APPENDIX A

Table 7

DEFAULT VALUES FOR CALCULATING MEDIUM-SPECIFIC CONCENTRATIONS FOR LEAD

[Input Values Used in UBK Model for Lead]
[(for residential exposure scenario)]

[(for residential exposure scenario)]				
[Geometric Standard Deviation]	[1.42]	[Drinking water	[Model default]	
[(GSD)]	[(default)]	intake]		
[Outdoor air lead concentration]	$[0.2 \ \mu g/m^3]$			
	[(default)]	[Soil lead level]	[495 µg/g]	
[Indoor air lead concentration]	[30]	[Indoor dust lead	$[495 \mu g/g]$	
[(% of outdoor)]		level]		
[Time spent outdoors]	[Model default]	[Soil/dust ingestion	[45]	
		weighting factor]		
		[(%)]		
[Ventilation rate]	[Model default]	[Paint lead intake]	[Model default]	
[Lung absorption]	[Model default]	[Maternal	[Infant model]	
		contribution		
		method]		
[Dietary lead intake]	[Model default]	[Mother's blood	[7.5 µg/dL blood]	
		lead at birth]	[(model default)]	
[GI method/bioavailability]	[Non-linear]	[Target blood lead	[10 µg/dL blood]	
		level]	• -	
[Lead concentration in drinking	[4.00 μg/L]			

[Input Values Used in SEGH Equation]				
[(for nonresidential exposure scenario)]				
[Concentration of lead in soil (S)]	[987 µg/g]			
[Target blood lead level in adults (T)]	[20 µg/dL blood]			
[Geometric standard deviation of blood lead				
distribution (G)]	[1.4]			
[Baseline blood lead level in target population	[4 µg/dL blood]			
(B)]				
[Number of standard deviations corresponding				
to degree of protection required for the target	[1.645 (for 95% of population)]			
population (n)]				
[Slope of blood lead to soil lead relationship (δ)]	[7.5 µg/dL blood per µg/g soil]			

[(default)]

water]

[REFERENCE]

[WIXSON, B.G. (1991). The Society for Environmental Geochemistry and Health (SEGH) Task Force Approach to the Assessment of Lead in Soil. <u>Trace Substances in Environmental Health</u>. 11-20.]

Input Values Used in IEUBK Model for Lead			
(for residential exposur			
Parameter Out down Air Ph. Company to the control of the control o	<u>Value</u>		
Outdoor Air Pb Concentration (μg/m³)	Constant Value: 0.1		
Dietary Lead Intake (µg/day)	Age (Years)	Input	
	<u>0-1</u>	2.26	
	<u>1-2</u>	<u>1.96</u>	
	<u>2-3</u>	<u>2.13</u>	
	<u>3-4</u>	<u>2.04</u>	
	<u>4-5</u>	<u>1.95</u>	
	<u>5-6</u>	<u>2.05</u>	
	<u>6-7</u>	<u>2.22</u>	
Water Consumption (L/day)	Age (Years)	<u>Input</u>	
	<u>0-1</u>	<u>0.2</u>	
	<u>1-2</u>	<u>0.5</u>	
	2-3	0.52	
	3-4	0.53	
	4-5	0.55	
	5-6	0.58	
	6-7	0.59	
<u>Use Alternate Water Value?</u>	NO		
Lead concentration in drinking water (µg/L)	4		
MEDIA	ABSORPTION FRACTION		
	PERCENT		
<u>Soil</u>	30		
<u>Dust</u>	30		
Water	50		
<u>Diet</u>	50		
<u>Alternate</u>	0		
Calculate PRG			
Select Age Group for Graph	0 to 84 months		
Change Cutoff	TBD		
Change GSD	1.6		
Probability of Exceeding the Cutoff	<u>5</u>		

	Input Values Used in the Adu	ılt Lead Model (ALM	<u>()</u>	
(for non-residential exposure scenario)				
<u>Variable</u>	Description of Variable	<u>Units</u>	<u>Value</u>	
PbB _{fetal} , 0.95	Target PbB in fetus	μg/dL	TBD	
Rfetal/maternal	Fetal/maternal PbB ratio	<u></u>	0.9	
BKSF	Biokinetic Slope Factor	μg/dL per μg/day	<u>0.4</u>	
<u>GSD</u> i	Geometric standard deviation PbB	<u></u>	1.8	
PbB ₀	Baseline PbB	μg/dL	0.6	

<u>IRs</u>	Soil ingestion rate	g/day	0.050
$AF_{S,D}$	Absorption fraction	<u></u>	0.12
$\mathbf{EF}_{\mathbf{S},\mathbf{D}}$	Exposure frequency	days/yr	<u>219</u>
AT _S , D	Averaging time	days/yr	365