

# Pennsylvania Climate Action Plan 2021

Agricultural Advisory Board December 9, 2021

Tom Wolf, Governor

Patrick McDonnell, Secretary

# Today's Presenter



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## DEP Climate Program

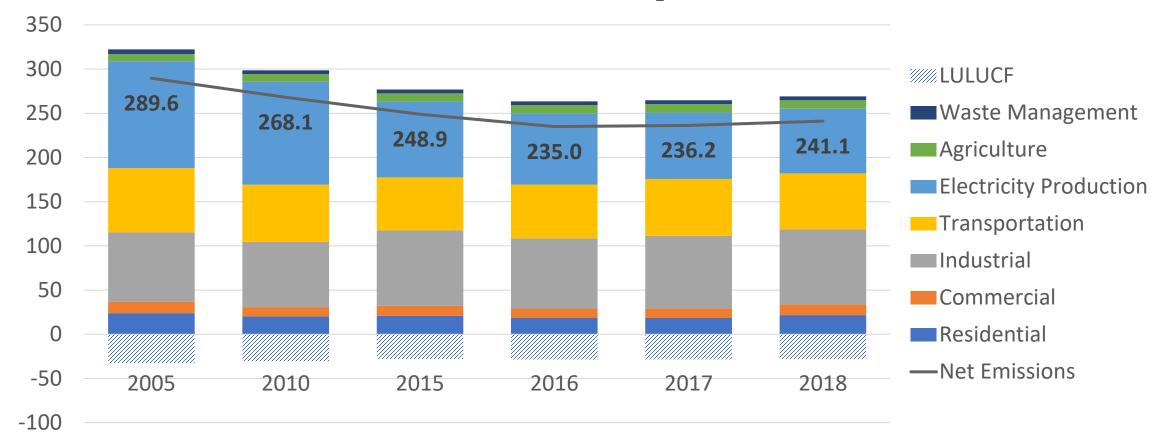
# Pennsylvania Climate Change Act (Act 70 of 2008) Requires DEP to:

- Develop a <u>climate impacts assessment</u> (3 yrs.)
- Prepare and update a <u>climate action plan</u> (3 yrs.)
- Develop an inventory of greenhouse gases (GHGs) (update annually)
- Administer a <u>climate change advisory committee</u> (CCAC) (bimonthly)
- Set up a voluntary registry of GHG emissions (<u>TCR</u>)



# **GHG Emissions Inventory**

#### GHG Emissions (MMTCO<sub>2</sub>e) by Sector



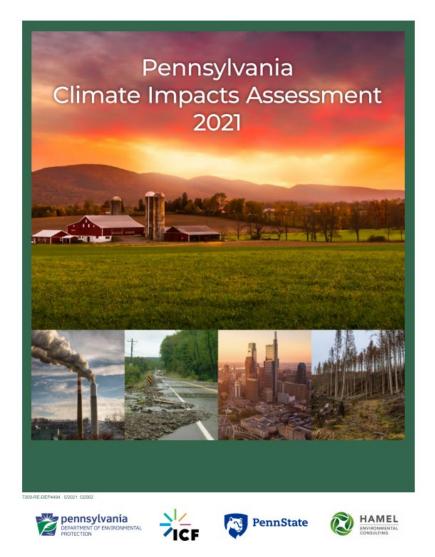


#### 2021 Impacts Assessment Focus Areas and Updates

#### **Purpose of this Report:**

- Update: Reflect latest available information on climate science and impacts
- Risk-based approach: Understand relative timing and severity of impacts to inform overall risk ratings and priorities for adaptation
- Make it actionable: Directly inform priority adaptation actions in the Climate Action Plan (CAP)





## Pennsylvania Climate Action Plan 2021

#### **Purpose of this Report:**

- Updated BAU Emissions Scenario Projections
- Outlines a pathway to reaching PA's GHG reduction goals: 26% by 2025 and 80% by 2050 from 2005 levels
- Quantifies GHG reduction and economic costs/benefits of climate action
- Includes discussion on the role of "enabling technologies" in meeting PA's GHG reduction goals
- Priority adaptation actions directly informed by the Pennsylvania Climate Impacts Assessment 2021
- Focus on equity throughout



