## COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA

#### DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

\* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \*

IN RE: PA PIPELINE PROJECT (PPP)/MARINE EAST II:

PERMIT AMENDMENT

\* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \*

BEFORE: VIRGINIA NURK,

Community Relations Coordinator

DAREK JAGIELA, Member

HEARING: Tuesday, March 8, 2022

6:03 p.m.

LOCATION: Remote Hearing

WITNESSES: Jim Snell, Mike Butler, Carl Marrara,

Bill Adams, Helen Kissick, Carolyn Comitta, Danielle

Friel-Otten, Christina PK DiGulio, Libby Madarasz,

Katie Muth, Tammy Murphy, Virginia Marcille-Kerslake

Reporter: Brian D. O'Hare

Any reproduction of this transcript
is prohibited without authorization
by the certifying agency

				2
1				
2	INDEX			
3				
4	DISCUSSION AMONG PARTIES	4 -	- 40	
5	CERTIFICATE		41	
6				
7				
8				
9				
10				
11				
12				
13				
14				
15				
16				
17				
18				
19				
20				
21				
22				
23				
24				
25				

			3
1		EXHIBITS	
2			
3			Page
4	Number	Description	<u>Offered</u>
5		NONE OFFERED	
6			
7			
8			
9			
10			
11			
12			
13			
14			
15			
16			
17			
18			
19			
20			
21			
22			
23			
24			
25			

# PROCEEDINGS

2 ------

MS. NURK: My name is Virginia Nurk, and I'm a Community Relations Coordinator for the Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection. I'll serve as the moderator for this evening's hearing regarding the Chapter 102 Permit Amendment Application submitted by Sunoco Pipeline, LP, or Sunoco, for the Mariner East II Pipeline near Marsh Creek State Park. The application was submitted on January 19th, 2022.

As you all know, these hearings are typically held in person in the area in which the proposed changes are being requested. While the majority of COVID-19 restrictions have since been lifted, many still feel unsafe gathering in person in large groups indoors. In an effort to make this proceeding available and to as many interested stakeholders as possible, this hearing is being held virtually in tandem with an open public comment period hosted from February 5th, 2022 until March 11th, 2022. This hearing is accessible by both internet and phone, and written comments can be submitted electronically, through email, or mailed directly to the Southeast Regional Office. And all

comments, regardless of the method in which they are submitted, carry equal weight and consideration before DEP.

amendment application on January 19th, 2022 as required under the terms of the December 6th, 2021 consent order and agreement between DEP, the Pennsylvania Department of Conservation and natural Resources, and Sunoco. Sunoco is requesting to increase their limit of disturbance by 4.06 acres for earth disturbance activities and temporary storage of dredge material. This will support the dewatering of sediment to be dredged from a predetermined area of Marsh Creek Lake, and the areas to be dredged are outlined in the impact assessment and restoration plan which is available on the project webpage. Upon completion of the project, all areas would be restored.

We're here this evening to receive oral comments from interested stakeholders, neighbors, residents, and legislators on the amendment application that I've just summarized.

DEP does not dictate who can or cannot present comments or the testimony. Commenters are taken in the order in which they contacted me and they've

been added to this list for this evening. Again, I would like to reiterate that all comments whether delivered here tonight or submitted in writing or sent via email before the end of the comment period on March 11th will be treated with equal weight and consideration as DEP continues and finishes its technical review of this request.

A few reminders as for the format of this evening. Unlike a public meeting where there is a back and forth question and answer format, this formal public hearing is designed for DEP to receive testimony. DEP will not respond to questions during the hearing, but rather will receive all comments received and provide written responses in a public document.

As I've mentioned previously, comments provided in writing carry equal consideration to those provided orally. Those who have preregistered with me will be unmuted in the order you registered and given three minutes to provide your comments. Once your time has expired or you have concluded your remarks, you will be remuted and the next person on the list will be unmuted and given their town time. Again, speakers will be called upon in the order in which they registered and all

other participants and those who did not indicate they were interested in speaking will remain muted for the duration of the hearing. Use of threatening or offensive language will result in a warning or potential removal from the event, and I ask that you each please respect the three minute timeline.

In order to capture all oral testimony, the event is being transcribed by a stenographer who is on the line to provide an official transcript of this evening's hearing. The transcript from this hearing will be added to the community information page when it is received by DEP from the recording service.

