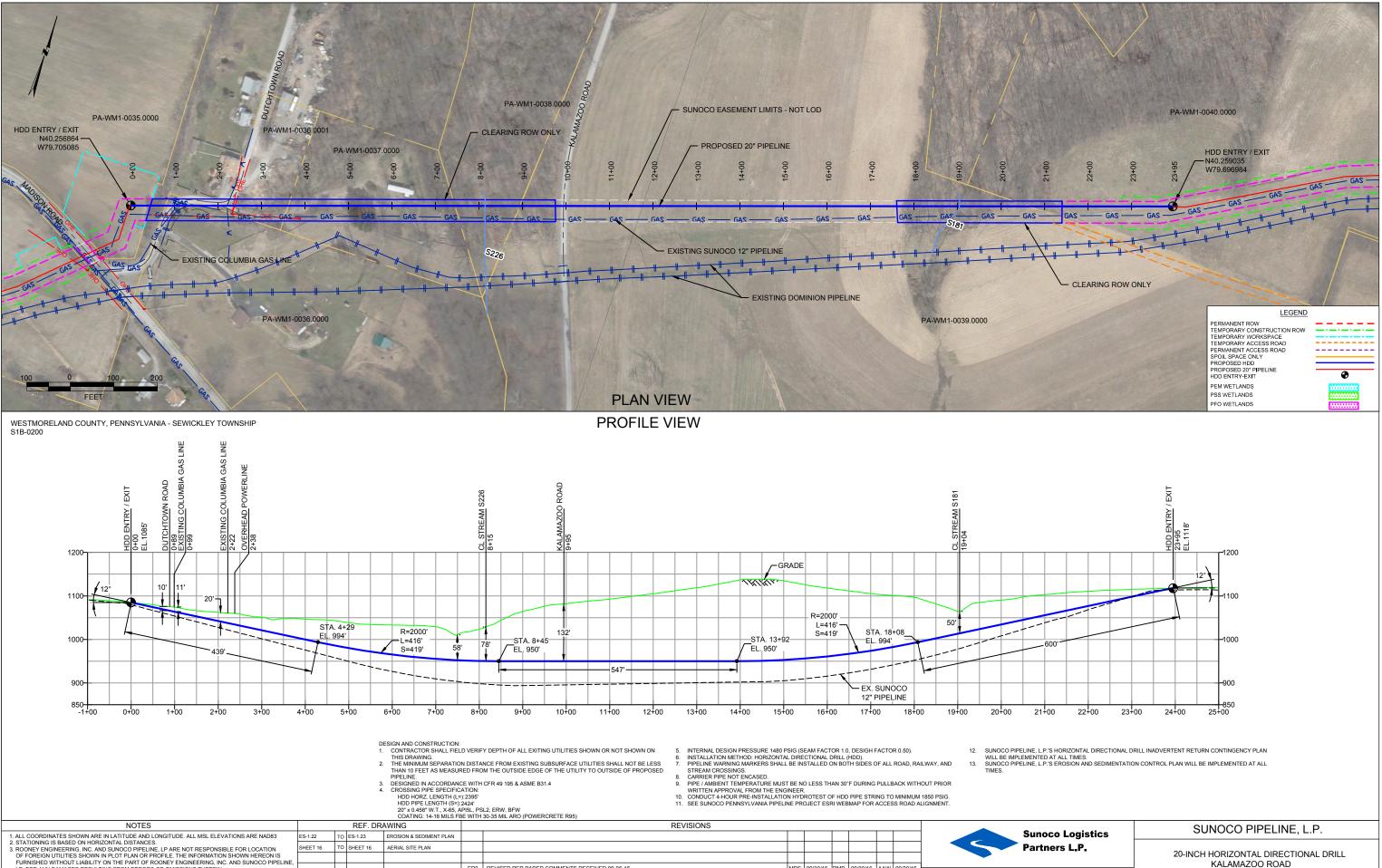
HDD PA-WM1-0039.0000-RD (S181, S226)

Given the design, the threat of inadvertent return has been reduced to the maximum extent practicable and in this case that threat is considered to be low. Implementing this design, along with adherence to the Pennsylvania Pipeline Project Inadvertent Return Contingency Plan will ensure inadvertent impacts, if they were to occur, are also minimized to the maximum extent.

