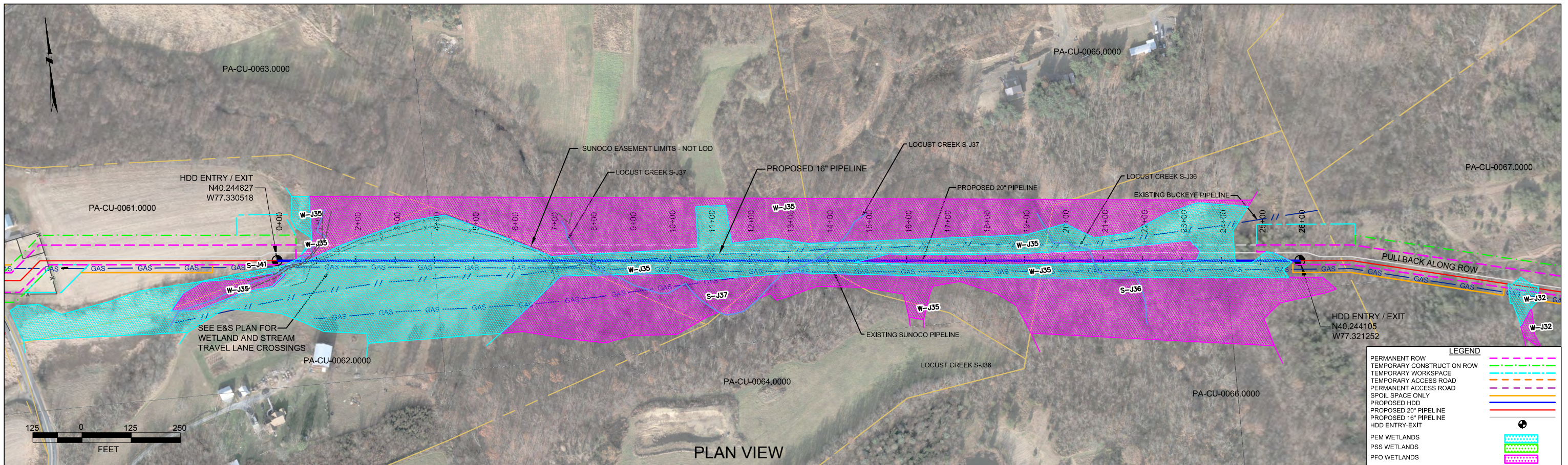


HDD PA-CU-0062.0000-WX (S-J41, PEM-J35, PFO-J35, S-J36, S-J37)

Given the design, the threat of inadvertent return has been reduced to the maximum extent practicable and in this case that threat is considered to be medium. Implementing this design, along with adherence to the Pennsylvania Pipeline Project Inadvertent Return Contingency Plan will ensure inadvertent impacts, if they were to occur, are also minimized to the maximum extent.