We will not be using the chat function to submit questions or comments and ask that you please limit the chat box to limiting us know the technical issues you may have. Comments submitted in the chat box will not be collected. Only those submitted through the means of which I've outlined.

To that end, we will now begin taking formal testimony. Please forgive any mispronunciations, and we ask that you please state your first and last name before you begin your comment. If you've joined through your computer, in a moment you'll see the lists of speakers and a

three minute timer on the screen so that you may track your time. And for those joining by phone, I'll let you know when you have about 30 seconds left.

I'm going to switch phones real quick.

And we will go ahead and begin. The first speaker
is Christina PK DiGulio followed by Jim Snell.

 $\underline{\text{MR. JAGIELA:}} \quad \text{Virginia, I do not see}$  Christina on the line.

MS. NURK: Okay. Okay.

We'll go back to Christina. Maybe she's joining late. Okay, Jim. Are you on the line?

MR. SNELL: Yes, I am. Good evening.

MS. NURK: Good evening, Jim. So you

have three minutes.

MR. SNELL: All right.

My name is Jim Snell, Business Manager for Teamsters Local 420 which covers the City of Philadelphia and its four collared counties as well as the Allentown and Reading areas. All told, our union is several hundred strong. We have been on the job on the Mariner East Pipeline network and work the industrial complex since day one, which is why we support the major permit amendment for work

near the Marsh Creek Lake.

Pennsylvania's communities stretching the southeast have benefitted tremendously from the Mariner Easter, both environmentally and economically. This restoration will do the same as it goes above and beyond what is typically done following an inadvertent return of drilling fluid. Meaning this work actually could help to improve the condition of the lake compared to water quality and habitat before the incident.

Here are some of the benefits.

Constructing additional habitat, removing nuisance wildlife, enhancing water quality, increasing water depth, insuring long-term water quality monitoring.

More ever - more over, excuse me, the drudging work will address a condition that really isn't even harmful because bentonite isn't harmful. In fact, most public water reservoirs and manmade lakes are created using bentonite, which is a naturally occurring mineral substance.

Approval of this permit request is ultimately in the best interest of the surrounding region. The recently completed pipeline construction has brought many jobs to Pennsylvania, and will provide reliable, affordable energy to

surrounding areas. Now we need to ensure the developers have the tools and access necessary to complete its promised restoration work. Finally, on behalf of Teamsters Local 420, I urge DEP to allow the restoration work to be completed at Marsh Creek and fulfill the cleanup agreement between the developer and the state to advance. Thank you very much for your time.

MS. NURK: Okay.

Thank you, Jim. Next we have Mike

Butler followed by Thomas Shepstone. Mike. Darek,
do we see Mike on the line? Darek?

MR. JAGIELA: I'm sorry about that.

14 I'm seeing his line was unmuted. Hold on.

MR. BUTLER: Hello? Hello? Can you hear me? This is Mike.

MS. NURK: Hi, Mike. You're up.

MR. BUTLER: Okay.

Sorry, I wasn't sure. I wasn't

20 working there.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

17

Good evening. My name's Mike Butler.

22 I'm the Mid-Atlantic Executive Director for the

23 Consumer Energy Alliance. Consumer Energy Alliance

24 is a non-partisan, non-profit organization and our

25 mission is to help insure American families and

businesses have access to reliable, affordable, and environmentally sound resources.

Consumer Energy Alliance supports
energy in all forms, both traditional and new
renewable technologies so we can continue to meet
the demand of our communities, our climate
expectations, continued progress toward our net zero
goals, maintain our energy security, all while
keeping the reliability needs of families and
businesses in mind.

I'm asking the Department of
Environmental Protection to support the Mariner East
Pipeline restoration project in Chester County so we
can bring this project to conclusion. While the
Marine Easter Pipeline construction may be finished,
we still have work to do so - work to do to restore
the construction site and other work areas. I think
we all know already how important this pipeline is
in terms of stimulating the economy, producing
domestic energy resources, and generating jobs.

Restoration work here is just as important. Approval of this amendment is in the best interest of Pennsylvania's economy and its environment. The work will benefit certain habitats, water quality will be enhanced, water

depth will be improved, long term water quality monitoring will be added for protection.

With respect to concerns about bentonite, it is important to note that it's an FDA approved, naturally occurring mineral substance. Bentonite has been the preferred method for projects for years, including well construction, lake, pond, and reservoir construction, and stream restoration. This has never been a question. Opponents will challenge anything the pipeline developer does, but there are many - many environmental benefits to be had here. Now is the time to support this permit amendment and ensure the project developers have the necessary tools to complete this restoration work under the water of environmental regulators.

