Planning Commission 1 – Additional Watershed Specialist for Conservation District	\$130,000 per year Expand Buffer Bonus Program to provide \$10,000 per acre of buffer installed to include 5-year	2024: MCCD has completed or will complete buffer plantings at the majority of stream restoration projects including native seed mixes and trees/shrubs. (See 3.11) 2023: MCCD has been focused on other goals in the CAP. There is plenty of datasets identify projects, but in 2023, MCCD is focused on implementing other priority projects. 2022: MCCD used PALTA Riparian Buffer Prioritization data (2019), Chesapeake Conservancy Land Cover data, and DCNR Prime Prospects (2019) to identify local projects for buffer implementation. The MCCD overlayed PALTA and Chesapeake Conservancy data with local GIS datasets to identify public land parcels to prioritize for buffer installation. The MCCD installed several acres of forested riparian buffer from 2019-2020. The MCCD hopes to complete several additional buffers on public lands in the near future through NFWF grant funding. Completed Projects in 2022: Bender Park, Reedsville Playground, Kish Park Potential Projects: Rec Park, Victory Park
1.2*	Mifflin County Public Sewer Plan	Update Act 537 plan to be consistent with local planning Require sewer extensions and or capped sewers Amend local ordinances to allow for secondary or backup systems Establish a Countywide sewer authority Consider developing regional sewer management authority with Mifflin County Municipalities	Townships, municipal	Countywide Riverside camp along Juniata River improvement s: Septic connections needed, flood mitigation, trail network	2022-2025	Enforce and compliance with local ordinances and Act 537 Lack of funding to support Act 537 planning Municipalities have many other challenges to tackle and this may not be a priority			1 – FTE Clean Water Coordinator for Planning Commission	\$150,000 startup funding to complete	2024:Although Mifflin County does not have an Act 537 plan County-wide, certain Municipalities and Boroughs do and are actively implementing them One major project is nearing completion in 2024 in the Hawestone area of Granville Township. This project will connect the houses to public sewer. 2023: Multiple municipalities are updating plants and upgrading and expanding multiple lines, however the Act 537 plan has not been updated in 2023. 2022: No progress at this time.
1.3	Implement the Mifflin County Hazard Mitigation Plan (published 2019)	Encourage municipalities to participate in FEMA programs Adopt and enforce PA DCED Model Floodplain Ordinance Provide Open Space Preservation in flood plain areas Implement Drainage system management ordinances	Municipalities, County and local emergency services, PEMA, FEMA, Comprehensive Plan, ACT 167 Plan	floodplains	2022 – review highest priority projects in plan for implementation steps and interest of home municipality to pursue projects	Timely adoption by municipalities, funding for large scale projects of meaningful result with small storm water quality benefit	Plan implementation team	TBD	1 – FTE Clean Water Coordinator for Planning Commission		2024: The final draft of the updated HMP was approved by PEMA and is under review by FEMA. Anticipated final approval is in 2025. 2023: Due to multiple changes in MCPD leadership in 2023, this goal is on hold. 2022: Applied for funding to update the plan. Awaiting award response. Plan update scheduled for completion in 2024. Include CAP related projects for implementation moving forward.

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Action #	Description	Performance Target(s)	Responsible	Geographic	Expected	Potential Implementation	Resources	<u>Available</u>	Resource	es <u>Needed</u>	
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1.4	Watershed Management Plan Look to identify a rapid delisting watershed in Mifflin County as part of the plan.	update the Juniata River Watershed Management Plan. CAP can help leverage funding for the Juniata River Watershed Management Plan.	Western Pennsylvania Conservancy, Chesapeake Conservancy, watershed groups	Watershed (Blair, Fulton, Huntingdon, Juniata,	2022 – outreach 2023	Performance Target Continued: Our goal is basically to update the existing plan with work that has been done since the original plan, do some more in-depth GIS analysis, and get public and municipal input into what they see are the issues in the watershed. I think the GIS analysis will be a big part of the process. We're planning on using the new 1-meter resolution data set, incorporating some of the buffer gap analysis work from Chesapeake Conservancy, etc.	Watershed Specialist		Commission 1 – FTE Clean Water Coordinator for Conservation District	\$130,000 per year Rapid Delisting Approach Project and Program Budget \$1,000,000	2024: The draft of Juniata Forward: Building on 25 Years of Conservation, an update the Juniata Watershed Management Plan, is complete and will be available for pub comment starting October 1, 2024 and lasting for 30 days. Each municipality will be emailed with a link to the plan to provide comments. WPC will also put out a press release and social media posts to garner comments. Comments will be detailed in the final version of the plan. The final plan will be completed by the end of 2024. 2023: Update from WPC: Developed a public survey to garner input from constituents in the watershed. So for people have filled out the survey. Survey was advertised on social media by WPC and all members of the steering committee. A flyer was made with a QR code for advertising. WTAJ also featured a snippet on television and their website advertising the public meeting and the survey. A few signs featuring the QR code were develop and set up at Nature Works Park and the Blair County Conservation District. Developed a municipal survey to get specific input from municipal officials. 35 municipalities have participated. Held 3 public meetings with 29 people. Public meetings were held in Blair, Bedford, and Juniata Counties. Gathered input about issues and concerns in the watershed, well as positive aspects. Attended Blair County Earth day event. Had in-depth conversations with 21 people about the Juniata watershed. Presented about the plan update to the Blair County Planning Commission with 14 people in attendance.
1.5	Implementation Strategy outlined in the Mifflin County Greenway, Open Space and Rural Recreation Plan	Peer Studies Undertake projects that boost	Pennsylvania Conservancy, PA Fish and Boat, Allegheny Ridge Corporation, Derry Township, all municipalities.	to pilot advancing projects or planning, as applicable		Goals will support Stream Restoration and Buffer Goals			1 – FTE Clean Water Coordinator for Planning Commission 1 – FTE Clean Water Coordinator for Conservation District	\$130,000 per year	Presented about the plan update to the Blair Intermunicipal Stormwater Committed 2024: Phase 2 of the Juniata River Trail was completed in 2024 bringing the total trailength to 3 miles. MCPD is looking for funding to update the Plan, either jointly with Juniata or on its own. 2023: The Mifflin Moves plan was completed in 2023 in service to this goal. 2022: MCP&D and MCCD are working on a Multiuse Trail Study that will connect Victory Park and Stone Arch Bridge Park, building off an earlier feasibility study by YSM. Derry Twp has completed a master site plan for Kishacoquillas Park and has applied for implementation funding.