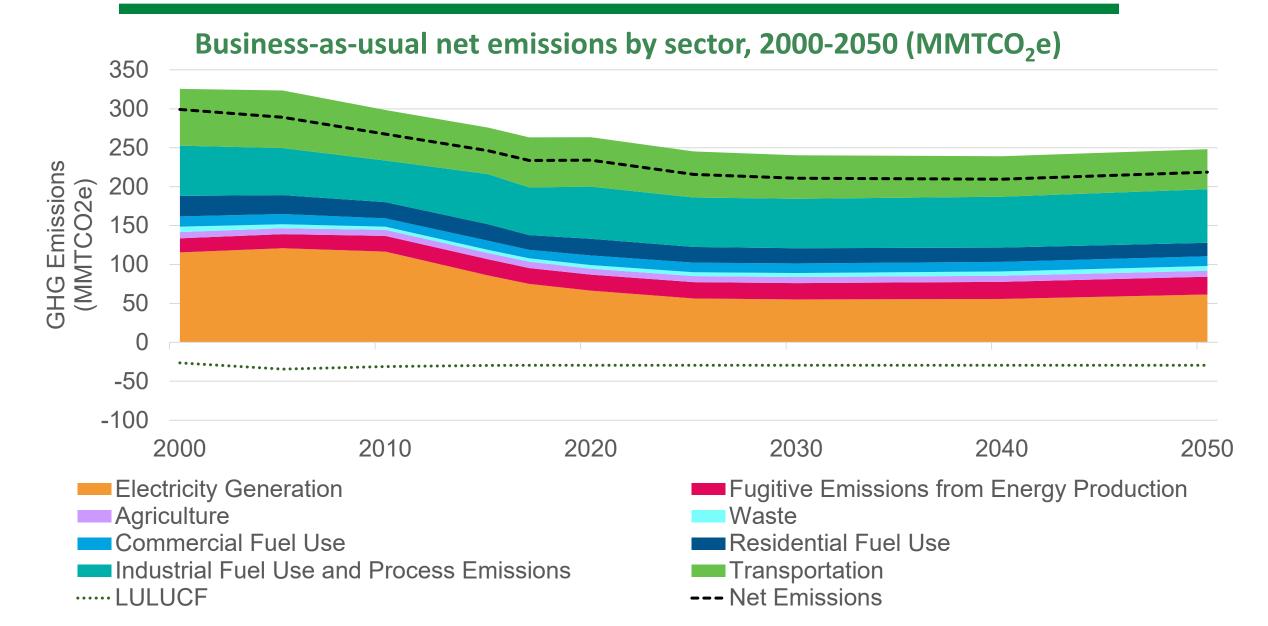
Strategies for government, business, agriculture, and community leaders—and all Pennsylvanians







#### Pennsylvania Climate Action Plan – Business As Usual



#### Pennsylvania Climate Action Plan – Business As Usual

#### GHG reductions by strategy, through 2050 (MMTCO<sub>2</sub>e) 350 Base Year, 2005 300 250 200 150 100 50 2050 GHG Emission **Reduction Goal** 0 2005 2010 2015 2020 2025 2030 2035 2050 2000 2040 2045 **Reductions Needed** LULUCF Fuel Supply Agriculture Industrial Electricity Generation Buildings Transportation ·····Goal Emissions —BAU GHG Emissions -GHG Emissions to Date —Start of Projections 8

# Pennsylvania Climate Action Plan – Strategies

#### Start Now and Implement in 5 years:

- A. Institute the most up-to-date building codes for energy efficiency.
- B&C. Improve residential and commercial energy efficiency.
- E. Increase distributed on-site solar energy.
- J. Increase Industrial energy efficiency and fuel switching.
- P. Use programs and incentives to increase energy efficiency for agriculture.
- L. Incentivize use of distributed combined heat and power.
- N. Keep nuclear energy generation at current levels.



# Pennsylvania Climate Action Plan – Strategies

#### Start Now and Implement in 10 years:

- D. Incentivize building electrification.
- F. Increase fuel efficiency of light-duty vehicles and reduce vehicle miles traveled for single-occupied vehicles.
- H. Increase use of light-duty electric vehicles.
- I. Institute a low-carbon fuel standard to reduce the carbon intensity of transportation fuels.
- K. Increase capture of biogenic methane from non-fossil sources, including animal manure, food waste, and landfill gas, for use in by commercial and industrial properties.
- M. Reduce fugitive methane emissions from fossil fuel extraction industries such as oil and natural gas operations.
- Q. Provide training and tools for agricultural best practices.
- R. Increase land and forest management to increase carbon absorption.



- G. Implement a multi-state Memorandum of Understanding to make all medium- and heavy-duty vehicle sales zero emissions vehicles by 2050.
- O. Establish a carbon emissions-free grid.



## Pennsylvania Climate Action Plan – Strategies

 Agriculture GHG emissions with reduction strategies compared to business as usual

 2025

 2050

 0.00
 1.00
 2.00
 3.00
 4.00
 5.00
 6.00
 7.00
 8.00
 9.00

MMTCO<sub>2</sub>e GHG emissions when implementing reduction strategies BAU GHG emissions

#### Agriculture sector GHG reduction strategies and associated reductions (MTCO<sub>2</sub>e)

GHG Reduction Strategy	2025	2050			
P. Use programs, tools, and incentives to increase energy efficiency for agriculture	2,069	2,965			
Q. Provide trainings and tools to implement agricultural best practices	145,799	229,597			
Total GHG Reductions	147,868	<b>232,562</b>			