For these reasons, Consumer Energy
Alliance encourages the DEP to allow the complete
restoration work of Marsh Creek to move forward by
approving the application amendment. I appreciate
your consideration, thank you.

#### MS. NURK: Okay.

Thank you, Mike Butler. Next we have Thomas Shepstone followed by Carl Marrara. Thomas, are you on the line?

MR. JAGIELA: I do not see Thomas on

13

```
1
    the line, Virginia.
2
                   MS. NURK:
                              Okay.
3
                   We'll allow him to come back.
4
    have Christina with us yet, Darek?
5
                   MR. JAGIELA: Not from what I can see.
6
                   MS. NURK:
                              Okay.
7
                   How about Carl?
8
                   MR. JAGIELA: Yes.
9
                   MS. NURK: Okay, Carl?
10
                   MR. MARRARA:
                                 Yes, I'm here. Can you
11
    hear me?
12
                   MS. NURK:
                              Sure can.
                                         Your turn.
                   MR. MARRARA: Great, thanks so much.
13
14
    My name is Carl Marrara. I'm the Vice President of
    Government Affairs for the Pennsylvania
15
    Manufacturers Association. We are the statewide
16
17
    non-profit trade organization representing the
18
    people who make things in our Commonwealth.
                                                  Having
19
    more than $93 billion in gross fit product,
20
    employing more than half a million workers in our
    shop force, and sustaining millions of additional
21
22
    jobs through supply chains, distribution networks,
23
    and industrial vendors.
24
                   We want to thank you for the
25
    opportunity to voice our support of the approval of
```

the Mariner East II Pipeline restoration amendment for Marsh Creek Lake in Chester County. Our Commonwealth, and more specifically their communities in Southeastern Pennsylvania already benefit from the Mariner East Pipeline network with the promise of greater opportunities to come now that construction is finished.

The pipeline created numerous jobs and improved the overall energy infrastructure of our Commonwealth. But the bigger picture isn't realized just because the product is flowing through these lines. The last piece of the puzzle of this bigger picture is also the restoration work of the areas and the completion of worksites, just like the one being discussed today. That will end disruptions from construction and help us realize the full environmental and economic benefits of this project.

This amendment is requested for earth disturbance activities and temporary storage of dredge material to support the dewatering of sediment dredge from the areas of Marsh Creek Lake. The agreed to dredging is beyond - is beyond the requirement because the work being done is addressing a condition that is not harmful, this being the potential bentonite in limited areas of

the lake bed. Bentonite is a non-toxic, naturally occurring mineral substance the DEP lists in its engineering manual for mining operations as a preferred method to restore streams.

2.4

When the Marsh Creek Dam was constructed by 1970 and 1973, bentonite was used in the dam wall to prevent seepage. Chester County Health Department regulations list bentonite grout as one of the required grout options when constructing residential wells.

The reality is that dredging and restoration work which improves habitat improvement, removal of invasive species, enhanced water quality goes far above and beyond what would typically be done following the - an inadvertent return of drilling fluid.

The Mariner East construction is finished, and let's finish the restoration work too. DEP should approve this permit amendment so that developers have the necessary tools and access needed to complete the square and fulfill its full commitment to the Commonwealth. Thank you for your time and for your consideration.

MS. NURK: Okay.

Thank you, Carl. Next we have Bill

Adams.

MR. ADAMS: Hello. My name is Bill Adams, and I am the President and Assistant Business Manager of the International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers, Local 654. I thank you for the opportunity to speak.

Our union asks that the Department of Environmental Protection approve the permit amendment for restoration work in the Marsh Creek Lake area so the project can be completed in a timely manner. IBW Local 654 represents thousands of hardworking Pennsylvanians, many of whom live, work, and play in the area around Marsh Creek and Chester County.

Just as we have a vested interest in ensuring Mariner Easter was constructed properly and is operated responsibly, we also have a vested interest in ensuring the agreement between state and developer for work here is executed in the best possible way. The amendment request is designed to support the dewatering of sediment dredged from a predetermined area of Marsh Creek Lake. The sediment will be pumped into an aqua management area. After dewatering, sediment will then be loaded off the truck to be disposed of offsite at an

approved disposal facility. All facilities necessary to do this work will be temporary, and all areas will be restored back to existing conditions, grade, and elevation following the work.