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			Party(is) and Partnerships	Location	Timeline	Challenges or Recommendations	Technical	Financial	Technical	Financial	Annual Progress to Date (2021 to 2024)
1.6*	Restoration Bundling Pilot	trails, ag BMPs, fish habitat, signage,	Municipalities, watershed organizations, MCCD, MCPC	Countywide	2022-2025	Municipality acceptance of approach, technical capacity of private sector to handle glut of stream restoration projects toward end of MS4 permit cycle, opportunity for more efficient permitting reviews rather than one application package per project			1 – FTE Clean Water Coordinator for Conservation District Engineering/constr uction	\$130,000 per year Assume \$2,000,000 project budget scale	2024: MCCD continues to pursue comprehensive projects that incorporates multipl BMPs. 2023: MCCD continues to pursue comprehensive projects that incorporates multipl BMPs. 2022: See 1.5 above. MCCD has been following this methodology with current Ag BI projects (bundling Ag BMPs, riparian buffers, and fish habitat/bank stabilization) as well as with projects at public parks (bundling riparian buffers, fish habitat/bank stabilization, and public meetings/signage) since the early 2000's. Derry Township is currently working on dredging the duck pond at the park. They have applied for DCNR grants, while this project is more centered on park infrastructure as opposed to water quality.
1.7*	Preservation Program with farmland preservation program incentives enhancement	Look to fund 1-2 additional farms per year (100-150 acres) in preservation program. – 2,600 acres of farmland conservation	Farmland Trust and Agricultural	Ag land use area that fits farmland preservation criteria	opportunities	O&M partnership for buffers, ag plans, BMP verification, provide more incentive based on the implementation of BMPs on site (beyond baseline compliance), would be a means of getting farms preserved with all the required BMPs in place simultaneously. Preserved farms are required to have an NRCS Conservation Plan, work with farmers to ensure Conservation Plan is reported in PracticeKeeper. Recommend making this a program requirement statewide. Sharing NRCS data is challenging,	recommendations, easement revision recommendations, supplemental BMP funding research		Ag Land Preservation Staff Administrator 1 – FTE Clean Water Coordinator for Conservation District	\$130,000 per year \$130,000 per year \$250,000 per farm funded, total of 8 farms -> \$2M	2024: Three farms are currently going through the process of being preserved in 2022 2023: One farm has been approved for preservation. Another farm is slated to be preserved by the end of 2023. Three farms are lined up to be preserved in 2024. 2022: One farm has been approved for preservation. Depending on funding levels, there may be the ability to preserve an additional farm this year.

		<u>Green</u>	- action has been co	ompleted or is n	noving forward as	planned <u>Yellow</u> - action has enc	ountered minor ol	bstacles <u>Re</u>	d - action has not bee	n taken or has encour	tered a serious barrier
Action #	Description	Performance Target(s)	Responsible Party(is) and	Geographic Location	Expected Timeline	Potential Implementation Challenges or	Resources <u>/</u>	<u>Available</u>	Resource	es <u>Needed</u>	
			Partnerships	2000.00.1		Recommendations	Technical	Financial	Technical	Financial	Annual Progress to Date (2021 to 2024)
1.8*	to assist the Agricultural community (day to day support) 711 farms exist in Mifflin County	plans in Mifflin County, goal is to complete 600 by 2025. ~100 plans per year completed	County Farm Bureau, ACT 38 farms, Preserved Farms, County Comprehensive	Countywide AG Land	2022-2025	Limited compliance activities by DEP. Lack of Technical assistance to support the farming community. Private sector Ag plans are not required to be shared with District staff. Work with ACT 38, Preserved farms and organic farms to report AG E&S and NRCS Conservation Plans. These operations are required to have them, but no requirement to report the plans. It is recommended state agencies make changes to ACT 38 and Persevered Farm programs to require PracticeKeeper reporting.	performed per year,	N/A	3 – FTE Inspector Construction Services 1 – FTE Clean Water Coordinator for Conservation District 1 – Administrative Assistant	\$780,000 per year \$420,000 per year \$315,000 per year \$130,000 per year \$75,000 per year	2024: The Foundation for Pennsylvania Watersheds finalized their Growing Greener grant agreement and set up contracts with HRG, Lancaster Farmland Trust, and Clearwater Conservancy for outreach and technical assistance. Work orders for ag I&Es, permits, and full designs are underway for the regional service area. 2023: The Foundation for Pennsylvania Watersheds was awarded a Growing Greener grant for \$800,000 that will support 12 counties, including Mifflin, with farm outreach planning, permitting, and project design. Outreach is planned to begin in the fall of 2023. MCCD hired a Clean water Coordinator to assist in 102, ACAP projects, and lawn conversion projects. Another Ag Tech will be hired in 2024. 2022: The Foundation for Pennsylvania Watersheds applied for a Growing Greener grant totaling \$1.6 million to support additional ag engineering needs along with increased farm visits. In 2022 the Lancaster Farmland Trust (LFT) will completed 30 farm visits across the county. LFT also completed 20 farm visits in 2021. Agriculture Conservation Assistance Program (ACAP) was announced in the Pennsylvania State Budget in July of 2022. This program will provide all counties in Pennsylvania with funding totaling \$154 million over the next 3-years to support Ag project implementation and technical assistance needs. The Mifflin County Conservation District applied the National Fish and Wildlife Foundation Small Watershed Grant for increased technical assistance to support Ag and Urban projects. If awarded this would create a position similar to a watershed
1.9	· ·	Develop undergraduate and graduate students so that they can effectively engage in landowner outreach during implementation years.	Penn State,	319 Priority Watershed Riparian properties Preserved farms Priority Corridor Watersheds	2022-2025	Continued undergraduate/graduate engagement as students graduate through program, implementation funding Lack of technical assistance professionals to mentor students and develop workforce development. Lack of competitive paying job opportunities that ensure long term sustainable for recently graduated students	Ag staff		5 – Student Internships to Support CAP Implementation	\$50,000 per year	2024:MCCD and MCPD did not host university interns this year but have active communication with local colleges and are open to hosting interns in the future. 2023: MCCD hosted an intern from Penn State. The intern logged project information into PK from current and recently completed projects. They compiled a list of expiring BMPs for future verification. Organized data into excel for streamlined access. Coordinated with PK to ensure data was entered correctly. Assisted around the office 2022: The Foundation for Pennsylvania Watersheds applied for a National Fish and Wildlife Foundation Most Effective Basins grant to continue phase 2 of BMP verification. If awarded Mifflin County would have an intern for the summer of 2023 and 2024 to support with PracticeKeeper. The interns would be provided through a program with Susquehanna University. The grant was not awarded. MCCD hosted an intern from Penn State Mont Alto in Spring of 2022. The intern logged project information into PK from current and recently completed projects. They compiled a list of expiring BMPs for future verification. Organized data into excellent streamlined access. Coordinated with PK to ensure data was entered correctly. Assisted around the office.

