



pennsylvania
DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION



Draft Proposed Rulemaking

Chapter 145. Interstate Pollution Transport Reduction Subchapter E. CO₂ Budget Trading Program

**Oil & Gas Technical Advisory Board
May 20, 2020**

Tom Wolf, Governor

Patrick McDonnell, Secretary

Climate Impacts in Pennsylvania

Changing climate patterns have caused and will continue to cause impacts in Pennsylvania to public health, infrastructure, emergency services, and major economic contributors like agriculture, tourism, and recreation.



*PennDOT has experienced record breaking impacts from floods and landslides that have **cost over \$125.7 million extra for infrastructure replacement in 2018 alone.***



Higher temperatures lead to higher concentrations of ground-level ozone, which can lead to increased asthma rates.



Farmers are already experiencing direct crop damage from increasingly intense precipitation events. Heat stress may lead to declines in dairy production and summer flowering crop yields.



Pennsylvania already has the highest number of cases of Lyme disease in the nation, triple the number from just 10 years ago. This increase is possibly due to the western expansion of Lyme-bearing ticks and warmer winters that are leading to higher tick populations.

Impact of Greenhouse Gas Effect

The global warming due to increased greenhouse gases has already impacted communities around the world and is threatening to cause many more changes to the global climate now – and for decades to come.

We're already seeing temperature and precipitation changes here in Pennsylvania.



Temperatures in Pennsylvania have increased 1.8° F in the last century and are expected to increase another 5.4° by 2050.

“Mid-century temperatures in the Philadelphia area are projected to be similar to temperatures in Richmond, VA while Pittsburgh will resemble the temperatures in the Baltimore-Washington area.”

- DEP Climate Change Impacts Assessment



Between 1958 and 2010, the Northeast U.S. saw more than a 70% increase in precipitation falling in very heavy rain events. Pennsylvania's overall precipitation is expected to increase another 8% by 2050.

RGGI & Climate Change Goals

Executive Order 2019-1 *Commonwealth Leadership in Addressing Climate Change and Promoting Energy Conservation and Sustainable Governance*



Pennsylvania GHG Reduction Goals

- 26% reduction in net GHG emissions by 2025 (from 2005 levels)
- 80% reduction in net GHG emissions by 2050 (from 2005 levels)

Executive Order 2019-7 *Commonwealth Leadership in Addressing Climate Change through Electric Sector Emissions Reductions*



2005 – Baseline GHG Emissions- 289.43 MMTCO₂e

2016 – 19% reduction in GHG Emissions - 235.05 MMTCO₂e

*20.87 MMTCO₂e more required to reach the 2025 goal

2022 – 13.6 million metric tons by 2025 via RGGI participation

2025 – 26% reduction in GHG Emissions - 214.17 MMTCO₂e

Draft Proposed Annex Discussion

Changes Made Since Preliminary Draft

§ 145.302: Amended Definition of Legacy Emissions

- Amends calculation and value of the waste coal set-aside.

§ 145.341: Added the PA CO₂ Budget Trading Program Base Budget

- Establishes Allowance Base Budget at 78 M tons CO₂.
- Declines annually matching stringency of current RGGI program.

§ 145.342: Added additional Allowance Allocations

- Added two new Set-Aside Accounts
 - Strategic Use Set-Aside Account
 - Cogeneration Set-Aside Account
- Modified allowance allocation methodology for waste coal facilities

§§ 145.393 – 145.397: Removed Abandoned well plugging as an offset project option

Advisory Committee Participation

Additional Public Webinar on IPM Power Sector Modeling

- ✓ AQTAC and CAC- on April 23rd 2020

Preliminary Draft Proposed Annex discussed with Advisory Committees

- ✓ Air Quality Technical Advisory Committee – February 13th 2020
- ✓ Citizen’s Advisory Council – February 18th 2020
- ✓ Climate Change Advisory Committee – February 25th 2020
- ✓ Small Business Compliance Advisory Committee – April 22nd 2020

Proposed Concepts discussed with Advisory Committees

- ✓ Air Quality Technical Advisory Committee – December 12th 2019
- ✓ Small Business Compliance Advisory Committee – January 22nd 2020
- ✓ Citizen’s Advisory Council – November 19th 2019

Regulatory Sections

§§ 145.301–145.307	General Provisions
§§ 145.311–145.316	Requirements for Authorized Account Reps
§§ 145.321–145.323	Permit Requirements
§§ 145.331–145.332	Compliance Certification
§§ 145.341–145.343	CO2 Allowance Allocations
§§ 145.351–145.358	CO2 Allowance Tracking System (COATS)
§§ 145.361–145.363	CO2 Allowance Transfers
§§ 145.371–145.377	Monitoring, Reporting & Recordkeeping
§§ 145.381–145.382	Auction of CO2 CCR and ECR Allowances
§§ 145.391–145.397	CO2 Emissions Offset Projects
§§ 145.401–145.409	CO2 Allowance Auctions

§145.304 Applicability & Covered Sources

What does the CO₂ Budget Trading Program Establish?

Creates a cap-and-invest program for CO₂ emissions from the power sector.

What are the Affected Sources §145.304 ?