If the permit amendment is approved quickly, work on this project could begin in late March or early April. I think it's important to note that the restoration and dredging work goes far beyond - far above and beyond what would typically be done following an inadvertent return of drilling fluid. With this work, nuisance wildlife species will be removed, enhanced water quality will increase aquatic life production, restore the capacity of the reservoir at Willing Creek. These are just a few of the benefits.

The restoration plan actually will leave the lake in better conditions than its original state, something everyone should support regardless of their position on the pipeline.

Marine East II Pipeline project has already created an estimated \$9 billion in tax revenue and economic impact for Pennsylvania.

Construction recently finished on the final date.

There is no reason to delay the restoration work, so we at IBW 654 urge you to support the proposed

18 amendment in order to protect Pennsylvania's 1 2 environment, promote our energy economy, and help us 3 fully finish this project. Thank you. 4 MS. NURK: Okay. 5 Thank you, Bill. Next we have Helen 6 Kissick. Helen, are you on the line? 7 MS. KISSICK: I am. You can hear me 8 okay? 9 MS. NURK: Yes. And you dialed in, 10 correct? 11 I did, yep. MS. KISSICK: 12 MS. NURK: Okay. 13 So I - I will let you know if you get to, since you can't see the screen, 30 second kind 14 15 of warning if you're running out of time. 16 MS. KISSICK: No worries. I won't go 17 over, I promise. 18 Great. Go ahead and get MS. NURK: 19 started. 20 MS. KISSICK: Yeah, good evening. МУ name is Helen Kissick, and I am the President and 21 22 Executive Director for the Beaver County Chamber of 23 Commerce. I will be brief in my remarks. 24 Some may ask why a Chamber of Commerce 25 in Western Pennsylvania is concerned about the

cleanup and restoration of a site on the other side of the state. The fact is that our Chamber has been engaged with the Mariner East project for its earliest days of development. We realized that what we are seeing now with construction finished that the pipeline opens up enormous market opportunities for Western Pennsylvania drillers and brings tremendous benefits to our entire Commonwealth.

We also believe in finishing what we start. This is why I urge the Department of Environmental Protection to improve the erosion and sediment control permit amendment for Marsh Creek Lake related to Mariner East II. Pipeline construction can be disruptive, but once that construction finishes and restoration occurs, hardly anyone knows a pipeline even exists underfoot but for few above ground markers.

Now that the work on Mariner East has finished, restoration work should commence quickly. The proposed amendment relates to cleanup following a previously reported inadvertent return from drilling fluid. The work planned at this site goes far beyond what would normally be required for any similar incident. As it stands, the company proposes additional space onsite to do the job

effectively. DEP should see to it they have the access and tools they need to get the job done quickly. The proposed work site is temporary and all of it will be restored to existing conditions while the overall cleanup will benefit local water quality and the habitat around the lake because of the other requirements agreed to by DEP and the developer.

2.4

There's far too much not in my backyard these days. We've talked about the benefits that the pipeline brings to the entire state. We want to see the entire route of this pipeline restored as promised, and we believe the best way to do that is to approve this permit amendment so that the developer can get to work. Thank you.

MS. NURK: Okay.

Thank you. Thank you, Helen. Next is Senator Katie Muth. Darek, she might be - if she, you do not see the Senator, it might be under Nikola Whitlock.

 $\underline{\text{MR. JAGIELA:}} \quad \text{I do not see Senator}$  Muth or Nikola.

MS. NURK: Okay. All right.

Senator, we'll come back. Senator

Carolyn Comitta?

SENATOR COMITTA: Yes, hello. This is Senator Comitta. Can you hear me?

MS. NURK: We sure can, and it looks like you're dialing in. So if you need any - any help with anything, just let me know.

SENATOR COMITTA: I will, thank you very much.

 $\underline{\text{MS. NURK:}}$  Sure thing, go ahead.

SENATOR COMITTA: I'm State Senator

Carolyn Comitta representing the 19th District in

Chester County. I want to thank the DEP for holding
this hearing and thank all the residents and
community members for participating as well.

Like so many of my friends, neighbors, and constituents, I am concerned about yet another request from Sunoco to amend its permit. This time having to do with the cleanup of more than 20,000 gallons of drilling mud built into the Marsh Creek Lake in August of 2020. Let's not forget that Sunoco has routinely either failed to report or has underreported spills on the Mariner East project, including this one. According to the Attorney General's 45th statewide investigating grand jury report, Sunoco initially estimated approximately 400

gallons escaped into Marsh Creek Lake, but a DEP engineer calculated it to be between 21 and 28,000 gallons.