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			Party(is) and	Location	Timeline	Challenges or					
			Partnerships			Recommendations	Technical	Financial	Technical	Financial	Annual Progress to Date (2021 to 2024)
.10A	County Water quality communication plan, leveraging existing documents and covering topics including Comprehensive Plan, Mifflin County Greenway, Open Space and Rural Recreation Plan, ACT	execute plan and distribute messaging through staff and partners Leverage Water 4Ag work, elevate to suburban community Utilize the DPJM County Countywide Action Plan (arcgis.com) ArcGIS	CBF, Penn's Creek, Chesapeake Conservancy, NRCS, MCCD, Mifflin County PA Clean ways, Penn's Creek Chapter TU, Water4Ag, MCPC, Municipalities	Countywide	local content, timing, identify	Simplifying the resources that are available Sharing staff resources across the 4-county region	ArcGIS Hub Website 1 – lead county contact		development and continued maintenance	\$10,000 per year \$130,000 per year \$130,000 per year	2024: MCCD continues to utilize social media, its website, and outreach at local fato communicate to the public. MCCD would still like to hire a FTE Marketing and Outreach Coordinator but spreads those responsibilities across other staff. 2023: MCCD utilizes social media, its website, and outreach at local fairs to communicate to the public. MCCD would still like to hire a FTE Marketing and Outreach Coordinator but spreads those responsibilities across other staff. 2022: The DPJM Countywide Action Plan website listed in the Performance Target has been updated to include information about implementation of the Countywid Action Plans. Additionally, a GIS tracking data base has been added to capture the location of potential projects.
1.10B	Communication Strategy	addition to reporting practices. Develop a plan to complete more one on one farm visits. Work to develop a communication plan to engage integrators. Partner with external ag partners to present CAP goals at meeting. Utilize Farm Bureau Newsletter for announcements	CD, County Farm Bureau, Integrators, Ag Land Preservation, PSU Extension, NRCS Currently, there are several Farm Bureau meetings that occur each year, a 3rd grade Ag tour, Mifflin County Youth Fair, and annual Union Mills Meeting. Water4Ag	Countywide	2022 – work with Mifflin County Local Leadership Committee to advance the findings of the Water4Ag project report findings, producers/house	Funding to support the technical assistance required to complete one on one farm outreach Outreach to integrators is a challenge due to the number of integrators and multiple country boundaries they serve. It is recommended DEP/PDA/SCC communicate with integrators on a frequent basis to reduce mixed messages.			Planners to provide technical assistance and ag planning 1 – FTE Marketing and Outreach Coordinator 1 – FTE Clean Water Coordinator for Conservation District	\$130,000 per year \$130,000 per year \$130,000 per year See 1.10A for website costs. Costs for meeting attendance and administration may be covered through other funding requests.	2024: LFT plans to conduct 15 site visits in Mifflin County to propose BMPs on farr and gather preliminary information for Inventory and Evaluations (I&Es). 2023: 25 LFT farm visits are planned for the year, in addition to the FPW Growing Greener grant. 2022: Farm visits have been utilized to conduct outreach to farmers about the Countywide Action Plan. In 2021 20 farm visits were conducted and in 2022 an additional 30 visits are scoped. The Foundation for Pennsylvania Watersheds submitted a Growing Greener grant titled 12-County Investment to Catalyze Agricultural Project Readiness that would support rapid scaling up of farm visits within Mifflin County. Scaling up of farm visits would allow for additional outreact occur. Chesapeake Bay Program: The MCCD participates in the Chesapeake Bay Program completing 63 inspections per year and assisting landowners to obtain the proper E&S and Nutrient Management/Manure Management Plans. CAP 2022: Lancaster Farmland Trust completed 27 visits in Mifflin County in the spot 2022 to discuss agricultural plans, resource concerns, and ag BMPs.

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			Partnerships	Location	rimeinie	Recommendations	Technical	Financial	Technical	Financial	Annual Progress to Date (2021 to 2024)
2.1*	and location) for select BMPs, expanding on general recommendations provided in QAPP BMPs = forest buffers, urban forest buffers, grass buffers, urban grass buffers,	Expand use of existing buffer layer with urban hydrology layer R&D into distinguishing ag, pasture, and turf covers from grassed buffers Manual digitizing where leaf-off <1 ft resolution imagery is available Back check with staff field views where required Add data to Practice Keeper or another batch upload option Use Spreadsheets of existing BMPs at MCCD	Lead - Chesapeake Conservancy Stakeholder peer review – local university, USGS, Farm Bureau, PDA, EPA	,	cataloguing 2023 – Practice Keeper batch upload processing and field views	utilize the approach to catalogue	Conservation Tools General methodology outline BMP field backcheck	N/A	data processing/method refinement	\$46,000 (2022 only) \$260,000 per year	2024: Ag staff completing Chesapeake Bay inspections log undocumented or verified BMPs into PracticeKeeper as part of the CBP implementation program/contract with PA DEP. Newly implemented BMPs are recorded in Practice Keeper or Field Doc. 2023: MCCD's intern logged project information into PK from current and recently completed projects. Other staff have worked to verify existing, unknown BMPs. MCCD worked with HRG to streamline PK reporting. If funding is available, remote sensing of the rest of the County would be a useful tool for this goal. 2022: In December of 2021, Mifflin County was awarded \$30,000 to conduct BMP verification. Mifflin County elected to use some of the money on a remote sensing analysis focusing on five priority BMPs including: Barnyard Runoff Controls, Animal Waste Management Systems, Forest Buffers, Grassed Waterways, and Streambank Exclusion Fencing. Remote sensing data analysis performed by the Chesapeake Conservancy is being finalized in August of 2022 and results are provided in an online ARC Gis Portal. Qualified 3rd party staff will begin field verification efforts to verify the remotely identified practices. A BMP Verification Quick Guide is being developed by HRG to assist with field verification efforts. In April of 2022, the Foundation for Pennsylvania Watersheds applied for a NFWF Most Effective Basins grant to support Phase 2 of the BMP verification analysis in the MEB in Mifflin County. Initial results from Phase 1 look excellent in providing opportunities to take credit for practices on the ground that are not currently reported. MCCD hired an intern in May of 2022 to log BMP data into PracticeKeeper from
2.2*	Identify future ag/urban project opportunities using automated means	BMP opportunity analysis – ag conservation, land retirement, alternative crop, forest conservation, stream restoration Back check with staff field views Batch upload to FieldDoc to calculate credit opportunity	Lead - Chesapeake Conservancy Stakeholder peer review – USGS, Farm Bureau, PDA, interested municipalities	·		scales/precision	Precision Conservation Tools Batch upload processing BMP Field backcheck	N/A	Further GIS and data processing/method refinement 5 – Student Internships to Support CAP Implementation	\$46,000 (2022 only) \$50,000 per year	2024: No progress to date. 2023: As a part of the Chesapeake Conservancy's Cooperative Agreement with the Chesapeake Bay Program, the CIC has been working to adapt the USDA Agricultural Conservation Planning Framework (ACPF) toolbox and produce its related GIS conservation practice opportunity outputs for the entire watershed. The toolbox outputs a suite of NRCS agricultural practice opportunities at the field scale some have direct equivalents to Bay Program BMPs, while others do not. Since there are many assumptions made to produce these opportunity footprints across the entire watershed, they are not intended to be ground truth and should only serve as a high level reference for helping to plan efforts in combination with expert on-the-ground input. The outputs are expected to be publicly available after June 2024.
2.3*		Add development-related BMPs to CAST/FieldDoc so that as land use data sets are updated, there are accompanying BMPs Use Chapter 102 Permit Closeout Milestone to report BMPs	Municipal engineers, Chesapeake Conservancy	Urban/suburb an landscape		Currently municipalities are not collecting BMP data because it is not required in non-MS4 communities. Must incentivize communities to report, no existing system in place.		N/A	5 – Student Internships to Support CAP Implementation	N/A \$50,000 per year \$130,000 per year	2024: No progress to date. 2023: No progress to date. 2022: The Foundation for Pennsylvania Watersheds applied for a NFWF Most Effective Basins grant in April of 2022 to support Phase 2 of BMP verification remote sensing analysis. Phase 2 will include analyzing wet ponds and detention basins in urban area across Mifflin County. PA DEP has updated FieldDoc to allow for additional reporting of urban practices.