The drill will enter/exit 820 feet from the western edge of Stream 226 (S226) and enter/exit 1,550 feet from the eastern edge. The horizontal directional drill will enter/exit 1,900 feet from the western edge of Stream 181 (S181) and enter/exit 470 feet from the eastern edge. The drill will cross 80 feet below S226 and 50 feet below S181. The 20" drill will parallel the existing ME1 12" pipeline drill.

A geotechnical study directly corresponding to this drill was not conducted. A geotechnical study was completed for the Little Sewickley Creek horizontal drill ½ mile northeast of this drill. The boring log indicates the soils are silty clay with fine sand. Since both drills border the creek and are a short distance apart it can be assumed the subsurface materials do not change significantly either.

The nearest geotechnical results, as well as other data points, were used to determine the entry/exit angles and depths to pass through the best substrates while maintaining the pipe integrity (e.g., no large bends). Based on the geotechnical report, the drill profile, and the previous drill data minimal inadvertent returns are expected.



DLM 05/17/16 RMB 05/17/16 AAW 05/17/16

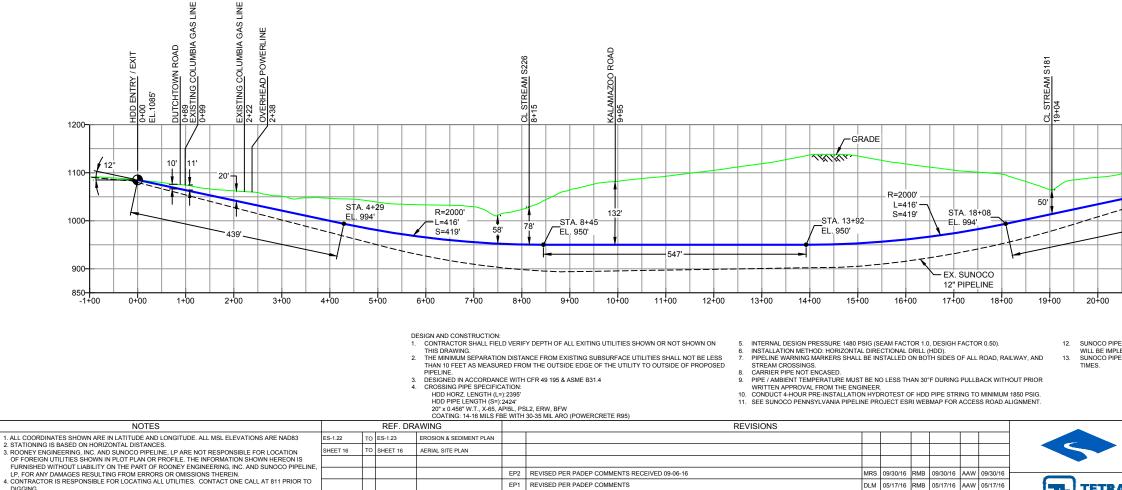
JTW 03/15/16 RMB 03/15/16 AAW 05/17/16

BY DATE CHK DATE APP DATE

Tt

TETRA TECH ROONEY

DESCRIPTION



EP1 REVISED PER PADEP COMMENTS

EP

NO.

DESCRIPTION

DWG NO

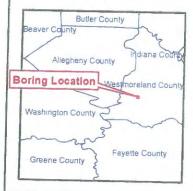
DWG NO

4. CUNTRACTOR IS REGISTED TO COULDE TO THE AUTOR OF A STATE OF A S

PENNSYLVANIA PIPELINE PROJECT

(303) 792-5911 DWG. NO: PA-WM1-0039.0000-RD SCALE: 1"=200'









Tetra Tech, Inc. Phone: (302) 738-7551 Toll Free: (800) 462-0910 www.tetratech.com

Figure

Boring Location HDD-13 Sunoco Mariner East Project Westmoreland County, PA



1 inch = 500 feet

This map is provided by Tetra Tech solely for display and reference purposes and is subject to change without notice. No detains, either real or essumed, as to the absolute accuracy or precision of any data contained herein are made by Tetra Tech, how will fetra Tech be held responsible for any use of this document for purposes other than which it was intended