Now after two years and numerous work stoppages and violations on Mariner East, not to mention 48 charges for environmental crimes, it's very difficult to trust this company to monitor the cleanup of its own mess. And it creates a greater concern as this request calls for increasing the limit of disturbance by about four acres near the lake. Again, this appears to be a pattern of behavior by Sunoco. The repeated permit modifications that made it extremely challenging for residents to closely follow this project while further deteriorating public trust that will - that things will be done safely and properly.

In addition, I am concerned about the impact that expanded operations on this larger site will have on the quality of life of the residents and homeowners. During processing and transporting large quantities of sediment will surely lead to more noise, dust, and work vehicle traffic, impacts that this community has already endured during pipeline construction.

While I'm eager to see the lake -

eager to see the lake fully and properly remediated, 1 2 I respectfully ask DEP to carefully consider Sunoco's track record on this project and the 3 potential for further significant impact on 4 5 residents. Residents who have been dealing with 6 spills and problems since drilling began in 2017. 7 Previously, I urged DEP to deny other permit 8 modifications and extension requests from Sunoco until all the appropriate steps for remediation at 9 10 Marsh Creek were addressed. Today, I ask DEP to hold Sunoco fully accountable in fully cleaning up 11 Marsh Creek effectively, efficiently, and with 12 13 minimal continued impact on our community, our 14 environmental, local ecology, shared water 15 resources, and public health and safety. Thank you very much for your time and consideration. 16 17 MS. NURK: 18

MS. NURK: Thank you so much, Senator. We're going to go next to Representative Danielle Friel-Otten. I did hear that Christina has joined us, so we'll go first to the Representative and then Christina will go, we'll circle back to you.

22 Representative Danielle Friel-Otten.

19

20

21

23

24

25

REPRESENTATIVE FRIEL-OTTEN: Thank you Virginia, and thank you for the opportunity to provide testimony on Sunoco's major amendment

application for the cleanup at Marsh Creek.

I have multiple concerns about this concerns about this plan. To start, Sunoco has
received 126 notices of violation and has been
charged with 48 environmental crimes related to
Mariner East construction. They cannot be trusted
to monitor around the lot. Allowing them to oversee
this cleanup would be a completely irresponsible
decision. Oversight must be conducted by an
independent third party not selected by Sunoco. The
oversight must be under the supervision of DCNR or
DEP and a dedicated overseer must be onsite
throughout the operation.

I'm also very concerned about the impacts to the lake water and to groundwater at the dewatering site. This application proposes the use of flocculant to dewater sediments pumped from Marsh Creek Lake. The plan calls for the water remaining after sediment settles to be filtered before it's returned to the lake, but there is no plan for testing that liquid to determine the presence or concentration of flocculant or in the presence of any contaminants resulting from unapproved additives to the drilling mine, including prefluorinated compounds commonly referred to as PFAS, also known

as forever chemicals.

This risk is not hypothetical. The Attorney General has criminally charged Sunoco for adding unapproved, undisclosed additives in Mariner East drilling fluids. Water must be tested for these contaminants before it's returned to the lake, and the contaminated water must be treated as wastewater.

Finally, I'm very concerned about the impact to residents. The dewatering site is in a residential neighborhood. Sunoco must confine its construction, dewatering, and hauling activities to the agreed upon hours and days and must agree in writing with Upper Uwchlan Township to repair and repave all streets in the neighborhood when work is completed.

Sunoco must be required to bear the cost and responsibility of remediating any unforeseen damage, pollution, impacts to residents or other consequences of this operation. I urge the DEP to reject this major amendment as submitted. We are all more than eager for full remediation of the lake and the reopening of Range of Cove but for the first - but first the Department of Environmental Protection must do everything in its power to ensure

that this cleanup is done safely, correctly, and 1 2 with minimal impact to the residents. The citizens 3 of Pennsylvania cannot continue to bear the 4 consequences of Sunoco's careless and negligent 5 operation. Thank you again for allowing me to share 6 my comments this evening. 7 MS. NURK: Thank you so much,

MS. NURK: Thank you so much,

Representative. Next we're going to go back to

Christina. Are you with us?