Action #	Description	Performance Target(s)	Responsible	Geographic	Expected	Potential Implementation	Resources	<u>Available</u>	Resource	es <u>Needed</u>	
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2.4*	Implement a documentation program for commercial and homeowner nutrient applications in developed lands Support current legislation for fortilizer bill	Support fertilizer legislation — where legislation requires reporting, be the data clearinghouse Legislation will support the implementation of Urban Nutrient Management — 1,600 acres	PSU Extension	Countywide	TBD	Education of responsible parties, receiving timely information, training on reporting system, will need direction from State on what's expected and any reporting system that's developed.	fertilizer	legislation if		\$130,000 per year Urban Nutrient Management \$10 per acre -> \$16,000	2022: On July 11, Governor Wolf signed SB 251, a bipartisan bill sponsored by Senator Gene Yaw (R) and Senator Carolyn Comitta (D), into law. Pennsylvania now has a law governing turfgrass fertilizer application dates, practices, rates, and type of fertilizer used. We are uncertain on how documentation and crediting will occur with the new bill.
2.5*	Improve Agricultural BMP reporting utilizing PracticeKeeper, Capital RC&D Transect Survey, PSU Survey, Manure Transport Reporting and Remote Sensing	Increase reporting of agriculture plans into PracticeKeeper Work with Capital RC&D to improve current transect survey routes to be more inclusive Work with PSU to produce better response rate to the PSU survey for Mifflin County Work with PDA/DEP to improve manure reporting	DEP, MCCD, NRCS, PDA, NRCS, Mifflin County Farm Bureau, Capital RC&D, Chesapeake Conservancy, PSU Survey, Manure Brokers	·	2022-2025	Private sector ag planners do not have access to PracticeKeeper. Ag planners do not have time to report into PK. Current Capital RC&D routes are not all inclusive and could be improved. Current response rates are low and miss a large demographic of Mifflin County farmers. Manure brokers are not required to report data annually. Data is not inclusive				See 3.7 for funding needs to improve cover crop reporting for Capital RC&D	2023: See 2.1 above. 2022: In the Spring of 2022 HRG participated in a beta testing group for the PracticeKeeper 3rd Party Module. PADEP initially released the module in June of 2023 before recalling the system for additional bug fixes. Phase 2 of the BMP verification grant submitted by the Foundation for PA Watersheds includes budget for interns from Susquehanna University to enter BMPs into PracticeKeeper. See 2.1 above.
2.6*	Standardized- Reporting for Dairy- Precision Feeding	County would like to utilize the dairy precision feeding BMP. However, current reporting guidelines do not allow for clear reporting standards on feed reduction amounts, how to report, and who is qualified to report.	Program, Penn- State Extension, Dairy co-ops	Countywide	2022	It is recommended that milk urea nitrogen (MUN) be an acceptable standard for reporting dairy precision feeding. Guidelines need to be posted on acceptable MUN rates and work with dairy integrators to receive MUN data to report to		N/A	Reporting protocol	N/A	2023: No progress to date. 2022: No progress to date, reporting standards still remain an issue to utilize the BM

Priority Initiative 3: Achieve New Pollutant Reductions

		<u>Green</u>	- action has been co	ompleted or is n	noving forward as _I	olanned <u>Yellow</u> - action has enc	ountered minor o	bstacles <u>Rec</u>	d - action has not bee	n taken or has encoun	tered a serious barrier
Action #	Description	Performance Target(s)	Responsible	Geographic	Expected	Potential Implementation	Resources	<u>Available</u>	Resourc	es <u>Needed</u>	
			Party(is) and Partnerships	Location	Timeline	Challenges or Recommendations	Technical	Financial	Technical	Financial	Annual Progress to Date (2021 to 2024)
3.1	Implementation of the Upper Kish 319 Watershed Plan (February 2020 and beyond)	In 2020 grant received to install 2 HUAs, stream bank fencing and 2 livestock crossing, implementation with start 2021 Scope next round of projects and apply for funding following implementation of 2020 grant award.	MCCD, NRCS, DEP	Upper Kish Creek Watershed		Funding, landowner interest in BMPs, implementation partner coordination. Reverification of existing farm BMPs within the 319 watershed. Technical assistance to support BMP implementation on Farms.	Technical assistance	\$2.9 million received to date for restoration	specialist	\$130,000 per year \$100,000 per year \$500,000 to fund new projects beyond 2022	comments). An additional 319 grant was awarded to the MCCD in the fall of 2023. Inventory and evaluations are currently being completed on several farms in the Upper Kish watershed. Additionally, two stream projects were completed in 2024 in the Upper Kish (See 3.11 below). Buffer plantings will be completed this fall. Another year of surface water monitoring was also completed in 2024 (See 4.1 below) 2023: An additional project was completed that included streambank fencing, ag crossing, exclusion fencing, and the decommissioning of an earthen manure storage pit. 1 roofed HUA with manure stacking facility and barnyard runoff controls will be installed in the Fall of 2023. This project will be funded through 319 and ACAP funds. 2022: The MCCD continued to install AG BMPs in the Upper Kish watershed through several 319 grants. Project 1716: In 2021 the District installed 1 Roofed HUA with manure stacking facility and barnyard runoff controls, 2 stabilized stream crossings, fenced 1076' linear feet of stream, and installed other associated BMPs (diversion, inlets, outlets). The MCCD also installed an off stream watering facility, 300' of animal trails and walkways, 235' grassed waterway/diversion and 886 feet of pasture fencing on another farm in 2021. Project 1919: In 2022 the District installed 1 roofed HUA with manure stacking facility and barnyard runoff controls. In 2022 the District also completed Inventory and Evaluation Reports for two farms in
3.2	Implementation of the Hungry Run 319 Watershed Plan	24 farms within Hungry Run Watershed Many BMPs implemented prior to 2010, reverification will be a necessity for Hungry Run Watershed Work with churches to implement stream restoration and buffers. Work with DEP to reassess stream segment	MCCD, landowners	Watershed Ranked farms based on	Ongoing Implementation and verification	Lack of technical assistance and funding to reverifying exiting practices and implement new practices. Need to revisit the plan to see what BMPs are outstanding.	Technical assistance	\$1.4 million received to date for restoration	District	\$130,000 per year \$25,000 additional water quality monitoring and reassessment \$500,000 further implementation and reverification	2024: One stream restoration project was completed in the Hungry Run watershed (see 3.11 below). Buffer planting will be completed this fall. One turf conversion project was also planted in the Hungry Run watershed in 2024 (see 3.16 below). DEP and MCCD continue to completed surface water monitoring. DEP completed a multi-year assessment on Hungry Run in 2024 to see if impairment still exists. 2023: DEP and MCCD continues to sample. Two projects are occurring in the watershed. One is a stream restoration including fish habitat and buffer planting. There is also a conservation landscaping project being installed in Burnham Borough. 2022: Provided BMP information (2008-2022) and water quality sampling data (2014-2021) to PA DEP for follow-up modeling and a Hungry Run success story. PA DEP is scheduled to revisit this watershed and complete surface water quality sampling in the winter of 2022. MCCD is also hoping to work with 2 churches in the Hungry Run watershed to install riparian buffers and fish habitat/streambank stabilization structures.
3.3	Implement the Tea Creek Conservation Plan	Look to identify a few additional Ag projects in the Tea Creek Watershed. Most of the work has already been completed in the early 2000's. A few opportunities may still exist. Develop a community awareness day for education.	MCCD Look to realign a local watershed group to focus in the Tea Creek Watershed	Tea Creek Watershed Brown Township Rothrock State Forest	Ongoing	Look into PA Adopt a Stream to help support implementation. Lack of technical assistance and volunteer support to support the implementation of the Tea Creek Conservation Plan.			Conservation		2024: No progress to date. 2023: No progress to date. 2022: The MCCD discussed ag BMP installation at the Mifflin County Youth Park with the Mifflin County Fair Board. The MCCD hopes to complete a future I&E for Ag BMPs and secure designs for stream/floodplain restoration.