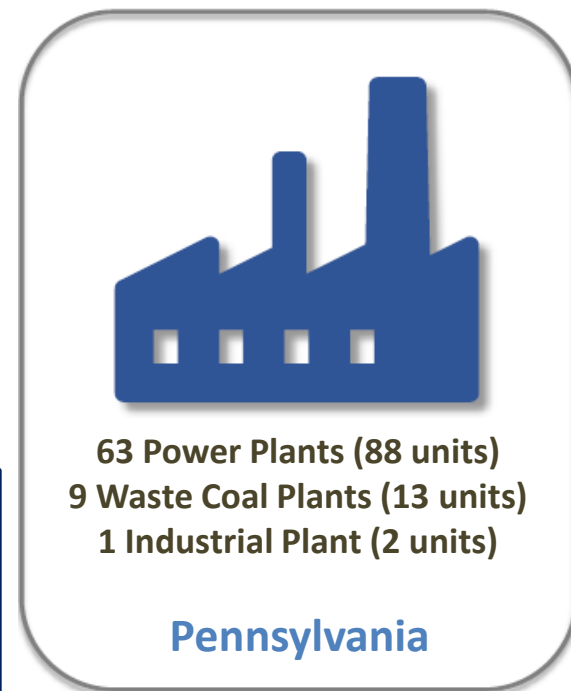
Fossil fuel-fired Electric Generating Units (power plants)

- 25 MW or more nameplate capacity AND
- Sends >10% of gross generation to the grid.

Limited Exemptions for CHP §145.305

- An otherwise qualifying EGU (25 MW+) that supplies $\leq 10\%$ of its gross generation to any entity.
- An otherwise qualifying co-generation EGU (25 MW+) that supplies $\leq 15\%$ of its annual total useful energy to any entity- not including energy sent to an interconnected manufacturing facility.

Addition to the Model Rule



Establishing Allowance Budget

One allowance is created for each ton of emissions allowed under Pennsylvania's CO₂ emissions budget.



 = One ton of CO₂ Emissions

=



 = Emissions Allowance

Calculating Allowance Budget \$145.341

Year	Budget	Decline (Tonnage)	Annual Decline (Percentage)
2020			
2021			
2022	78,000,000		
2023	75,510,630	2,489,370	-3.19%
2024	73,021,260	2,489,370	-3.30%
2025	70,531,890	2,489,370	-3.41%
2026	68,042,520	2,489,370	-3.53%
2027	65,553,150	2,489,370	-3.66%
2028	63,063,780	2,489,370	-3.80%
2029	60,574,410	2,489,370	-3.95%
2030	58,085,040	2,489,370	-4.11%
2022-2030 Total Reduction:		19,914,960	-25.532%
25.532% reduction from 2022:	58,085,040		
Total tonnage reduction:	19,914,960		
Annual tonnage reduction:	2,489,370		

Waste Coal Set-Aside Account

A general account established by the Department for the allocation of CO₂ allowances in an amount sufficient to provide CO₂ allowances equal to the legacy emissions from all waste coal-fired units under § 145.342(i).

Defining Legacy Emissions

1. The total of CO₂ emissions in tons equal to the highest calendar year of emissions from each unit during the 5-year period beginning January 1, 2015 through December 31, 2019 as determined by the Department. §145.302
2. The Department has determined that legacy emissions are equal to 9,300,000 tons of CO₂ emissions. §145.342
3. Any remaining allowances are transferred to the Strategic Use set-aside each year.

Strategic Use Set-Aside Account

A general account established by the Department for the distribution of CO₂ allowances to encourage energy efficiency measures, promotion of renewable or noncarbon-emitting energy, and carbon emissions abatement.

Set-Aside Criteria and Functionality

1. Department will allocate undistributed CO₂ allowances to the strategic use set-aside account for each allocation year from the waste coal set-aside account.
2. Distributions may be made from the set-aside account for the use in elimination of air pollution including projects that:
 - a) Encourage and foster promotion of energy efficiency measures.
 - b) Promote renewable and non-carbon emitting energy technologies.
 - c) Stimulate investment in development of innovative carbon emissions abatement technologies with significant carbon reduction potential.

Co-Generation Set-Aside Account

A general account established by the Department for the allocation of allowances for retirement in an amount equal to the adjustment of the compliance obligation of a cogeneration unit.

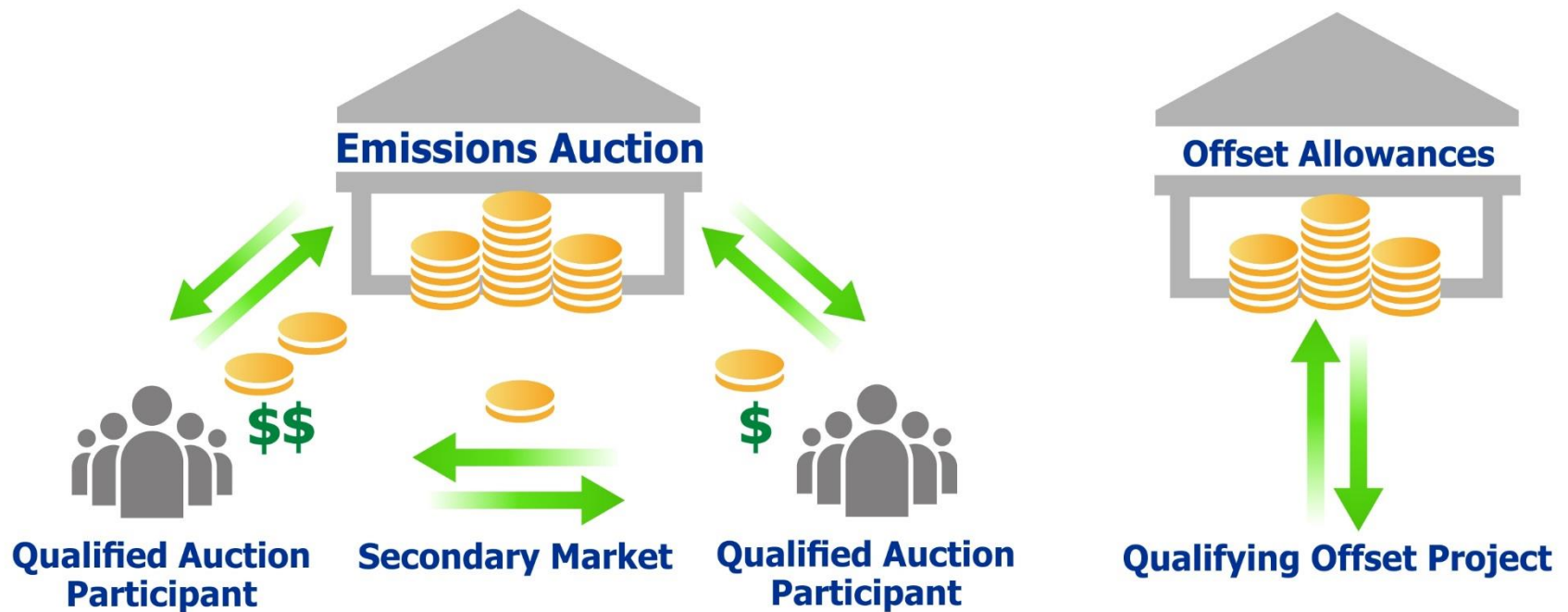
Set-Aside Eligibility Criteria for Qualifying Facilities