8

9

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

10 MS. DIGULIO: I am here. Can you hear 11 me?

12 <u>MS. NURK:</u> Okay, great. Yes, I can 13 hear you.

 $\underline{\text{MS. DIGULIO:}} \quad \text{Thank you, if you can}$  forgive me, please. I'm sorry for any complications here.

So I want to not repeat what most I've heard. Thank you, both Senator Carolyn Comitta and Representative Danielle Friel-Otten for exacting what you say. I agree and confer. As a chemist I will say one thing, and I have been saying this, that we don't know the impacts because there has been no studies done. So while we sit here and allow a criminal to clean up the crime scene, how do we know that if they go out there and find that it

has actually expanded beyond the contamination zone that they're going to be honest about that?

So mainly again with what Danielle said, there are - there's lack of data and understanding. And what we're asking everybody to, and especially the DEP. The DEP to actually do what they are as a scientific agency is to ensure the community that your science is solid and I don't believe it is. I've been asking for groundwater usage studies, and in the same sense with this cleanup I want to see a full impact study on what this will do to the ecology to the lake to the community.

And just like Danielle said, yeah. The community will be impacted. Are we talking about how many diesel trucks running through the community? Are you doing any air monitoring at this time to see that if people are impacted at the time these trucks do enter into their world that, you know, say somebody is impacted and it ruins their health. How can they have any ability to say that it's due to this mistake that accompanies it? They should not have to burden the impact.

And if we want to help people, I suggest our scientific agencies start by providing

by good practices of science and before you say you know what's going on, maybe stop with your hypotheticals and theories and start testing because you have the ability and the technology to do so.

So in order to protect the health and safety of this community and our environment, I request that you do full impact studies on water, on the air before you ever allow this serial perpetrator and serial offender criminally charged to operate in our community as if they are going to do it well again. That seems we haven't learned our lesson. I believe that our government is much more intelligent than that. Thank you.

### MS. NURK: Okay.

Sorry. Thank you so much for those comments. And hearing we still don't have Senator Muth, so I'm going to go on to Libby. Are you on the line?

MS. MADARASZ: I am, can you hear me?

MS. NURK: Sure can.

MS. MADARASZ: Okay.

My name is Libby Madarasz, and nearly every day, actually in the morning, I kayak along the trails at Marsh Creek Lake. It's a really special place for me. I was one of the first people

on the site to document the pollutant bentonite that polluted the lake.

This plan for Sunoco to cleanup our lake boils down to one thing: trust. Do we trust Sunoco to do a careful job without doing any more damage to the environment? Can we trust a corporation with 126 DEP violations and 48 environmental crimes? What do we suppose will be Sunoco's main objective? Judging by their past performances, that is easy. The bottom line is cost and expediency.

Sunoco will be using flocculants to save time and money. The flocculants are fast and effective in separating liquids and solids, but are they safe for the creatures that inhabit the lake? In higher concentrations, they can be toxic to aquatic plants, fish, and the Bald Eagles and Osprey who feed on them. How can we be assured that this criminal corporation won't do more harm?

Time and time again, the DEP has given Sunoco a task when mandating that they adhere to state laws and regulations. Just around the corner from my house, Sunoco filled the wetlands and a local trout street with grout, a violation of the Clean Streams Act. Because it went unpunished, this

violation didn't occur just once but again and again and again.

Sunoco's job is to lay pipe and pump petroleum and natural gas liquids through them.

I've listened to the exact same talking points from the electrical union, the steam fitters union, and somebody from Beaver County. They are not environmental experts. That is the job of the Department of Environmental Protection. I'm asking you to please do just that and protect the environment and require Sunoco to hire an outside firm that specializes in environmental cleanup to safely restore Marsh Creek Lake so that I can paddle once again into the range or arm of the lake and enjoy the wildlife there.

Please do not trust Sunoco to take care of our lake. They've already failed miserably once. Please do your job and protect the environment. Thank you for giving me this opportunity to speak.

MS. NURK: Thanks, Libby. I think we're still trying to get Senator Muth on the line, so we're going to go - okay. Do we have Senator Muth? I think we have you.

SENATOR MUTH: Yes. Hopefully you can

hear me, sorry.

MS. NURK: Yeah, we can hear you. Great, okay. Go ahead when you're ready.

SENATOR MUTH: Thank you again for having me this evening and for hosting this important public comment.