#### Pennsylvania Climate Action Plan – Enabling Tech

#### **Enabling Technologies**

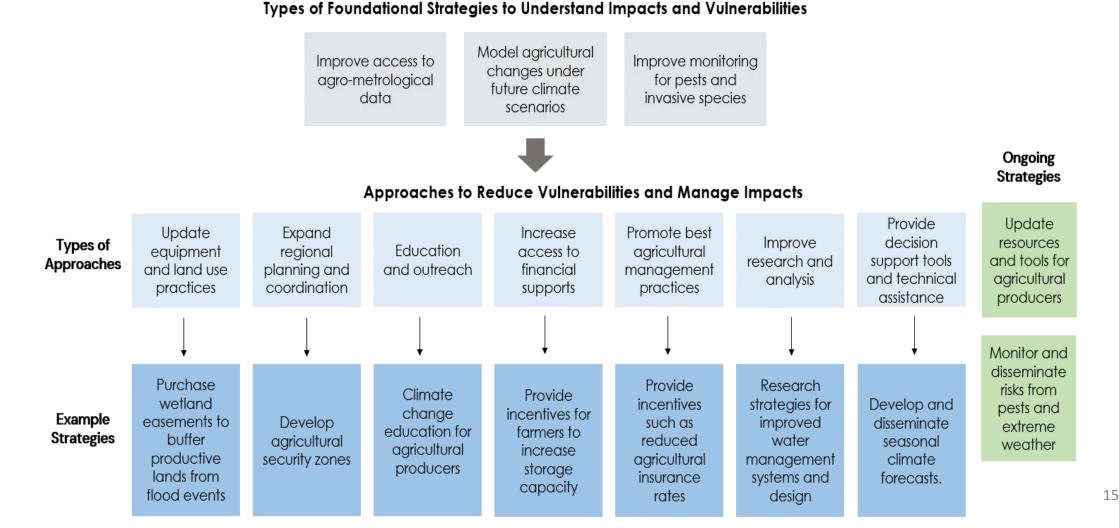
- Incentivizing grid-level battery storage;
- Power-to-gas and blue and green hydrogen;
- Carbon capture, utilization, and storage (CCUS);
- Direct Air Capture (DAC);
- Peak energy load and balancing strategies;
- Carbon offsets; and
- Disruptive digital technologies.



- For each adaptation priority, develop an "adaptation pathway" a recommended sequence of strategies to adapt to and prepare for climate change impacts
- Environmental justice and equity focus areas prioritize reducing impacts on already overburdened and vulnerable populations
- Adaptation priority areas by hazard and consequence category:
  - Primary focuses: health, environmental justice and equity, and built infrastructure
  - Primary hazards: increasing average temperature, heat waves, and flooding

	1. Impacts of Increasing Average Temperatures and Heat Waves on Health				2. Impacts of Flooding and Storms on Health			3. Impacts of Increasing Average Temperatures on Environmental Justice and Equity			4. Impacts of Flooding on Environmental Justice and Equity				
5. Impact Increasing Av Temperatur Forests, Ecosy and Wild	verage es on vstems,		6. Impacts of a Warmer and Wetter Climate on Agriculture			7. Impacts of Increasing Average Temperatures on Recreation and Tourism			8. Impact Changing Cli Built Infrastr		imate on		9. Impacts of Landslides on Built Infrastructure		

# Example: Adaptation strategy pathway to reduce the impacts of a warmer and wetter climate on agriculture



#### Example set of strategies to be pursued to support farmers vulnerable to a warmer and wetter climate

Foundational Strategy Type: Improve access to agrometerological data

**Strategy:** Establish a network of agro-meteorological stations statewide to collect climate observations, including estimates of evapotranspiration.

Actor: PDA

Timing: As soon as possible

Approach: Improve research and analysis

**Strategy**: Support research on drivers of current crop planting behaviors (e.g., crop prices, insurance availability) to determine ways to modify behaviors.

Actor: PDA

Timing: Ongoing as vulnerable crops and regions are identified Approach: Increase access to financial supports

**Strategy:** Promote awareness of the USDA Farm Services Agency's Conservation Loan Program for infrastructure adaptation (e.g., irrigation, livestock facilities).

Actor: PDA

Timing: As soon as possible

Approach: Improve research and analysis

**Strategy**: Expand technical assistance programs to help farmers make decisions about sustainable crops and production practices

Actor: PDA, state universities, NRCS

Timing: Ongoing as best management practices are updated



Case Study

#### **USDA Northeast Climate Hubs**



The USDA's climate hubs provide a wide array of information and resources on climate impacts to agriculture and on adaptation opportunities. The Northeast Hub aims to fill gaps and supply the needed resources for agricultural producers, including farmers and other stakeholders in Pennsylvania.

https://www.climatehubs.usda.gov/hubs/ northeast





# Thank you!

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DEP Climate Website: <u>www.dep.pa.gov/climate</u> DEP Website: <u>www.dep.pa.gov</u>