1. Units must be located in PA and be subject to the CO₂ Budget Trading Program.
2. Must meet definition of Cogeneration Unit per §145.341.
 - a) An electric-generating unit that uses a steam-generating unit or stationary combustion turbine to simultaneously produce both electric or mechanical and useful thermal energy from the same primary energy facility.
3. Completion of a compliance obligation adjustment application including:
 - a) Documentation that CO₂ budget unit is a cogeneration unit.
 - b) Identify the compliance account for the CO₂ budget unit.
 - c) Identify the allocation year for which the adjustment is being requested.
 - d) Calculations and supporting data to determine compliance adjustment.
4. Department makes a compliance obligation adjustment determination.

Compliance Options

Options for Compliance

Affected Sources must attain the number of allowances
– equal to the amount of CO₂ they emit –



Multi-state Auction (RGGI)

Pennsylvania – run Auction

or

Quarterly Regional Auctions

2020 RGGI Regional Auction Dates

Auction #47	March 11, 2020	\$5.65
Auction #48	June 3, 2020	
Auction #49	September 2, 2020	
Auction #50	December 2, 2020	

RGGI Inc.



MARKET MONITOR REPORT FOR AUCTION 47

Prepared for:

on behalf of the RGGI Participating States

Bids were submitted across a wide range of prices in the auction and the clearing price of \$5.65 was relatively consistent with average bid prices submitted.

The following table reports several statistics regarding the bid prices for bids submitted in Auction 47. The median and mean bid prices are weighted by the quantity of each bid.

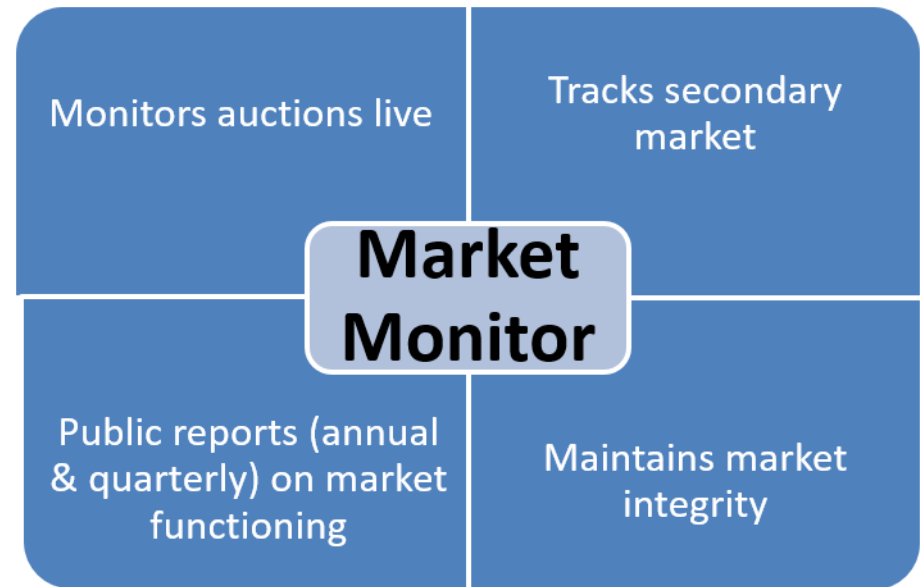
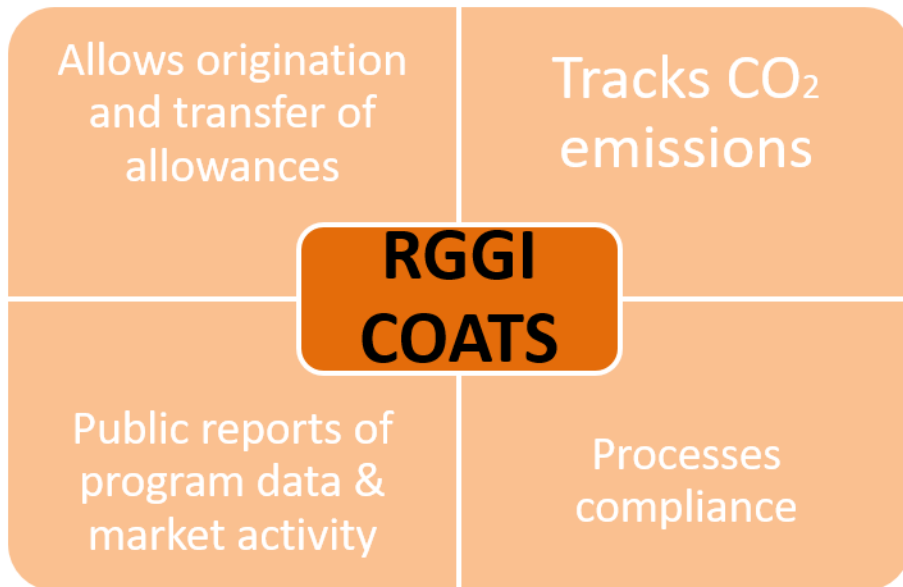
Bid Prices:	
Minimum	\$2.32
Maximum	\$6.75
Average (Median)	\$5.55
Average (Mean)	\$5.18
Clearing Price:	\$5.65