Action	# Description	Performance Target(s)	- action has been co Responsible	Geographic	Expected	Potential Implementation	Resources			es <u>Needed</u>	ntered a serious barrier
71001011	2000	i ciroimanee ranges(o)	Party(is) and	Location	Timeline	Challenges or	1100001000		110001101	- Iteeueu	
			Partnerships			Recommendations	Technical	Financial	Technical	Financial	Annual Progress to Date (2021 to 2024)
3.4	Alternative Restoration Plan (ARP)	farmers meet regulatory compliance	DEP Bureau of Clean Water, MCCD,	Kishacoquillas Creek Watershed Sub- watersheds include Upper Kish Creek, Hungry run, other unnamed tributaries	Phase 1 complete by 2022 Phase 2 complete by 2027	NRCS is supporting funding to the upper KISH as part of their NWQI Focus Watersheds Lack of technical assistance and volunteer support to support the implementation of the KISH ARP		319 Funding	1 – FTE Clean Water Coordinator for Planning Commission 1 – FTE Clean Water Coordinator for Conservation District	\$130,000 per year \$130,000 per year \$500,000 project implementation	See action 3.1 & 3.2 above and action point 3.11 below
3.5*	operators to be in compliance with state and federal Conservation and Nutrient Management Plans	Nutrient Management (Manure Management)-29,000 25,000 acres of Core N and 10,000 27,000 acres of Core P	MCCD, Mifflin County Farm Bureau, NRCS, Private Sector Agriculture Farm Visits, Integrators, ACT 38 farms, Preserved Farms,	Countywide Ag Land	2022-2025	Lack of DEP inspections. Reporting and verification of Ag Plans, NRCS plans expire and do not get reverified, private plans are never entered. Lack of Technical assistance to support agriculture planning and implementation, one on one farm outreach is best way to capture existing plans. Act 38 and Preserved Farms not required to enter plans in PK, Recommendations to require programs to enter plans into PK State agencies must work with integrators to ensure they are requiring compliance by farmers. Some integrators require compliance, but not all, great	inspected farms now have plans		6 – additional Ag Planners to work with farmers to develop required plans	\$15 per acre for a total cost of \$300,000 \$15 per acre for a total cost of \$435,000	2024: As part of the CBP, MCCD helped to write 4 MM plans covering 295 acres and 3 Ag E&S plans covering 352 acres in 2024. MCCD also participated in the PACD Ag. Plan Reimbursement program and submitted applications for 4 farms covering 220 + acres in 2024. 2023: As part of the CBP the MCCD wrote 8 MM plans covering 1,233.83 acres and 13 Ag E&S plans covering 743.51 acres. The MCCD also participated in the PACD Ag. Plan Reimbursement program and submitted applications for 2 farms so far covering 690 + acres. 2022: PACD recently announced their Growing Greener grant for Ag Plan Reimbursement. Farmers in Mifflin County will be able to take advantage of this opportunity to produce Ag E&S and Manure Management Plans. HRG will be attending the rollout of this program to maximize opportunities to get farmers additional plans. From 2020 to 2021 progress scenario in CAST Mifflin County has increased Soil and Water Quality Conservation Plan reporting by over 2,400 acres. Additionally, Nutrient Management Core N and Core P have increased by over 9,500 acres. See Action # 1.10B Chesapeake Bay Program & CAP 2022

					moving forward as p		ountered minor o				tered a serious barrier
Action #	Description	Performance Target(s)	Responsible Party(is) and	Geographic Location	Expected Timeline	Potential Implementation Challenges or	Resources <u>.</u>	<u>Available</u>	Resourc	es <u>Needed</u>	
			Partnerships			Recommendations	Technical	Financial	Technical	Financial	Annual Progress to Date (2021 to 2024)
3.6	Advanced Nutrient	Transition manure management plans	4R Alliance,	Countywide	2022-2025	Landowner interest, BMP	Educational		6 – additional Ag	\$780,000 per year	2024: No progress to date.
	Management (4R)	(MMP) to nutrient management plans	MCCD, Mifflin	AG Land		verification (annual)	support		Planners to work		
	Practice Education	and incentivize implementation	County Farm						with farmers to	\$10 per acre of	2023: HRG has worked with the counties on methods to integrate supplement NM
	and Implementation		Bureau, NRCS,			Lack of Technical assistance to	63 farms		meet 4R standards	advanced nutrient	reporting into current workflows in the Chesapeake bay Contract, Nutrient
			Private Sector			support agriculture planning and	inspected in			management	Management Contract, current PSNT programs, and equipment rental programs. HR
			Agriculture Farm			implementation	2021			planning per type>	also provided outreach at several events to increase adoption of 4R practices within
		existing programs and initiatives.	Visits							total cost for all is	the region.
						Additional funding to support				\$430,000	
						soil testing. Soil testing is key to					2022: No progress to date.
		Increase existing 4R practice (N Rate				meeting the recommendations					
		by 5,600 5,000 acres, P Rate by 6,600				of supplemental BMPs.					
		5,000 acres, N Timing by 9,300 5,000				Advantage de la contract for a contract					
		acres, P Timing by 6,600 5,000 acres,				Machine-dependent for most					
		N Placement by 8,300 5,000 acres				farming operations					
		and P Placement by 6,600 5,000				Cost of fertilizer is self-regulating					
		acres)				farmers to use less fertilizer;	5				
		Create a small workgroup working				therefore, lower rates result.					
		with early innovators				The challenge is documenting					
		with early innovators				this each year.					
		Explore the idea of increasing PSNT or				tins each year.					
3.7*	Implement Practice	Determine feasibility of having a	MCCD, Mifflin	Countywide	2022 –	Capacity to manage the	Transect survey	Refer to	6 – additional Ag	\$780,000 per year	2024: No progress to date.
	to improve soil health	county/state cost share program to	County Farm	Ag Land	investigation	program, landowner interest		REAP and	Planners to		
	and sustainability	enhance adoption of the annual	Bureau, NRCS,				Landowner	NRCS	transition farmers	\$90 per acre	2023: No progress to date.
			Private Sector		2023 – next steps	Lack of technical assistance and	education		to high residue	traditional per year ?	
	and Cover Crops)		Agriculture Farm			farm planners to work with				\$540K for a 5-year	2022: MCCD assisted Capital RC&D in their 2021 fall Cover Crop Survey and 2022
			Visits			farmers to transition to High			County MCCD –		Spring Tillage Survey
		Implement tillage management and				Residue Tillage			staff to administer	(incentive payment,	
		cover crops on an annual rate of							the program	administration,	
		21,000 acres High Residue, 6,300				Current verification methods do				Capital RC&D	
		acres Conservation Tillage, 2,600				not accurately capture				reporting)	
		acres Low Residue, 6,000 12,400				implemented amounts – Capital				\$50 per acre fall	
		acres of cover crops and 8,400 acres				RC&D survey needs revised				nutrients per year	
		of cover crops with fall nutrients				Farmers are harvesting saves				\$420K for 5-year	
						Farmers are harvesting cover crops for forage, need accurate			Capital RC&D	total of \$2.1M	
						efficiency crediting for			Transect Survey	\$50,000	
						commodity cover crops			Transect Survey	730,000	
						commodity cover crops					
						Organic farmers are using tillage					
						to manage weeds and vertical					
						tillage is becoming more popular					
						among farmers, younger					
						generation is "trying" tillage for					