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TEST BORING LOG

				LAND CO	OUNT	PA			Project I Page 1 d				
										WATT			
							Drilling Method: SPT - ASTM D1586	Driller:	K. KERS		w .		
							Groundwater Depth (ft): Not Encountered	Total Depth (ft):			E BEL	OW.	
ample				Depth (ft)	(h) (h)	Strata			Γ	6" increment			
No.	From To		From	То	å E	(USCS	Description of Mater	Description of Materials			Blows *		
1	3.5	5.0 0.0 18 CL DARK BROWN SILTY CLAY WITH A LITTLE FINE SAND		INE SAND	<u> </u>	5	6	8	╎╴				
				7.0			USCS: CL						┼╌
2	8.5	10.0	7.0	12		BROWN TO GRAY FINE TO MEDIUM SAND WITH SOME SILT.		<u> </u>	1	3		┢	
				12.0	 	SM	TRACE SILTSTONE FRAGMENTS NEAR TIP.					8	
3	13.5	13.9	12.0		3								-
				<u> </u>	 -		LIGHT GRAY PARTIALLY WEATHERED SILTS	IONE.	5	60/4"			
4	18.5	10.7											
-	10.5	18.7		22.5	1.5		LIGHT GRAY PARTIALLY WEATHERED SILTS	TONE.	5	0/2"			
							······						1-
												<u></u>	┢
							AUGER REFUSAL ENCOUNTERED AT 22.5'.	OFE-SET BORING					┢──
							11' EAST AND CONTINUOUSLY DRILLED TO	•···					<u> </u>
-+	i						22'.	AUGEN NEFUSAL	. AI	-+			ļ
	···]								
			<u> </u>										
							WET ON SPOON AT 8.5', WATER LEVEL NOT	ENCOUNTERED					
							THROUGH AUGERS.		·				-
						Ì					{		
						ħ	CAVED AND DRY AT 13'.						
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	Commei	ate:			<u>l</u>						Ì		

Strata (USCS) Designations are approximated based on visual review, except where indicated in Description of Materials.

* Number of blows of 140 lb. Hammer dropped 30 in. required to drive 2 in. split-spoon sampler in 6 in. increments. N: Number of blows to drive spoon from 6* to 18* interval.

FIELD DESCRIPTION AND LOGGING SYSTEM FOR SOIL EXPLORATION

GRANULAR SOILS

(Sand, Gravel & Combinations)

<u>Density</u>	<u>N (blows)*</u>	Particle Si	ze Identifica	tion
Very Loose	5 or less	<u>Boulders</u>	8 in. diamet	
Loose	6 to 10	Cobbles	3 to 8 in. dia	
Medium Dense	11 to 30			
Dense	31to 50	Gravel	Coarse (C)	
Very Dense	51 or more		Fine (F)	¾ in. to No. 4 sieve
		Sand	Coarse (C)	No. 4 to No. 10 sieve
				(4.75mm-2.00mm)
Relative Proportion			Medium	No. 10 to No. 40 sieve
<u>Description Term</u>	<u>Percent</u>		(M)	(2.00mm – 0.425mm)
Trace	1 - 10		Fine (F)	No. 40 to No. 200 sieve
Little	11 - 20			(0.425 – 0.074mm)
Some	21 - 35	Silt/Clay	Less Than a	No. 200 sieve (<0.074mm)
And	36 - 50	. ,		

COHESIVE SOILS

(Silt, Clay & Combinations)

<u>Consistency</u>	<u>N (blows)*</u>	Plasticity	
Very Soft	3 or less	Degree of Plasticity	Plasticity Index
Soft	4 to 5	None to Slight	0 - 4
Medium Stiff	6 to 10	Slight	5 - 7
Stiff	11 to 15	Medium	8- 22
Very Stiff	16 to 30	High to Very High	> 22
Hard	31 or more	6 , 6	

<u>ROCK</u>

(Rock Cores)

Rock	Rock
Quality Designation	Quality <u>Descripti</u>
<u>(RQD), %</u>	<u>on</u>
0-25	Very Poor
25-50	Poor
50-75	Fair
75-90	Good
90-100	Excellent

*N - Standard Penetration Resistance. Driving a 2.0" O.D., 1-3/8" I.D. sampler a distance of 18 inches into undisturbed soil with a 140 pound hammer free falling a distance of 30.0 inches. The number of hammer blows to drive the sampler through each 6 inch interval is recorded; the number of blows required to drive the sampler through the final 12 inch interval is termed the Standard Penetration Resistance (SPR) N-value. For example, blow counts of 6/8/9 (through three 6-inch intervals) results in an SPR N-value of 17 (8+9).