Compliance Requirements §145.304

1. Title V Permit Modifications
2. Establish CO₂ Allowance Tracking System (COATS) Account
3. Emissions Monitoring (EPA's CAMD)
4. Recordkeeping & Reporting
5. Application for Allowances from Qualifying Set-Asides (optional)
6. Transfer of Required Allowances to Budget Unit Compliance Account
 - a) 50% during interim control periods
 - b) 100% at the close of the control period

Allowance Transfer Deadline: *Midnight of March 1st the deadline by which CO₂ allowances must be submitted for recordation in a CO₂ budget source's compliance account in order for the source to meet the CO₂ requirements of § 145.306(c).*

CO₂ Allowance Tracking System (COATS)



Auction Proceeds

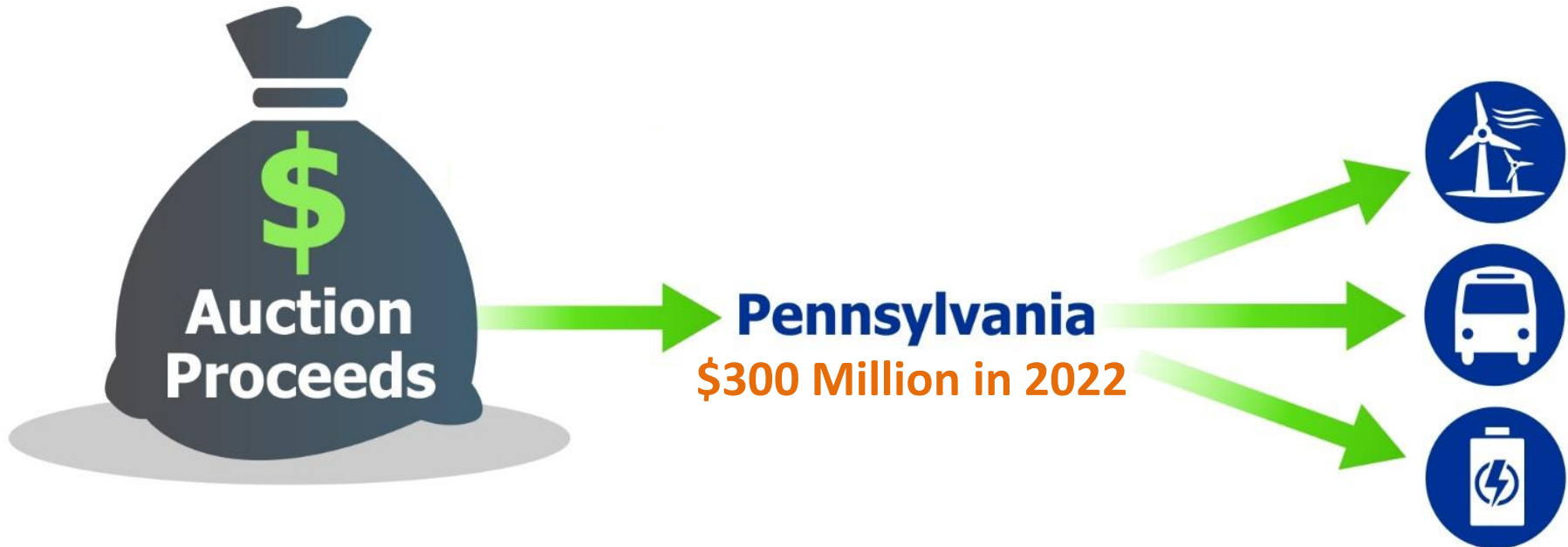
Distributing PA Allowances



**Allowance distributed into
auction marketplace**

Set Asides

Pennsylvania Auction Proceeds

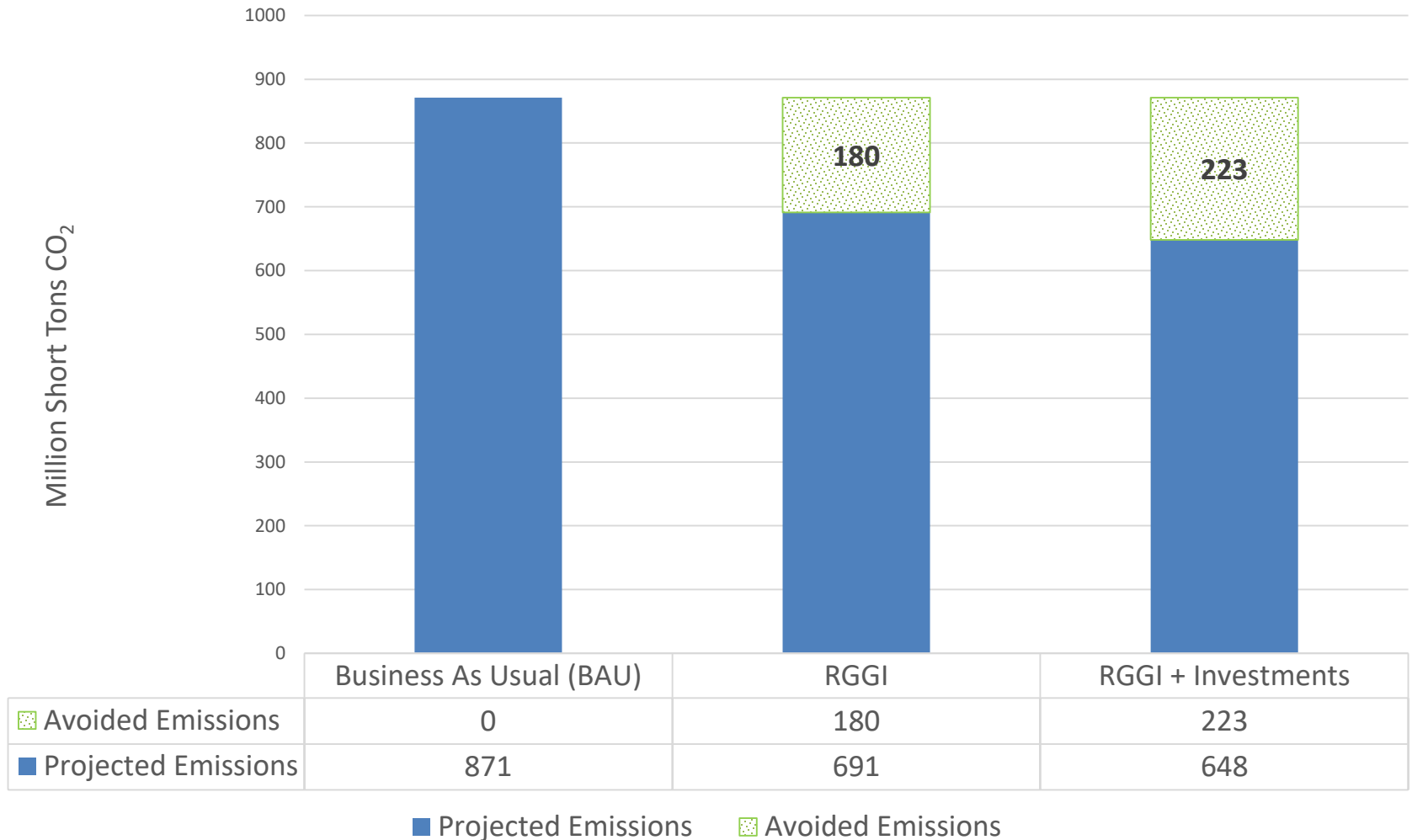


Estimated PA Annual RGGI Program Revenue (millions)									
	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030
Annual Revenue	\$320	\$318	\$315	\$311	\$274	\$240	\$207	\$193	\$179

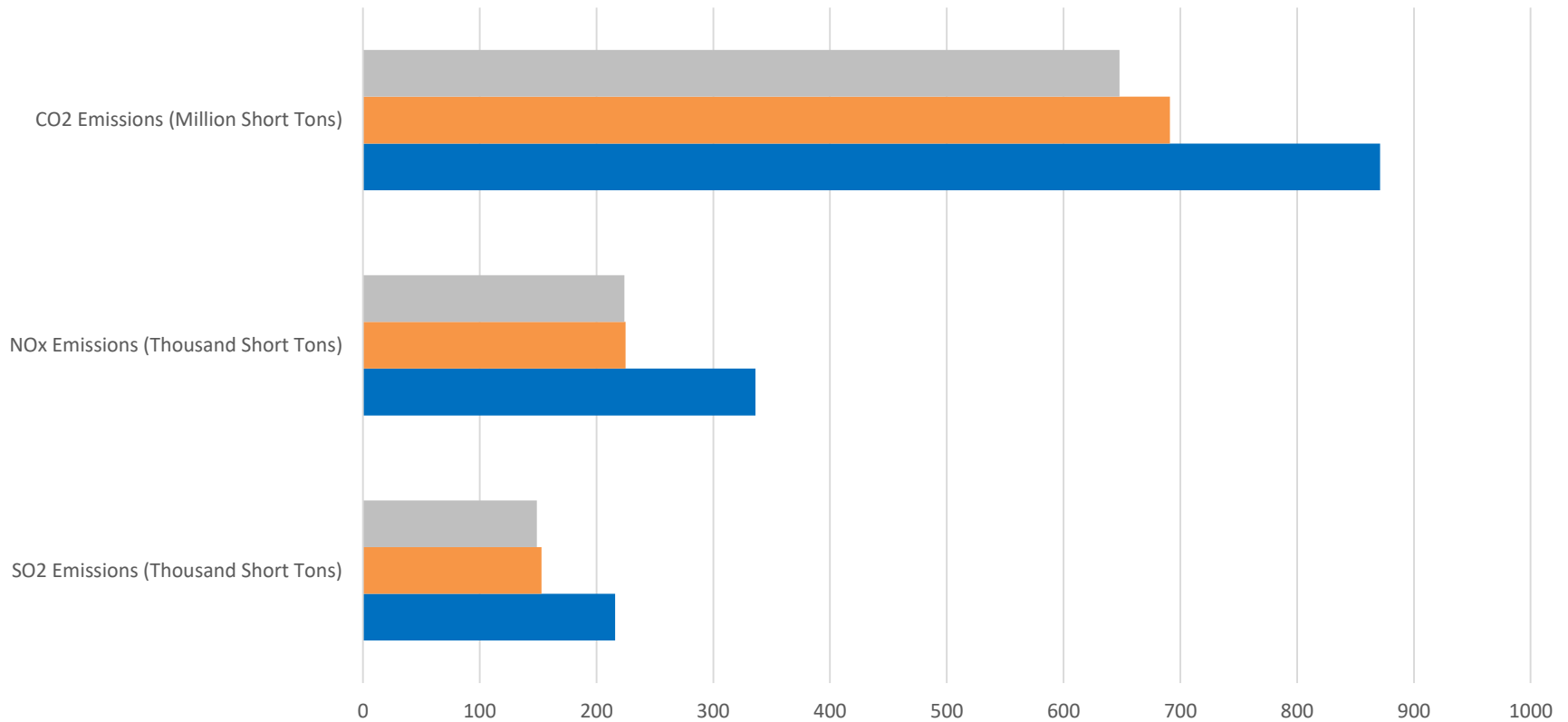
RGGI + Investment Scenario			
	Energy Efficiency	Clean and Renewable Energy	Greenhouse Gas Abatement
Revenue Percentage	31%	32%	31%