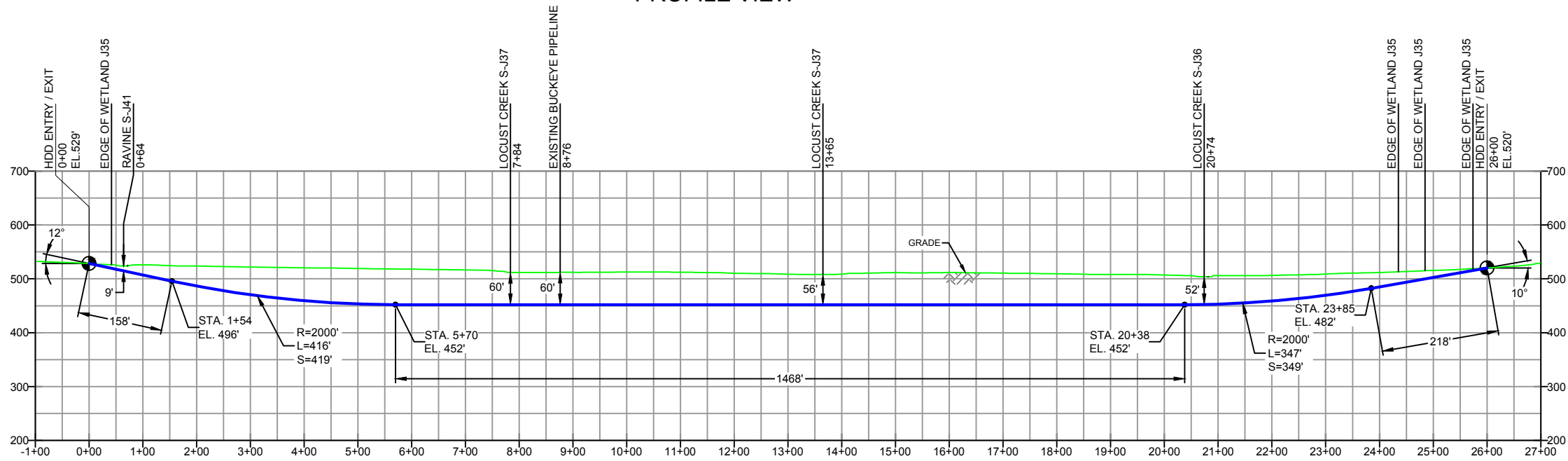
The drill will enter/exit 100 feet from the western edge of a Grassy and Forested Wetland J41 (PEM and PFO-J47) and enter/exit 50 feet from the eastern edge. The drill will enter/exit 120 feet from the western edge Stream J41 (S-J41) and enter/exit 2,560 feet from the eastern edge. Locust Creek (S-J36 and S-J37) crosses the drill path three times. From the western drill entrance/exit the three crossings are: 840 feet (S-J37); 1,420 feet (S-J37); and 2,130 feet (S-J36). From the eastern drill entrance/exit the Locust Creek crossings are: 550 feet (S-J36); 1,260 feet (S-J37); and 1,830 feet (S-J37). The drill depth is 60 feet from the surface at its deepest, however it crosses the wetland boundaries at less than 10 feet before it reaches the maximum depth. The geotechnical results, as well as other data points, were used to determine the entry/exit angles, and depths to pass through the best substrates while maintaining the pipe integrity (e.g., no large bends). According to the geotechnical report primary substrates being drilled through are shales and slates with layers of weathered shale, sand and gravel above 15 feet. Based on the geotechnical report and the drill profile minimal inadvertent returns are expected. If drilling fluid were to be released during the drill it will occur within 150 feet of either drill entrance/exit due to the angle and shallow depths of the drill in these locations. It is recommended that additional inspection be on site to monitor the wetland and streams for any inadvertent returns along the drill path.



PLAN VIEW

CUMBERLAND COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA, LOWER FRANKFORD TOWNSHIP
S2-0170

PROFILE VIEW



DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION:

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- THE MINIMUM SEPARATION DISTANCE FROM EXISTING SUBSURFACE UTILITIES SHALL NOT BE LESS THAN 10 FEET AS MEASURED FROM THE OUTSIDE EDGE OF THE UTILITY TO OUTSIDE OF PROPOSED PIPELINE.
- DESIGNED IN ACCORDANCE WITH CFR 49 195 & ASME B31.4
- CROSSING PIPE SPECIFICATION:
HDD HORZ. LENGTH (L=): 2600'
HDD PIPE LENGTH (S=): 2612'
20" x 0.456" W.T., X-65, API 5L, PSL2, ERW, 8FW
COATING: 14-16 MILS FBE WITH 30-35 MIL ARO (POWERCRETE R95)
- INTERNAL DESIGN PRESSURE 1480 PSIG (SEAM FACTOR 1.0, DESIGN FACTOR 0.50).
- INSTALLATION METHOD: HORIZONTAL DIRECTIONAL DRILL (HDD).
- PIPELINE WARNING MARKERS SHALL BE INSTALLED ON BOTH SIDES OF ALL ROAD, RAILWAY, AND STREAM CROSSINGS.
- CARRIER PIPE NOT ENCASED.
- PIPE / AMBIENT TEMPERATURE MUST BE NO LESS THAN 30°F DURING PULLBACK WITHOUT PRIOR WRITTEN APPROVAL FROM THE ENGINEER.
- CONDUCT 4-HOUR PRE-INSTALLATION HYDROTEST OF HDD PIPE STRING TO MINIMUM 1850 PSIG.
- SEE SUNOCO PENNSYLVANIA PIPELINE PROJECT ESRI WEBMAP FOR ACCESS ROAD ALIGNMENT.
- SUNOCO PIPELINE, L.P.'S HORIZONTAL DIRECTIONAL DRILL INADVERTENT RETURN CONTINGENCY PLAN WILL BE IMPLEMENTED AT ALL TIMES.
- SUNOCO PIPELINE, L.P.'S EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROL PLAN WILL BE IMPLEMENTED AT ALL TIMES.