I would like to start with saying that as explained to me last year when there was DEP officials that visited the Marsh Creek Lake, they promised - pipeline being completed. Obviously, that was an empty promise that did not happen and currently, we still have 28,000 gallons of crap sitting in the lake, hazardous waste sitting in the lake that has not been cleaned up.

While I appreciate the cleanup efforts, they're long overdue and I'm concerned about the process in which the plan is set forth relative to the dewatering.

The testing of Marsh Creek Lake following the Sunoco spill in August of 2020 has been scattered. Data has been unavailable to the public, and as of today as an elected official I received finally a follow-up email regarding some of the questions around the use of other substances during Mariner East Pipeline construct across the

counties that it spans in our Commonwealth which was reported on in the grand jury report by the Office of the Attorney General in October. There was I believe it's 60 to 63 cites, use of unapproved substances and drilling activities just off those mains. Some of those mains have proprietary components to them so the public does not know truly what was in them.

There has been a tremendous amount of research coming forward seeing - or showing rather how the EPA and other state agencies have known about the different types of chemicals and components used in drilling fluid, whether it be for hydraulic fracturing or for HB drilling. So when we talk about those, we need a test for those. We don't know, we don't test for it and I'm incredible disappointed and worried about what is exactly in this lake relative to the spill from Sunoco.

There is no testing on PFAS, and I've been told there's no indication to test for PFAS,

PFO, or any of its components. And that Sunoco likely doesn't use it in its drilling fluid. Again, we don't know what we don't test for. And if I'm wrong about it or the public is wrong about this worry, then why don't you test for it and prove that

it doesn't exist within the hazardous waste that's sitting at the bottom of the lake?

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

There's also concerns about what is, exactly soap is used during the drilling process and what the lubricant chemicals are which can be obviously related to PFAS or what's in the lake that will remain in the lake or dewatered into the lake still allowed for later development as we've seen certain chemicals and compounds can degrade over time into PFAS components.

This is a drinking water source, and to not do a full span of testing with an independent lab not picked by Sunoco is absolutely gross negligence. And the public deserves to know what is in the lake now, and if you plan to dredge it out, pull it out, put it in tanks and dewater and put that water right back into a drinking water source, it would be great. It would be responsible. would be restoring people's trust in government if you could please test to show us what's really in there considering there's no baseline testing for what's in drilling fluid. The public has limited information about what is used by each operator permitted by the DEP. We absolutely have to test for these things. If they're not there, great.

Move on, clean up the lake. But you deserve - the public deserves to know. They have to know. That's your job as the entity supposed to protect the environment.

2.4

with this operator as we know they've had hundreds notices of - hundreds of violations, breaking our laws, Clean Streams laws. All of it is a violation. A felony charge, multiple other criminal and environmental charges that are pending, and the reluctance of this agency to hold them honorable and to continue to give them special conditions and treatment within permits, including permit renewals. And again, this cleanup was supposed to be done already. And it hasn't been and the tests are inadequate.

We know that this lake is a drinking water source, it's a recreational source. There's going to be truck traffic. This is a massive inconvenience to the community and it - as was the spill. Therefore, more - more reasons for DEP to do the right thing and do this testing and make it public, and - and prove to us that what's being dewatered is not harmful to the environment. Also if this company has enough money to tell

shareholders that they're on their way to, you know, they're - they're done and there's still ongoing construction, they have enough money to help fund the testing through an independent entity that can be selected.

And if we can't find out where these true drilling fluids - report, that's really
troubling to not know if these agencies have had
communication between DCNR, DEP, and OAG to know
where this is done. It has to be known, and the
public needs to have faith in that.

You know, I - in our Commonwealth whereas you know, the government has the obligation to - the assets of the public which is our clean air and our clean water. And I urge this Department to do the right thing, to show us that you aren't loyal to a corporate polluter and actually do the job that you were designed to do, funded by taxpayers, to keep and protect our environment safe and to show us that what is happening here within this proposed permit is actually safe and isn't going to further harm our drinking water supply more so than Sunoco certainly already has across 17 counties. Thank you for allowing me to participate tonight.

MS. NURK: Thank you so much for those

comments. We have - and I'm glad you were able to get on the line as well. We have Tammy Murphy -.

SENATOR MUTH: Thank you.

MS. MURPHY: Hi. I'm going to yield my time tonight, and submit written comments. So thank you for the offer, and - and thanks for allowing me to register for that time. I'm actually going to send written comments tonight.

MS. NURK: Okay, sounds great.