					is moving forward as p	·	ountered minor o				tered a serious barrier
Action #	Description	Performance Target(s)	Responsible	Geographic	Expected	Potential Implementation	Resources	<u>Available</u>	Resource	es <u>Needed</u>	
			Party(is) and Partnerships	Location	Timeline	Challenges or Recommendations	Technical	Financial	Technical	Financial	Annual Progress to Date (2021 to 2024)
3.8	Implement more	Pasture Alternative Watering – 250	MCCD, Mifflin	Countywide	2025	Landowner education, BMP	Landowner		6 – additional Ag	\$780,000 per year	2024: See 2.1 above.
	pasture management	4,200 acres	County Farm	ag lands –		funding for non-buffer work,	education		Planners to provide		
	BMPs		Bureau, NRCS,	landowners		plan updates, data gathering			technical assistance		2023: BMP verification efforts continued utilizing Chesapeake Conservancy remote
		Forest buffers on fenced pasture	Private Sector	who raise			Data gathering		and ag planning		sensing data to identify pasture management BMPs. Previously undocumented BMPs
		corridor – 80 acres	Agriculture Farm	horses, dairy,		Lack of Technical assistance to	through Bay				will be entered into the PracticeKeeper database. 900' of livestock exclusion fencing
			Visits	beef and		support agriculture planning and	Tech visits		3 – additional FTE		also installed in Upper Kish. Additional pasture fencing and watering facilities to be
		Grass buffers on fenced pasture		other pasture		implementation			environmental	\$390,000 per year	installed in fall of 2023. See Action # 3.1.
		corridor – 80 acres		grazing					technician		
				animals		Old NRCS plans need to be					2022: Phase 1 of BMP verification identified 331 potential hits for streambank
		Land Retirement to Ag Open Space –				updated to comply with					exclusion fencing. This data set will allow for increased reporting of buffered acres
		250 -1,000 Acres		Upper Kish		prescribed grazing definition –				ŭ	with exclusion fencing. This allow for future project identification.
				WIP priority		difficult to get landowner buy-in				\$500 per acre 2	
				BMPs		– fund alternative watering and				\$125K total	See Action # 3.1 above.
						fencing; most pastures are				5D D ((/	
						streamside				FB Buffer W/	
						l				Exclusion \$10,500	
						Increasing construction costs are				per acre 🛽 \$840K	
						resulting in canceled NRCS				total	
						contracts				CD Duffor W/	
										GB Buffer W/	
										Exclusion \$2,750 per	
										acre 🛚 \$220K total	
										Land Retirement	
										\$500 per acre 2	
										\$125K total	
										J125K total	
3.9*	Rinarian huffer and re-	314 riparian forest buffer acres, (274)	CRE Penn's Creek	Countywide	2022 – line up	Landowner partnerships,	Materials	Budget	6 – additional Ag	\$780,000 per year	2024: Riparian buffers will be planted at 3 projects in the fall of 2024. Live staking and
3.5	· ·	acres lost since 2017 need reverified		Countywide	landowners,	landowner education, volunteer	Materials	available to	Planners to provide		supplemental/mortality plantings were completed at several projects in the spring of 2024.
	Torestation bivin 3	deres lost since 2017 need revermed	Conservancy,		develop and	acceptance of buffer plantings,		be	technical assistance		Maintenance and invasive control were also completed on several existing projects in 2024.
		44 riparian grass buffer acres – (24)	NRCS, MCCD,		install	buffer maintenance guide for			and ag planning		
		acres lost since 2017 need reverified	Mifflin County PA		educational	farmers, routine site visits to		acterninea	and ag planning		2023: Riparian buffers planted at 2 farms in the Upper Kish in the fall of 2022 totaling
		deres lost since 2017 liceu revenilleu	Cleanways, Penn's		signage for the	· ·	Mapping				approximately 3.77 acres. 1 acre of riparian buffer to be planted in the fall of 2023 in the
		26 100 acres – Agriculture Tree	Creek Chapter TU,		urban stream	invasive species removal during			3 – additional FTE		Upper Kish. See Action #3.1.
		Planting	Water4Ag			establishment			environmental	\$390,000 per year	NACCO has also been assistive landous assistive by the first second ACCO sounds and
					occurred at				technician		MCCD has also been assisting landowners with buffer management. MCCD purchased new buffer management equipment in the fall of 2022 and has so far assisted landowners in
		10 acres – urban forest buffer				Flash grazing must be allowed	DCNR Prime				maintaining over 20 acres of riparian buffer. Management activities include mowing, invasive
					ŕ	u u	Prospects Data			Forest Buffer \$10,000	control, re-planting, re-seeding, Live staking, and tree tube removal/repair.
		2 acres – urban tree canopy			2023-2025 –		Exists			per acre 2 \$500K	σ, ε ε ε σ, ε ε ε ε ε ε ε ε ε ε ε ε ε ε
					implementation	Funding program must include a					2022: Phase 1 of BMP verification will identify potential hits for grassed waterways and forest
		5 2 acres – urban forest planting				5-10-year maintenance program					r buffers implemented in the past 10 years. These potential BMPs will need field verified but
						to establish buffers along with				acre 🛭 \$50K	provide a great opportunity to identify BMPs not currently reported.
		Forest Harvesting Practices – 75 acres	:			incentive program \$4K minimum				T 0 4	MCCD bined on internal in Manual 2002 to 1 and 1 and 2
						per acre payment				Tree Canopy \$5,000	MCCD hired an intern in May of 2022 to log BMP data into PracticeKeeper from current,
										per acre 🛚 \$11K	recent, and past projects. The intern also identified practices that were nearing their expiration date and need to be reverifiedsee Action# 2.1
						MCCD would like more buffer				Tree/Forest Planting	expiration date and need to be reverifiedsee Action# 2.1
						management equipment to				\$10,000 per acre 2	Installed streambank fencing in 2021 see Action# 3.1
						utilize and lend to landowners				\$310K	
						and watershed groups. Already					MCCD requested 300 trees through K10 Million Trees to distribute to landowners interested in
						have trailer with small hand				Forest Harvesting	planting riparian forest buffers in the fall of 2022.
						tools. Could use mower but need				Practices \$60 per acre	
						more storage space and				2 \$4,500	The MCCD piloted a Riparian Rangers Training with Alliance for the Chesapeake Bay in the
						equipment funding!					summer of 2022
											Conservation District Watershed Specialist and other staff completed engains buffer
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	ancorporation increase suctorchooks no evaluate and other statt completed angoing huffer