NOTES

- ALL COORDINATES SHOWN ARE IN LATITUDE AND LONGITUDE. ALL MSL ELEVATIONS ARE NAD83
- STATIONING IS BASED ON HORIZONTAL DISTANCES.
- ROONEY ENGINEERING, INC. AND SUNOCO PIPELINE, LP ARE NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR LOCATION OF FOREIGN UTILITIES SHOWN IN PLOT PLAN OR PROFILE. THE INFORMATION SHOWN HEREON IS FURNISHED WITHOUT LIABILITY ON THE PART OF ROONEY ENGINEERING, INC. AND SUNOCO PIPELINE, LP. FOR ANY DAMAGES RESULTING FROM ERRORS OR OMISSIONS THEREIN.
- CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR LOCATING ALL UTILITIES. CONTACT ONE CALL AT 811 PRIOR TO DIGGING.
- SUNOCO EMERGENCY HOTLINE NUMBER IS #1-800-786-7440.

REF. DRAWING

ES-4.24	TO	ES-4.26	EROSION & SEDIMENT PLAN
SHEET 16	TO	SHEET 17	AERIAL SITE PLAN
DWG NO		DWG NO	DESCRIPTION

REVISIONS

NO.	DESCRIPTION	BY	DATE	CHK	DATE	APP	DATE
EP2	REVISED PER PADEP COMMENTS RECEIVED 09-06-16	MRS	09/30/16	RMB	09/30/16	AAW	09/30/16
EP1	REVISED PER PADEP COMMENTS	MRS	05/20/16	RMB	05/20/16	AAW	05/20/16
EP		JTW	02/26/16	RMB	02/26/16	AAW	02/26/16
B	ISSUED FOR BID	MRS	07/31/15	RMB	07/31/15	AAW	07/31/15
A	ISSUED FOR REVIEW	RTT	03/20/15	RMB	03/20/15	AAW	03/20/15

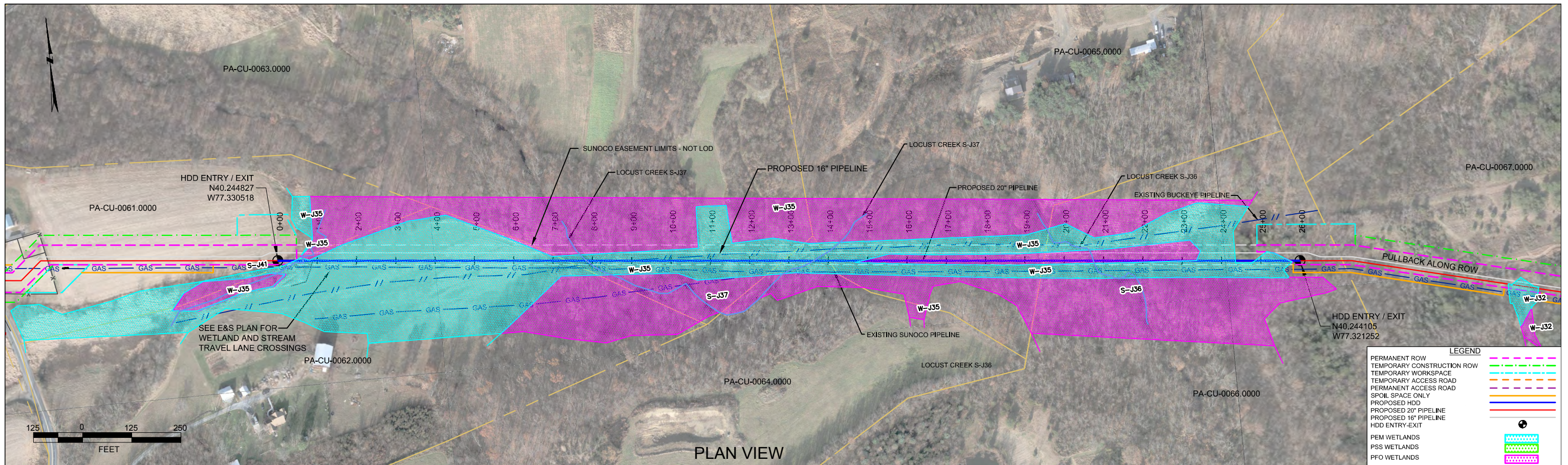
Sunoco Logistics Partners L.P.