IPM Modeling Insights

PA Avoided Emissions Through 2030

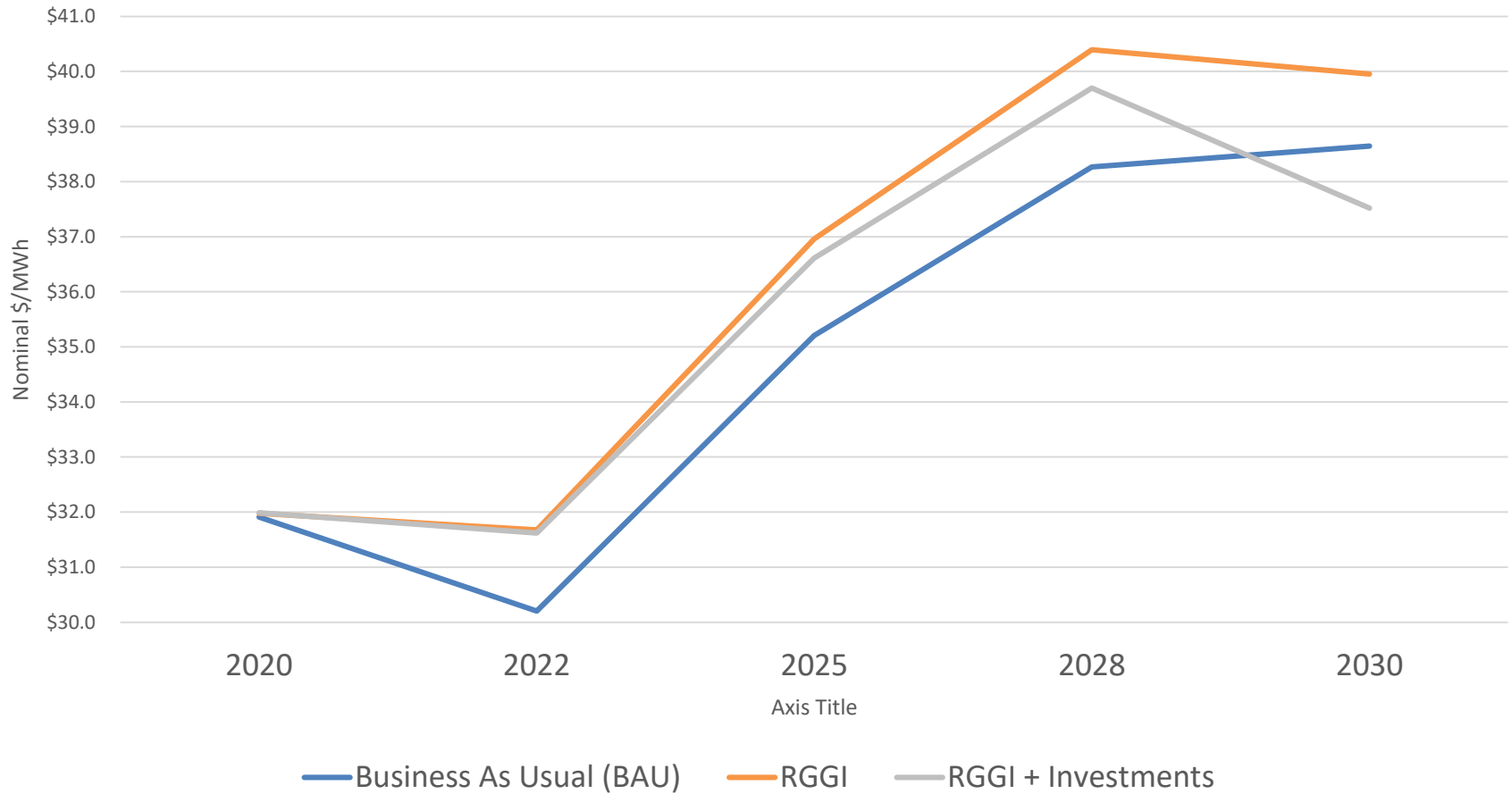


Environmental Benefits Through 2030

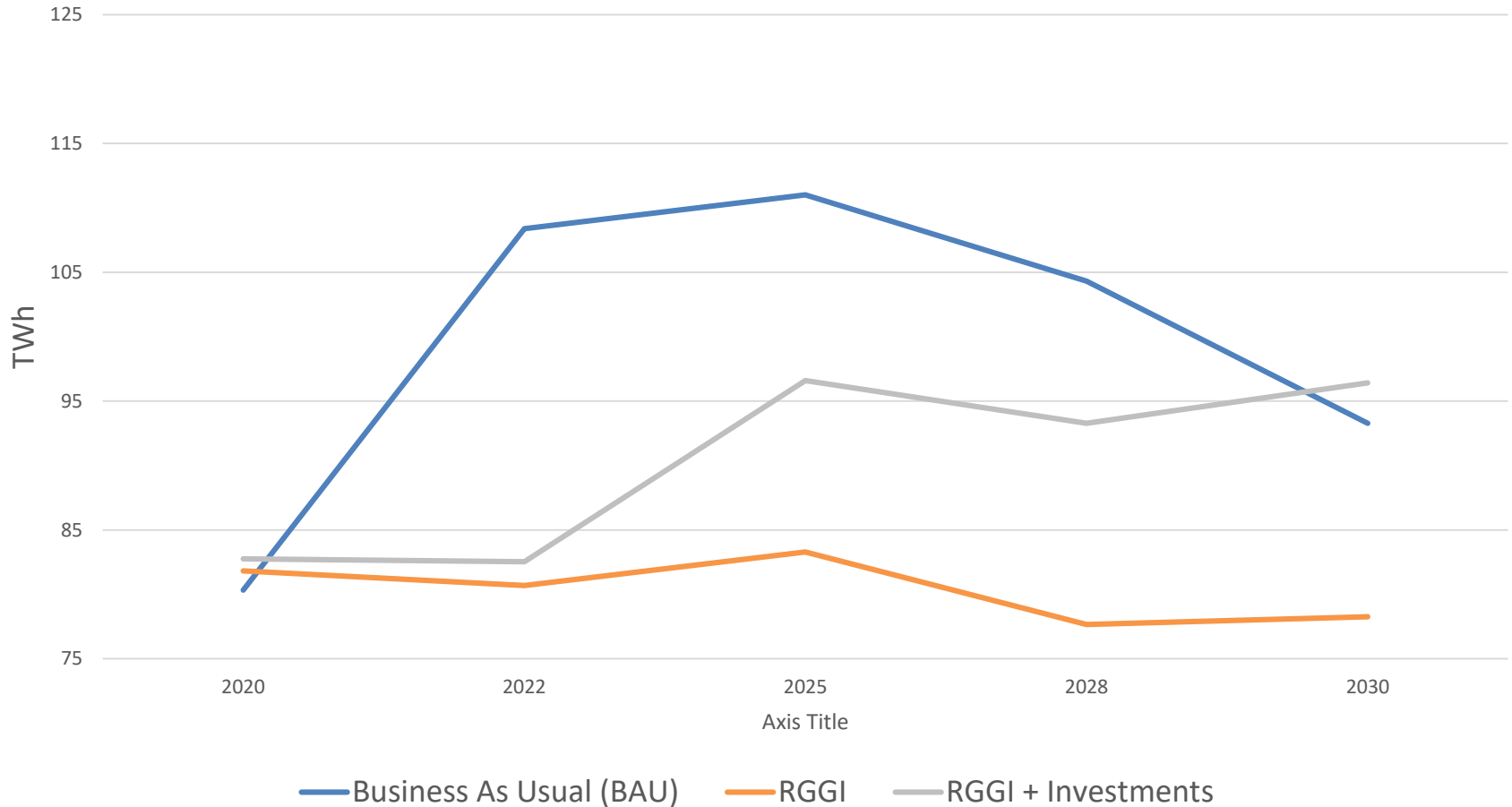


	SO2 Emissions (Thousand Short Tons)	NOx Emissions (Thousand Short Tons)	CO2 Emissions (Million Short Tons)
■ RGGI + Investments	149	224	648
■ RGGI	153	225	691
■ Business As Usual (BAU)	216	336	871