MS. MURPHY: Thank you.

MS. NURK: Yep, for sure. And last we have Virginia Kerslake.

MS. MARCILLE-KERSLAKE: Thank you, can you hear me?

MS. NURK: We sure can.

MS. MARCILLE-KERSLAKE: My name is
Virginia Marcille-Kerslake, and I'm a resident of
Chester County. And specifically, West Whiteland
Township. The community is deeply impacted and put
at risk of a catastrophic explosion by Mariner East.

I'm knowledgeable about Mariner East.

Knowledgeable enough to know that much of what we heard at the very beginning of this hearing from the industry representatives was untrue. On top of that, my background is in geology and soil

chemistry.

I'm also a regulator visitor to Marsh Creek Lake to kayak and hike. Like so many people here, I treasure it. I was there on August 10th, 2020 and witnessed Sunoco trying to contain the spill of almost 30,000 gallons of drilling fluid into our lake. It was deeply disturbing. It's just as disturbing that in December of last year, the DEP allowed construction at the lake to resume before the spill was even cleaned up.

The plan Sunoco has submitted which I have thoroughly reviewed raises multiple concerns. I'll take this opportunity to address a few. First of all, no one analysis was conducted on contaminants which will be discharged to the lake after the dewatering of sediments. We know from AG Shapiro's grand jury investigation and criminal charges that Sunoco used unapproved additives in their drilling line. Were these used at HDB 290, and will they be in solution after the dewatering process?

A flocculant is being added to the water to slurry at a concentration twice the toxicity limit to aquatic life. No analysis was done on that in the discharge either. Secondly, no

explanation was given by Sunoco as to why another site wasn't chosen for dewatering and hauling away sediment which would have had far less impact on residents.

But what struck me the most in reviewing Sunoco's plan is this. The cleanup of Marsh Creek Lake should not be entrusted to a corporation which has amassed an unprecedented 126 notices of violation and 48 charges for environmental cause for Mariner East construction. A company that has repeatedly shown it cannot be trusted.

It's clear the DEP must reject Sunoco's plan and require that the assessment of the full extent and nature of the contamination and the design and implementation of the cleanup be conducted by a qualified, reputable, and independent third party paid for by Sunoco. Their refusal to do so should mean at minimum forfeiture of the \$4 million bond paid in the December 6th, 2021 consent order and agreement.

The DEP failed to do its job in

December when you allowed construction to continue
while this spill still pollutes our lake and
drinking water reservoir. I am requesting you to do

your job now. Reject this plan, and have Marsh Creek Lake properly assessed and remediated by a third party. I can safely say I speak for many who are similarly frustrated over the DEP's lack of environmental protection on this project when I say please, do your job. Thank you.

#### MS. NURK: Okay.

2.4

Thank you for those comments. And with that, I'll do one last call for Thomas

Shepstone. I don't believe we have him on the line.

So with that -.

MR. JAGIELA: No, I don't see him on the line.

### MS. NURK: No? Okay.

I'm just going to put - okay. So with that, you should all be able to see this email address and physical address. So we'll go ahead and conclude this evening's hearing. We made it through all of the speakers, and we will continue to accept comments as part of the open public comment period on the amendment application until March 11th, 2022. And you can send those comments to the email address on the screen or directly to our office, and it also is there on the screen. And for those of you on the line, it is ra-epww-sero@pa.gov, or in the mail to

DEP's Southeast Regional Office, Waterways and Wetlands Program, 2 East Main Street, Norristown, Pennsylvania 19401. And like I said a few times earlier, all comments whether you've delivered them here at the hearing or you mailed them or you emailed them, all carry equal weight. They'll all be catalogued in the comment and response document which will be posted to the website, a copy of the transcript from tonight's hearing will also be made available on the project website which can be found at www.dep.pa.gov/southeast. And with that, I'd like to just thank everyone for being here and for your participation. And on behalf of DEP, we appreciate your feedback and your interest. Have a good night.

\* \* \* \* \* \* \*

HEARING CONCLUDED AT 6:49 P.M.

\* \* \* \* \* \* \*

## CERTIFICATE

I hereby certify that the foregoing proceedings, hearing was held before Community Relations

Coordinator Nurk, was reported by me on March 8, 2022 and that I, Brian D. O'Hare, read this transcript and that I attest that this transcript is a true and accurate record of the proceeding.

Dated the 15 day of March, 2022

Brian D. O'Hare

Court Reporter