TETRA TECH ROONEY
(303) 792-5911

SUNOCO PIPELINE, L.P.

20-INCH HORIZONTAL DIRECTIONAL DRILL
GRAHAM CREEK
PENNSYLVANIA PIPELINE PROJECT

SCALE: 1"=250' DWG. NO: PA-CU-0062.0000-WX

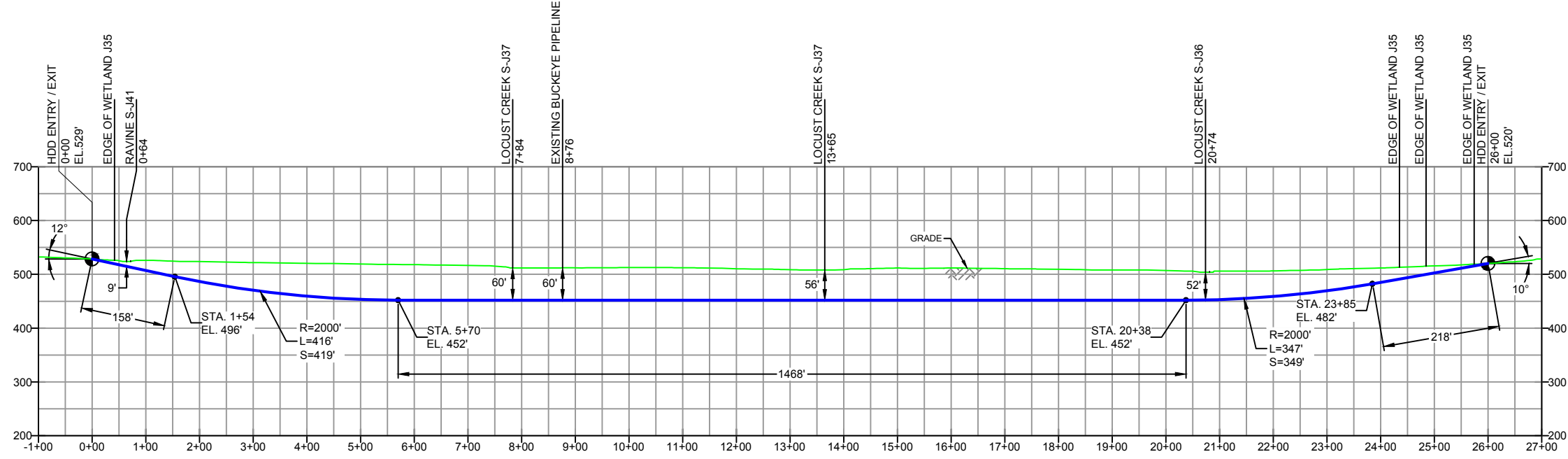


LEGEND	
PERMANENT ROW	
TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION ROW	
TEMPORARY WORKSPACE	
TEMPORARY ACCESS ROAD	
PERMANENT ACCESS ROAD	
SPOIL SPACE ONLY	
PROPOSED HDD	
PROPOSED 20\"/>	

PLAN VIEW

CUMBERLAND COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA, LOWER FRANKFORD TOWNSHIP
S2-0170

PROFILE VIEW



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4.	CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR LOCATING ALL UTILITIES. CONTACT ONE CALL AT 811 PRIOR TO DIGGING.
5.	SUNOCO EMERGENCY HOTLINE NUMBER IS #1-800-786-7440.

REF. DRAWING		REVISIONS	
ES-4.24	TO ES-4.26	EROSION & SEDIMENT PLAN	
SHEET 16	TO SHEET 17	AERIAL SITE PLAN	EP2 REVISED PER PADEP COMMENTS RECEIVED 09-06-16
			EP1 REVISED PER PADEP COMMENTS
			EP
			B ISSUED FOR BID
			A ISSUED FOR REVIEW
DWG NO	DWG NO	DESCRIPTION	NO.