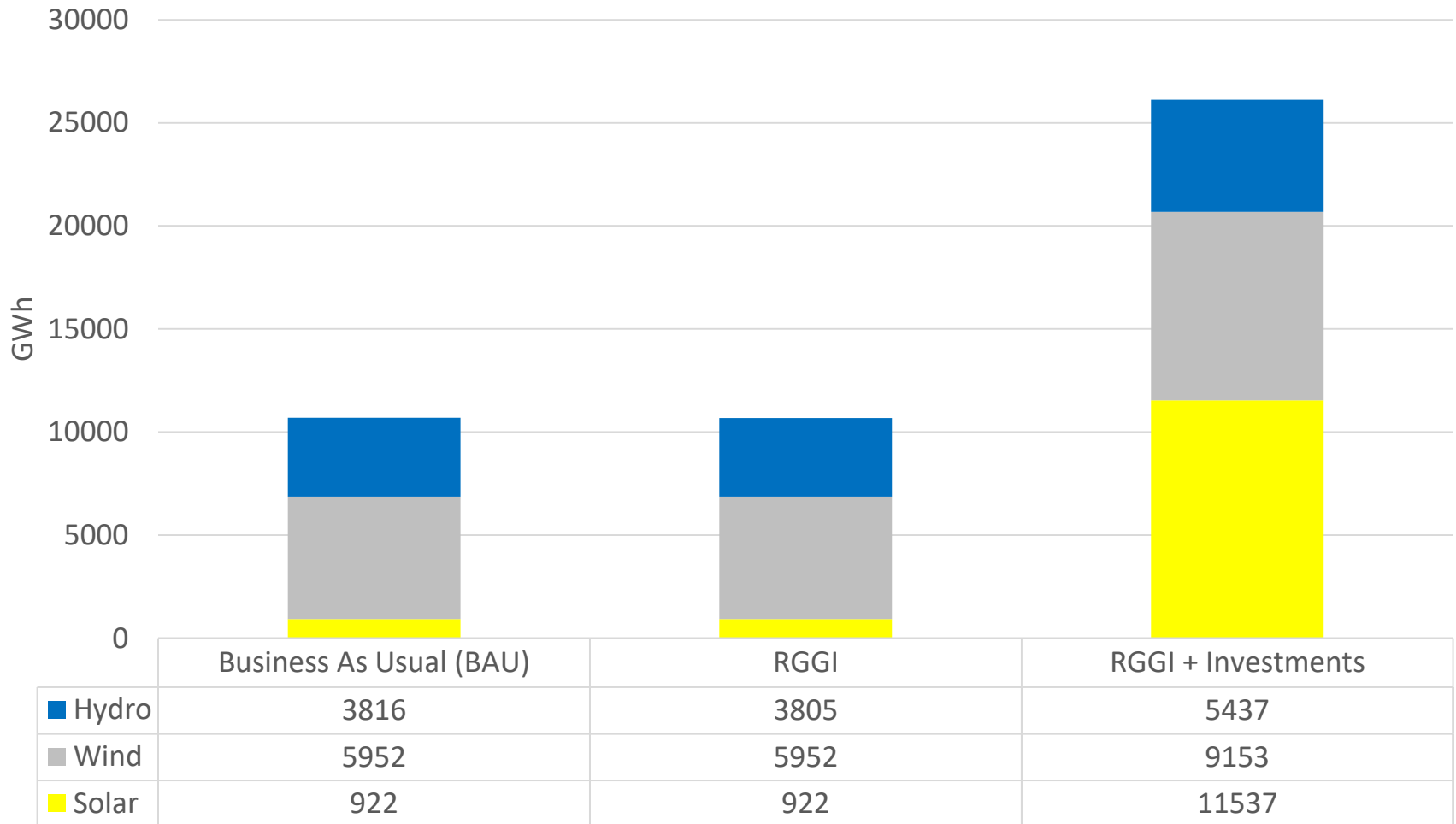
Pennsylvania Firm Power Prices



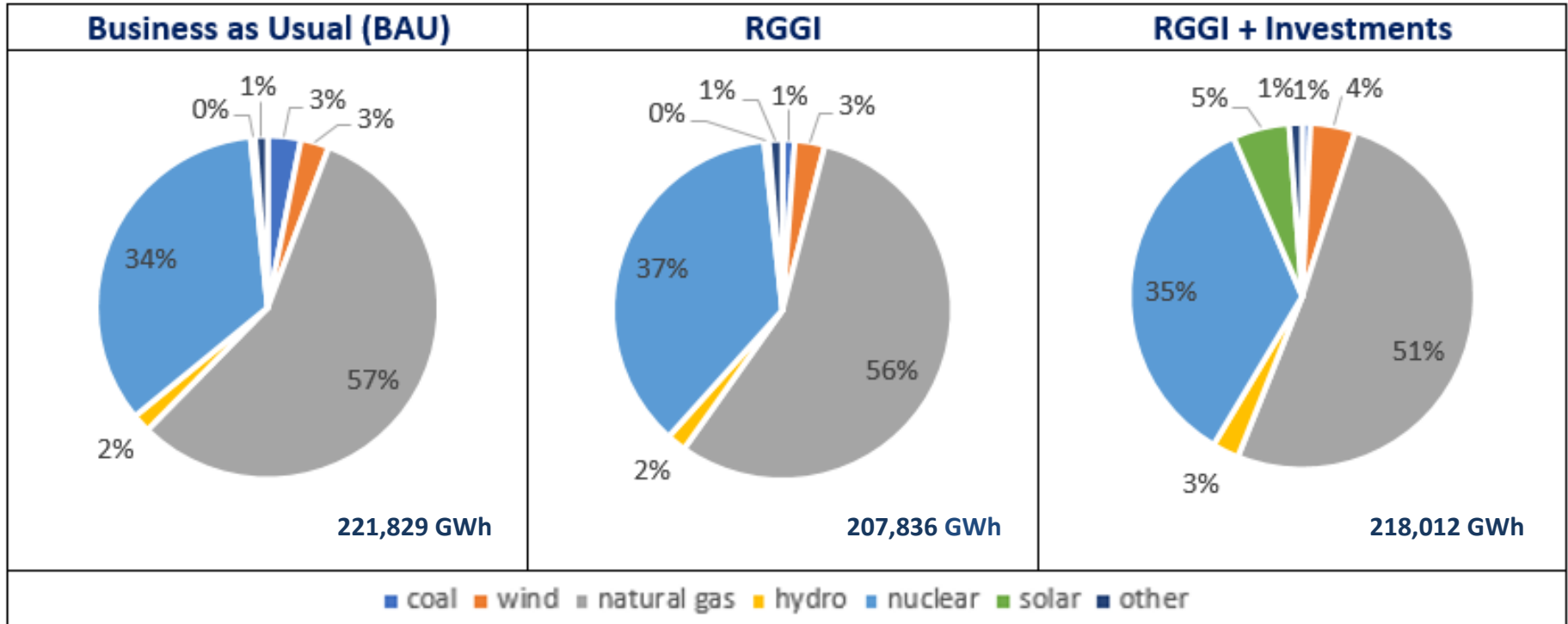
PA Electricity Exports



PA 2030 Renewable Generation

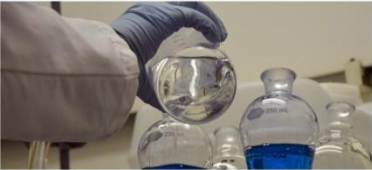


2030 PA Energy Generation



Questions & Answers





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