Groundwater observations were made at the times indicated. Groundwater elevations fluctuate throughout a given year, depending on actual field porosity and variations in seasonal and annual precipitation.

UNIFIED SOIL CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM [Casagrande (1948)]

Major Divisions			Group Symbols	Typical Descriptions	Laboratory Classifications				
	n is larger	Clean gravel (Little or no fines)	GW	Well-graded gravels, gravel- sand mixtures, little or no fines	mbols ⁽¹⁾	$C_{u=\frac{D_{60}}{D_{10}}}$ greater than 4: $C_{c=\frac{(D_{30})2}{D_{10} \times D_{60}}}$ between 1 and 3			
(6	Gravels More than half of coarse fraction is larger than No. 4 sieve size	Clean (Little or	GP	Poorly graded gravels, gravel- sand mixtures, little or no fines	Determine Percentage of sand and gravel from grain size curve. Depending on Percentage of fines (fraction smaller than No. 200 sieve), coarse-grained soils are classified as follows: Less than 5 percent GW, GP, SW, SP More than 12 percent GM. GC, SM, SC 5 to 12 percent Borderline cases requiring dual symbols ⁽¹⁾	surve. 00 sieve), 19 dual syr	Not meeting C_u or C_c requiren	nents for GW	
o. 200 sieve		Gravel with fines (Appreciable amount of fines)	GM	Silty gravels, gravel-sand-silt mixtures		Atterberg limits below A Line or I $_{\rm P}$ less than 4	Limits plotting in hatched zone with I p between 4 and 7 are		
d Soils ger than Ne			GC	Clayey gravels, gravel-sand-clay mixtures		Atterberg limits above A line with I _p greater than 7	borderline cases requiring use of dual symbols		
Coarse Grained Soils if material is larger tha	Sands (More than half of coarse fraction is smaller than No. 4 Sieve)	sands to fines)	sw	Well graded sands, gravely sands, little or no fines		$C_{u=\frac{D_{60}}{D_{10}}}$ greater than 6: $C_{c=\frac{1}{10}}$	(D ₃₀)2 D ₁₀ x D ₆₀ between 1 and 3		
Coarse Grained Soils (More than half of material is larger than No. 200 sieve)		Clean sands (Little or no fines)	SP	Poorly graded sands, gravelly sands, little or no fines	ine Percentage of sand a on Percentage of fines (f coarse-grained soils ar Less than 5 percent More than 12 percent 5 to 12 percent	Not meeting C_u or C_c require	ments for SW		
(We		t fines able fines)	SM	Silty sands, sand- silt mixtures	Determ bepending	zone v are bo	Limits Plotting in hatched		
		Sands with fines (Appreciable amount of fines)	SC	Clayey sands, sand-clay mixtures			zone with I _P between 4 and 7 are borderline cases requiring use of dual symbols		
Major	r Divisions Group Symbols		Typical Descriptions		For soils plotting nea When w _L is near 50	rly on A line use dual symbols i.e ., l _p use CL-CH or ML-MH. Take near as	= 29.5, w _L =60 gives CH-MH. ± 2 percent.		
	Sitts and clays (Liquid limit less than 50)	ML	sands, rock f	s and very fine lour, silty or clayey r clayey silts with ly	60[] - A Lir	e:			
200 sieve)		CL	plasticity, gra	ys of low to medium velly clays , sandy ays, lean clays	50 U Lii	1	ON I		
ls r than No.		OL	Organic silts clays of low	and organic silty plasticity	40 (Id) ×		N ^o O ^N		
Fine-grained soils (More than half of material is smaller than No. 200	Silts and Clays (Liquid limit greater than 50)	МН		s, micaceous or s fine sandy or silty silts	Plasticity Index (PI), %	NUR A	MH or OH		
Fir half of mat		СН	Inorganic cla fat clays	ys of high plasticity,					
More than		ОН	Organic clays plasticity, org	s of medium to high anic silts		CL-ML ML or OL			
)	Highly organic soils	Pt	Peat and oth soils	er highly organic		0 20 30 40 50 6 Liquid Limit (LL	0 70 80 90 100),%		

(1) Borderline classifications, used for soils possessing characteristics of two groups, are designated by combinations of group symbols. For example: GW-GC. well-graded gravel-sand mixture with clay binder.