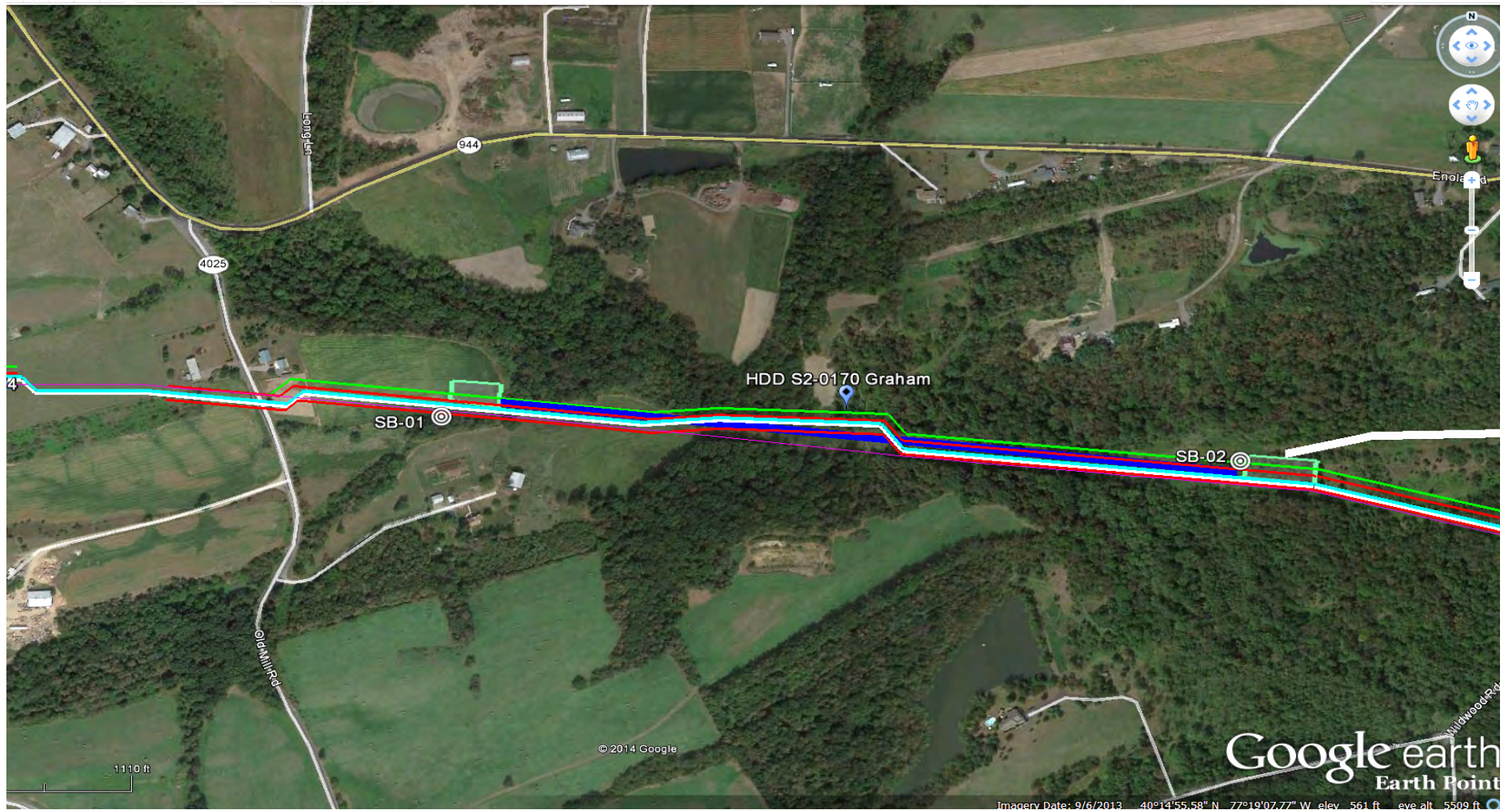
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SCALE: 1"=250' DWG. NO: PA-CU-0062.0000-WX