٠ - :	4 Describation		n - action has been co				ountered minor o			n taken or has encoun	tered a serious barrier
Action	# Description	Performance Target(s)	Responsible Party(is) and	Geographic Location	·	· ·	Resources <u>(</u>	<u>Available</u>	Resource	es <u>Needed</u>	
			Partnerships				Technical	Financial	Technical	Financial	Annual Progress to Date (2021 to 2024)
3.10	Wetland restoration implementation on marginal production ag land	27 acres of Wetland Restoration	CBF, NRCS, MCCD, Mifflin County PA Cleanways, Penn's Creek Chapter TU, Water4Ag	,	2022 –2025	Willing landowner; appropriate siting, design, and construction for successful restoration result. Lack of technical assistance for landowner outreach and agriculture planning to identify potential site locations. Lead time it takes to secure projects can take years.	Landowner outreach		3 – additional FTE environmental technician x 2 – stream biologist	\$280,000 per year Wetland Restoration \$30,000 per acre> \$810K	2024:MCCD has identified several projects with wetland restoration potential. Wetland restoration is being pursued in the Upper Kish watershed (2 projects) and the Lewistown Country Club. Other potential WRP sites have been identified and referred to USDA/NRCS. Ongoing discussion are also occurring with the Mifflin Cou Planning Department and Downtown Lewistown Inc. on trails and greenways with associated stormwater management and wetland restoration opportunities. HRG has been utilizing existing maps and outreach to determine potential locations for wetland restoration projects. From there HRG plans to develop a regional grant application for the SRBC Consumptive Use Grant. 2023: No progress to date.
3.11	Stream Restoration (Urban and Agriculture)	8,000 5,000 Linear feet (<1 miles) Urban Stream Restoration 10,000 24,000 Linear feet (1 mile) Agriculture Stream Restoration Identify Mill dam removal opportunities Pair fish habitat with stream restoration	CBF, NRCS, MCCD, Mifflin County PA Cleanways, Penn's Creek Chapter TU, Water4Ag, PFBC Stream Restoration Team	delisting areas top	2022 – 2025	Design/permit/construction cycle seems to work in two-year increments, there is an assumption that eroded/degraded streams exist based upon 403(d) listing — should that not be the case in the field, adjust quantitative goal down and ensure buffers are in place. Lack of funding to cover engineering design.			Design, permit, construction services 2 – Municipal Engineers 3 – FTE Design, Engineering, Permit 2 – stream biologists	\$900/LF - \$7.2M Assume rural \$400/LF -\$4M \$280,000 per year \$420,000 per year	2024: MCCD & PFBC completed 4 stream restoration projects totaling over 2,500 fe in 2024. Projects were completed in the Upper Kish, Hungry Run, and Honey Creek Watersheds. Additional projects are being designed and permitted at the Lewistow Country Club and in the Upper Kish watershed for 2025. 2023: MCCD continued installation of non-urban stream restoration completing a 5 stream restoration project in the Upper Kish (see Action 3.1) and a stream restoration project on Strodes Run totaling 1,785 feet. Designs have been completed for 3 additional projects. 2022: From 2020 to 2021 Mifflin County increased non-urban stream restoration by over 5,300 linear feet according to CAST. CAP Implementation Funding completed Jacks Creek Stream restoration with USFW 3,890' Completed Honey Creek Fish Habitat/Bank Stabilization with PFBC - 800' Completed Kishacoquillas Creek (Yoder and Bhalla Property) Fish Habitat/Bank Stabilization with PFBC - 1,350'
3.12	Implement more barnyard runoff control/loafing lot management	250 150 acres of barnyard runoff controls 2 acres loafing lot management 27 acres of agriculture drainage management	MCCD, Chesapeake Conservancy, NRCS, Mifflin County Farm Bureau	Countywide Farms	2022-2025	Mapping challenges, landowner buy-in and project development/funding. Lack of Technical assistance to support agriculture planning and implementation. Lack of funding to cover engineering design. Increasing construction costs are cancelling NRCS contracts. CAST has identified Mifflin County as 100% BMP implementation for barnyard runoff controls. This is not accurate.			6 – additional Ag Planners to provide technical assistance and ag planning 3 – FTE Design, Engineer, Permit 3 – FTE Inspector Construction Services	\$780,000 per year \$420,000 per year	2024: See 3.13 2023: HUA structure to be installed in the Upper Kish during the fall of 2023. See Action 3.1. Also, 2 roofed HUAs planned for fall of 2023/2024 in partnership with NRCS in the Jacks Creek Watershed with partial funding through ACAP. 2022: Phase 1 of BMP verification will identify where barnyard clusters are located and determine if they are livestock operations or poultry operations. See Action# 3.1 above.

Action #	Description	Performance Target(s)	Responsible	Geographic	Expected	Potential Implementation	Resources <u>A</u>	vailable	Resource	s <u>Needed</u>	
			Party(is) and	Location	Timeline	Challenges or					
			Partnerships			Recommendations	Technical	Financial	Technical	Financial	Annual Progress to Date
											(2021 to 2024)
3.13			MCCD,		2022-2025	Current capacity through NRCS	Project		District/NRCS/Privat		2024: Animal heavy Use Areas were completed in fall of 2023 through 319 grants and
		,	· ·	Poultry farms		and MCCD implements about 5	implementation		e Sector Farm Visits		ACAP. Additional ag. projects were designed and are currently being bid in 2024
	implementation for		Conservancy,			farms projects per year; Time to	– 4 – 5 farms a				through ACAP. Two projects are expected to start construction in the fall of 2024.
	livestock	1,300 new AUs of livestock mortality	NRCS, Mifflin			get through planning, design,	year				
		composting	County Farm			and construction; outreach to					2023: Manure stacking structure to be installed in the fall of 2023 in Upper Kish. See
			Bureau			smaller farms that likely need			Private Sector/		Action 3.1. Also, 2 roofed HUAs planned for fall of 2023/2024 in partnership with
						the assistance; match cash value			MCCD	\$420,000 per year	NRCS in the Jacks Creek Watershed with partial funding through ACAP.
						for small farms; readiness to					
						plan/implement projects when			Private Sector/		2022: BMP Verification Phase 1, shows the potential to report an additional 144
						outreach efforts yield willing			MCCD	\$315,000 per year	animal waste storage facilities currently not reported through PracticeKeeper.
						landowners					
										Animal waste	See Action# 3.1 above.
						Lack of funding to cover				management system	
						engineering design				\$175,000 per project,	
										assume 100 AUs per	
										project \$6.125M in	
										total	
										Mortality	
										composters \$3.3M	
										budget	
3.14*	·	Transport 4,000 dry tons per year out		Countywide	2022-2025	Current reporting standards do		Surface	1 – FTE Clean Water	\$130,000 per year	2024: No progress to date.
	out of Mifflin County	of Mifflin County	Chesapeake			not require manure brokers and		Water	Coordinator for		
			Conservancy,			haulers to report manure		Assessment	Conservation		2023: No progress to date. Reporting still remains an issue and is recommended state
			NRCS, Mifflin			transported. New regulations		(SWAP)	District		agencies work with haulers and brokers to accurately document manure transport.
			County Farm			must be developed to require					
			Bureau, Manure			haulers and brokers to submit					2022: No progress to date. Reporting still remains an issue and is recommended state
			haulers and			information to DEP.					agencies work with haulers and brokers to accurately document manure transport.
			brokers								
	I										