LEGEND:

⊙ Geotechnical Soil Boring (SB) Locations



GEOTECHNICAL BORING LOCATIONS

HDD S2-0170

CUMBERLAND COUNTY, LOWER FRANKFORD TOWNSHIP, PA
SUNOCO PENNSYLVANIA PIPELINE PROJECT

**GEOTECHNICAL LABORATORY TESTING SUMMARY
SUNOCO PENNSYLVANIA PIPELINE PROJECT
HDD S2-0170**

HDD No.	Test Boring No.	Sample No.	Depth of Sample (ft.)		Water Content, % (ASTM D2216)	Percent Silts/Clays, % (ASTM D1140)	Atterburg Limits (ASTM D4318)			USCS Classif. (ASTM D2487)
			From	To			Liquid Limit, %	Plastic Limit, %	Plasticity Index, %	
S2-0170	SB-01	1	3.0	5.0	20.0	39.0	33	22	11	SC
		2	8.0	9.4	5.9	15.4	-	-	-	-
		3	13.0	15.0	7.6	8.1	-	-	-	-
		4	18.0	18.3	6.3	9.6	-	-	-	-
		5	20.0	20.2	8.2	18.4	-	-	-	-
	SB-02	1	3.0	4.3	8.6	26.4	-	-	-	-
		2	8.0	9.4	12.8	23.7	-	-	-	-
		3	13.0	14.3	11.6	19.9	-	-	-	-
		4	18.0	18.4	4.6	11.9	-	-	-	-

Notes:

- 1) Sample depths based on feet below grade at time of exploration.

**REGIONAL GEOLOGY SUMMARY
SUNOCO PENNSYLVANIA PIPELINE PROJECT
HDD S2-0170**

HDD No.	NAME	BORING NO.	REGIONAL GEOLOGY DESCRIPTION	GENERAL TOPOGRAPHIC SETTING	BEDROCK FORMATION	GENERAL ROCK TYPE	APPROX MAX FM THICKNESS (FT)	DEPTH TO ROCK (Ft bgs) based on nearby well drilling logs	NOTES / COMMENTS
S2-0170	Graham	SB-01	Martinsburg Fm - buff-weathering, dark-gray to purple shale and slate with thin interbeds of siltstone, metabentonite, and fine-grained sandstone.	Gently sloping, valley	Martinsburg Fm	Shale and slate with interbedded siltstone		12-18	
		SB-02							

Note : Source of well log data - <http://www.dcnr.state.pa.us/topogeo/groundwater/pagwis/records/index.htm>. All other sources as referenced in comments section.

FIELD DESCRIPTION AND LOGGING SYSTEM FOR SOIL EXPLORATION

GRANULAR SOILS

(Sand, Gravel & Combinations)

<u>Density</u>	<u>N (blows)*</u>
Very Loose	5 or less
Loose	6 to 10
Medium Dense	11 to 30
Dense	31 to 50
Very Dense	51 or more

Relative Proportions

<u>Description Term</u>	<u>Percent</u>
Trace	1 - 10
Little	11 - 20
Some	21 - 35
And	36 - 50

Particle Size Identification

Boulders	8 in. diameter or more
Cobbles	3 to 8 in. diameter
Gravel	Coarse (C) 3 in. to ¾ in. sieve Fine (F) ¾ in. to No. 4 sieve
Sand	Coarse (C) No. 4 to No. 10 sieve (4.75mm-2.00mm) Medium No. 10 to No. 40 sieve (M) (2.00mm – 0.425mm) Fine (F) No. 40 to No. 200 sieve (0.425 – 0.074mm)
Silt/Clay	Less Than a No. 200 sieve (<0.074mm)

COHESIVE SOILS

(Silt, Clay & Combinations)

<u>Consistency</u>	<u>N (blows)*</u>
Very Soft	3 or less
Soft	4 to 5
Medium Stiff	6 to 10
Stiff	11 to 15
Very Stiff	16 to 30
Hard	31 or more

Plasticity

<u>Degree of Plasticity</u>	<u>Plasticity Index</u>
None to Slight	0 - 4
Slight	5 - 7
Medium	8 - 22
High to Very High	> 22

ROCK

(Rock Cores)

<u>Rock Quality Designation (RQD), %</u>	<u>Rock Quality Description</u>
0-25	Very Poor
25-50	Poor
50-75	Fair
75-90	Good
90-100	Excellent

***N - Standard Penetration Resistance.** Driving a 2.0" O.D., 1-3/8" I.D. sampler a distance of 18 inches into undisturbed soil with a 140 pound hammer free falling a distance of 30.0 inches. The number of hammer blows to drive the sampler through each 6 inch interval is recorded; the number of blows required to drive the sampler through the final 12 inch interval is termed the Standard Penetration Resistance (SPR) N-value. For example, blow counts of 6/8/9 (through three 6-inch intervals) results in an SPR N-value of 17 (8+9).

Groundwater observations were made at the times indicated. Groundwater elevations fluctuate throughout a given year, depending on actual field porosity and variations in seasonal and annual precipitation.

UNIFIED SOIL CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM [Casagrande (1948)]

Major Divisions		Group Symbols	Typical Descriptions	Laboratory Classifications				
Coarse Grained Soils (More than half of material is larger than No. 200 sieve)	Gravels (More than half of coarse fraction is larger than No. 4 sieve size)	Clean gravel (Little or no fines)	GW Well-graded gravels, gravel-sand mixtures, little or no fines	Determine Percentage of sand and gravel from grain size curve. Depending on Percentage of fines (fraction smaller than No. 200 sieve), coarse-grained soils are classified as follows: Less than 5 percent GW, GP, SW, SP More than 12 percent GM, GC, SM, SC 5 to 12 percent Borderline cases requiring dual symbols ⁽¹⁾	$C_u = \frac{D_{60}}{D_{10}}$ greater than 4: $C_c = \frac{(D_{30})^2}{D_{10} \times D_{60}}$ between 1 and 3			
		GP Poorly graded gravels, gravel-sand mixtures, little or no fines	Not meeting C_u or C_c requirements for GW					
		Gravel with fines (Appreciable amount of fines)	GM Silty gravels, gravel-sand-silt mixtures		Atterberg limits below A Line or I_p less than 4	Limits plotting in hatched zone with I_p between 4 and 7 are borderline cases requiring use of dual symbols		
			GC Clayey gravels, gravel-sand-clay mixtures		Atterberg limits above A line with I_p greater than 7			
	Sands (More than half of coarse fraction is smaller than No. 4 Sieve)	Clean sands (Little or no fines)	SW Well graded sands, gravelly sands, little or no fines		$C_u = \frac{D_{60}}{D_{10}}$ greater than 6: $C_c = \frac{(D_{30})^2}{D_{10} \times D_{60}}$ between 1 and 3			
			SP Poorly graded sands, gravelly sands, little or no fines		Not meeting C_u or C_c requirements for SW			
		Sands with fines (Appreciable amount of fines)	SM Silty sands, sand-silt mixtures		Atterberg limits below A Line or I_p less than 4	Limits Plotting in hatched zone with I_p between 4 and 7 are borderline cases requiring use of dual symbols		
			SC Clayey sands, sand-clay mixtures		Atterberg limits above A line with I_p greater than 7			
						For soils plotting nearly on A line use dual symbols i.e., $I_p = 29.5$, $w_L = 60$ gives CH-MH. When w_L is near 50 use CL-CH or ML-MH. Take near as ± 2 percent.		
		Fine-grained soils (More than half of material is smaller than No. 200 sieve)	Silt and clays (Liquid limit less than 50)		ML Inorganic silts and very fine sands, rock flour, silty or clayey fine sands, or clayey silts with slight plasticity			
CL Inorganic clays of low to medium plasticity, gravelly clays, sandy clays, silty clays, lean clays								
OL Organic silts and organic silty clays of low plasticity								
Silt and Clays (Liquid limit greater than 50)	MH Inorganic silts, micaceous or diatomaceous fine sandy or silty soils, elastic silts							
	CH Inorganic clays of high plasticity, fat clays							
	OH Organic clays of medium to high plasticity, organic silts							
Highly organic soils	Pt Peat and other highly organic soils							

(1) Borderline classifications, used for soils possessing characteristics of two groups, are designated by combinations of group symbols. For example: GW-GC. well-graded gravel-sand mixture with clay binder.