		Green	- action has been co	mpleted or is n	noving forward as	planned <u>Yellow</u> - action has enc	ountered minor o	bstacles <u>Re</u>	d - action has not bee	n taken or has encour	tered a serious barrier	
Action #	Description	Performance Target(s)	Responsible Party(is) and	Geographic Location	Expected Timeline	Potential Implementation Challenges or	Resources	<u>Available</u>	Resourc	es <u>Needed</u>		
				Partnerships			Recommendations	Technical	Financial	Technical	Financial	Annual Progress to Date (2021 to 2024)
3.15*	Urban Stormwater Management Non- Regulated Communities	Implement existing ordinances at local municipal level Catalogue existing BMPs that fit into this category and newly built ones Stormwater Treatment Standard – 5-80 acres treated (AT) Wet Ponds and Wetlands – 65 25 AT Advanced Grey Infrastructure IDDE – 45 0 AT Dry Ponds – 5 0 AT Infiltration Practices – 42 20 AT Filtering Practices – 10 0 AT Bioretention – 5 AT Bioswale – 5 AT Vegetated Open Channel – 1 AT	MCPC, MCCD, developing municipalities	County-wide	Ongoing 2022-2025	·	Reporting platform		5 Summer interns for reporting and verification 2 – Municipal Engineers 1 – municipal planner	\$50,000 – per year \$280,000 per year \$130,000 per year \$300,000 for all stormwater BMPs	2024: MCCD received a Growing Greener grant in 2024 to design stormwater BMP's at the Lewistown County Club. Ongoing discussion are also occurring with the Mifflin County Planning Department and Downtown Lewistown Inc. on trails and greenways with associated stormwater management and wetland restoration opportunities. 2023: MCCD is partnered with Lewistown Country Club to develop a comprehensive concept plan for the Club's campus. Two grants were applied for advancement of the project. The plan includes conservation landscaping, bioretention's, bioswales, and other urban BMPs. The Multi-Use Trail continues to be a priority for MCCD and the District is looking for funding for implementation. 2022: Multi-use trail study includes potential stormwater BMP implementation/upgrades. The Mifflin County Conservation District applied to the National Fish and Wildlife Foundation Small Watershed Grant to implement Conservation Landscaping. As part of the grant application a new position within the Conservation District would be established to provide technical assistance similar to a watershed specialist. This grant also included funding for Green Stormwater Infrastructure projects. The grant was not awarded.	
3.16	Conservation Landscaping/Turf to Meadow Conversion	Promote new program and enable one large tract landowners' participation 40 new acres of Conservation Landscaping	CBF, NRCS, MCCD, Mifflin County PA Cleanways, Penn's Creek Chapter TU, Water4Ag,	areas in County	2022 - 2025		Planting plan assistance		1 – FTE Municipal Planner 3 – additional FTE environmental technician	\$130,000 per year \$130,000 per year \$2,500 per acre meadow> \$100,000 budget	2024: MCCD completed 2 turf conversion (TC) projects in 2024 at the MCCD office and Burnham Borough Park and are actively maintained existing TC projects. The District also hired a consultant to further design and contract 10+ acres of turf conversion at the Lewistown Country Club. The MCCD also presented at a Penn State Extension workshop educating local landowners about turf conversion. 2023: See #3.15 above. Projects have been identified for the MCCD Conservation Landscaping Program and will be installed in Fall of 2023. 2022: The Mifflin County Conservation District applied to the National Fish and Wildlife Foundation Small Watershed Grant to implement Conservation Landscaping. As part of the grant application a new position within the Conservation District would be established to provide technical assistance. The grant was not awarded.	
3.17*	Continue dirt and gravel road program	24 miles overall restored through past projects 25,000 feet of new projects Continue to implement the program annually	MCCD	Countywide	2025	funding	Education, technical assistance, project oversight	\$1.1 million since 1997	1 – FTE Clean E&S/ DGR Tech	\$130,000 per year Dirt and Gravel Roads \$40 per foot TBD	2024: MCCD continued to administer the DG&LVR Program - 5 projects approved for 2024. 2023: Continued to administer DG&LVR program - 7 projects approved for 2023 2022: Continued to administer DG&LVR program - 8 projects approved for 2022 (4 DGR - 4 LVR)	

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Action #	# Description	Performance Target(s)	- action has been co Responsible	ompleted or is r Geographic	noving forward as Expected		countered minor obstacles Red - Resources Available		d - action has not been taken or has encour Resources Needed		ntered a serious barrier
	2 223 1	,	Party(is) and Partnerships	Location	Timeline	Challenges or Recommendations	Technical	Financial	Technical	Financial	Annual Progress to Date (2021 to 2024)
3.18*		Educate local municipal leaders and work with PennDOT to address state owned roads on the importance of keeping higher vegetation along roadways to prevent erosion and increase nutrient uptake.	Local Municipalities, DEP and PennDOT	Countywide	202	PennDOT's and Municipal willingness to cut back on mowing programs. DEP Chesapeake Bay Program will need to assist in the education of PennDOT.			1 – FTE Clean Water Coordinator for Planning Commission 1 – FTE Clean Water Coordinator for Conservation District	\$130,000 per year \$130,000 per year	2023: No progress to date. 2022: No progress to date.
3.19	Grant Administration	Identify some private funding sources that may be able to supplement public funding sources/existing sources utilized for stakeholders, continue to work with partners to facilitate additional funding	Existing project implementer networks	Countywide	2022-2023	Need to expand network, educational aspect of less common funders, logistics of utilizing unproven funding sources (or lesser known). Grant administration is a challenge due to limited staff and time-consuming nature of grant reporting and administration.	Financial services		1 – FTE Conservation District Grant Manager 1 – FTE Planning Commission Grant Manager 2 – staff accountants	\$130,000per year \$130,000 per year \$140,000 per year	2024:No progress to date. 2023: Two projects have been identified for PennVEST funding. FFAR and Walton Family Foundation opportunities did not proceed. No progress to report from County-led activities. 2022: HRG and LFT are exploring potential opportunities to apply to the Foundation for Food & Agriculture Research (FFAR) and the Walton Family Foundation's new program, Achieving Conservation through Targeting Information, Outreach and Networking (ACTION) to support innovative research that increases adoption of conservation practices. A potential grant application would bolster farm visits in Mifflin County to increase the adoption of Conservation Practices.
riorit	y Initiative 4: Resear	Irch, Education, and Training									
4.1*	implement Mifflin County Surface Water Assessment (SWAP). Explore options to identify additional monitoring sites.	volunteer budget analysis, and initial landowner communication by end of 2022. Continue to implement SWAP program and explore feasibility to	ALLARM, Keystone Water Resources Center, Juniata College, Penn's Creek Watershed Association PADEP, consultants		202	Land access, expanded volunteer need, equipment/materials budget, Consistent data collection, QAQC continuation	Temp Loggers, YSI Multimeter		3 – additional FTE environmental technician	\$10,000 Locations \$50,000 per monitoring site \$130,000 per year	2024: MCCD along with PA DEP sampled over 30 sites in the Upper Kish, Hungry Run Town Run, and Jack's Creek watershed. This is the 11th year of sampling in the Upper Kish and Hungry Run watersheds. The Jacks Creek and Town Run sites were added to collect pre and post project water quality data. 2023: The SWAP was completed in Spring of 2023. With this being the tenth year of the dataset, MCCD is reevaluating how best to proceed in future years. Capacity changes with the Coordinator and Conservation Districts has pushed the convening of the Watershed Specialists. We will reevaluate in 2024 if this should be priority at the County level or if it should be scaled to the State or Federal level. 2022: "In the fall of 2022, HRG will convene the Watershed Specialist to identify the largest ""gaps"" of water quality monitoring data, develop strategies to comprehensively incorporate new data to support CAP efforts. ALLARM is in the process of developing citizen scientist monitoring data collection

MCCD applied for and received a grant in 2021 from the Pennsylvania Foundation for

completed on 24 sites in the Upper Kish and Hungry Run Watersheds for both years.

Fish sampling/electroshocking was completed in Upper Kish and Hungry Run in 2021.

Watersheds to conduct water quality sampling in 2021 & 2022. Sampling was

Action # Description	Performance Target(s)	Responsible Party(is) and	Geographic Location	Expected Timeline	Potential Implementation Challenges or	Resources <u>.</u>	<u>Available</u>	Resource	es <u>Needed</u>	
		Partnerships			Recommendations	Technical	Financial	Technical	Financial	Annual Progress to Date (2021 to 2024)
enhance the ca of local waters	chort-organizations can support with outreach, engagement, new project identification and implementation	Penn's Creek Watershed Association, Trout Unlimited, National Trout Unlimited,	·	Ongoing	organizations to be successful and support with implementation	shares Project development support		Specialist	\$130,000 per year \$5000 per organization to	2024: MCCD continues to collaborate with the local Trout Unlimited chapter and MCSD on tree plantings and environmental events such as Eco Day, Trout in the Classroom, the 3rd grade Ag. Tour, and PA Envirothon. 2023: MCCD will host another Riparian Rangers training in Fall of 2023. MCCD partnered with Trout Unlimited and the Mifflin County Junior High Conservation Clul to plant riparian buffers twice in 2023. 2022: Piloted Riparian Rangers Training with Alliance for the Chesapeake Bay Attended PSU Watershed Stewards Webinar